Section XI Financial Statements

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Section XI Financial Statements

AUDITOR'S REPORT

De Shi Bao (Shen) Zi (17) No.P02403

To the Shareholders of Baoshan Iron & Steel Co., Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Baoshan Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. (the "Company"), which comprise the Company's and consolidated balance sheets as at 31 December 2016, and the Company's and consolidated income statements, the Company's and consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity, and the Company's and consolidated cash flow statements for the year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements.

I. Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management of the Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements. This responsibility includes: (1) preparing the financial statements in accordance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises to achieve fair presentation of the financial statements; (2) designing, implementing and maintaining internal control which is necessary to enable that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

2. Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with China Standards on Auditing. China Standards on Auditing require that we comply with the Code of Ethics for Chinese Certified Public Accountants, and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, Certified Public Accountants consider the internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

3. Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of the Company present fairly, in all material respects, the Company's and consolidated financial position as of 31 December 2016, and the Company's and consolidated results of operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu CPA LLP

Chinese Certified Public Accountant: Xu Yusun Dou Chengming

Shanghai, China

27 April 2017

The auditor's report and the accompanying financial statements are English translations of the Chinese auditor's report and statutory financial statements prepared under accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the People's Republic of China. These financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in other countries and jurisdictions. Where the English version does not conform to the Chinese version, the Chinese version prevails.

Consolidated Balance Sheet AT 31 December 2016

Item	Notes	Closing Balance in 2016	Closing Balance in 2015	Opening Balance in 2015
		-	Adjusted	Adjusted
Current Assets:				
Cash and bank balances	(VI) I	10,476,743,677.34	7,816,943,116.11	12,103,757,440.88
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(VI)2	١,122,863,784.67	872,874,998.19	180,636,573.51
Notes receivable	(VI)3	10,217,286,812.49	8,192,598,702.78	9,222,110,761.77
Accounts receivable	(VI)4	10,414,655,663.00	9,158,063,277.11	10,049,072,037.10
Prepayments	(VI)5	7,800,289,356.60	4,159,608,819.61	2,923,618,311.69
Interest receivable	(VI)6	140,063,117.27	294,162,019.29	547,356,317.25
Dividends receivable	(VI)7	23,852,647.00	162,869,833.28	,298,647.00
Other receivables	(VI)8	1,748,491,320.85	1,057,234,780.61	1,080,179,452.07
Financial assets purchased under resale agreements	(VI)9	-	2,140,000,000.00	595,000,000.00
Inventories	(VI)10	35,779,209,085.93	23,515,760,734.54	26,815,100,722.39
Non-current assets due within one year	(VI)	4,825,441,243.86	4,500,000,000.00	6,358,800,000.00
Other current assets	(VI) 2	19,660,719,905.83	8,032,867,446.36	4,499,073,089.90
Total Current Assets		102,209,616,614.84	69,902,983,727.88	74,386,003,353.56
Non-current Assets:				
Loans and advances to customers	(VI) I 3	3,317,691,941.16	2,238,404,977.48	2,948,545,990.88
Available-for-sale financial assets	(VI)14	3, 20,089,003.27	10,924,024,795.65	10,447,520,041.50
Long-term receivables	(VI)15	218,565,000.00	4,579,073,208.90	9,012,068,634.0
Long-term equity investments	(VI) 6	5,309,771,518.40	5,010,366,850.50	4,963,108,955.16
Investment properties	(VI)17	364,312,763.81	373,337,165.32	450,687,455.4
Fixed assets	(VI) 8	8, 02,2 8, 35.79	91,067,560,315.55	82,897,000,178.5
Construction in progress	(VI)19	9,309,906,223.21	33,628,389,473.68	26,758,846,736.54
Materials for construction of fixed assets	(VI)20	46,050,460.52	55,433,580.47	173,012,390.36
Intangible assets	(VI)21	,648,345,527.36	9,251,464,486.88	9,136,786,103.95
Long-term prepaid expenses	(VI)22	1,131,291,683.83	1,057,177,388.37	1,099,681,062.52
Deferred tax assets	(VI)23	1,374,693,480.15	1,520,955,982.61	1,826,404,465.2
Other non-current assets	(VI)24	1,830,162,168.20	4,513,975,000.00	4,552,848,644.62
Total Non-current Assets		165,773,097,905.70	64,220, 63,225.4	154,266,510,658.80
TOTAL ASSETS		267,982,714,520.54	234,123,146,953.29	228,652,514,012.36

Consolidated Balance Sheet - continued AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

	N		Closing Balance in 2015	Opening Balance in 201
tem	Notes	Closing Balance in 2016	Adjusted	Adjuste
Current Liabilities:				
Short-term borrowings	(VI)25	27,753,834,453.31	27,111,031,934.70	31,480,011,723.6
Loans from the central bank		-	130,730,819.70	
Customer deposits and deposits from banks and other financial institutions	(VI)26	9,315,966,149.03	10,009,980,135.82	7,972,063,672.9
Taking from banks and other financial institutions	(VI)27	-	198,000,000.00	
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		35,161,856.12	3,608,651.05	
Notes payable	(VI)28	7,767,973,320.89	4,433,892,369.95	5,416,879,164.8
Accounts payable	(VI)29	26,210,638,849.60	21,385,905,275.51	19,910,369,631.4
Receipts in advance	(VI)30	21,745,253,002.56	12,467,881,559.99	,522,938,150.2
Financial assets sold under repurchase agreements		152,321,609.86	-	169,528,930.4
Employee benefits payable	(VI)3 I	1,794,427,413.78	1,671,753,461.42	1,743,340,738.0
Taxes payable	(VI)32	3,728,633,233.57	1,698,315,074.97	2,162,028,290.8
Interest payable	(VI)33	347,033,483.79	199,607,814.92	281,301,392.2
Dividends payable	(VI)34	28,332,080.09	625,765.44	2, 84,096.8
Other payables	(VI)35	2,801,551,728.17	2,283,044,126.16	1,141,614,196.4
Non-current liabilities due within one year	(VI)36	154,697,246.02	208,114,896.18	7,442,007,303.
Other current liabilities	(VI)37	18,053,794,455.29	10,057,344,262.30	
Total Current Liabilities		119,889,618,882.08	91,859,836,148.11	89,254,267,290.9
Non-current Liabilities:				
Long-term borrowings	(VI)38	296,464,080.86	9,111,026,384.68	9,936,435,216.9
Bonds payable	(VI)39	14,076,920,848.12	8,747,373,959.29	3,024,076,037.3
Long-term payables	(VI)40	49,879,268.00	82,585,917.00	89,287,152.0
Long-term employee benefit payable	(VI)4 I	222,216,606.05	328,307,328.96	162,061,249.0
Special payables	(VI)42	261,860,000.00	292,916,697.81	287,916,697.8
Deferred income	(VI)22	1,108,741,804.19	1,092,839,458.77	I,268,675,356.4
Deferred tax liabilities	(VI)43	655,512,411.47	454,701,623.19	423,066,461.3
Other non-current liabilities	(VI)44	315,720.00	7,134,514.14	1,902,403.6
Total Non-current Liabilities		16,671,910,738.69	20,116,885,883.84	15,193,420,574.6
TOTAL LIABILITIES		136,561,529,620.77	111,976,722,031.95	104,447,687,865.6
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:				
Share capital	(VI)45	16,450,393,624.00	16,467,517,524.00	16,471,026,024.0
Capital reserve	(VI)46	33,769,068,132.18	33,739,882,090.62	33,253,945,989.7
Less: Treasury shares	(VI)47	49,879,268.00	82,585,917.00	89,287,152.0
Other comprehensive income	(VI)48	(60,089,825.59)	(997,587,960.09)	(1,004,817,797.3
Special reserve	(VI)49	25,654,384.62	10,915,599.63	10,040,556.7
Surplus reserve	(VI)50	27,894,484,385.08	26,516,654,926.34	25,851,173,391.4
Retained earnings	(VI)5 I	43,236,393,452.96	37,148,447,581.69	39,765,842,085.6
Total shareholders' equity attributable to owners of the Company		121,266,024,885.25	112,803,243,845.19	4,257,923,098.3
Minority interests		10,155,160,014.52	9,343,181,076.15	9,946,903,048.4
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		131,421,184,899.77	122,146,424,921.34	124,204,826,146.7
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		267,982,714,520.54	234,123,146,953.29	228,652,514,012.

The accompanying notes form part of the financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 67 to 168 were signed by the following:

Legal Representative: Dai Zhihao

Person in Charge of the Accounting Body: Wu Kunzong

Chief Accountant: Wang Juan

Balance Sheet of the Company AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

			RME
Item	Notes	Closing Balance	Opening Balance
Current asset:			
Cash and bank balances		3,761,841,278.83	2,609,809,152.05
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		111,528,367.77	
Notes receivable		10,341,730,083.20	9,485,523,681.41
Accounts receivable	(XVI) I	20,617,169,797.24	14,528,789,667.02
Prepayments		1,531,948,904.01	1,253,626,615.28
Interest receivable		213,628,945.02	373,908,851.48
Other receivables	(XVI)2	340,757,761.05	249,886,362.58
Inventories		14,142,651,284.18	10,004,843,968.85
Non-current assets due within one year		4,500,000,000.00	4,500,000,000.00
Other current assets		33,645,877,265.96	12,923,012,337.05
Total Current Assets		89,207,133,687.26	55,929,400,635.72
Non-current Assets:			
Available-for-sale financial assets		8,844,897,096.20	8,844,897,096.20
Long-term receivables		2,208,708,380.96	6,645,532,930.56
Long-term equity investments	(XVI)3	46,689,645,811.87	46,254,613,054.24
Fixed assets		46,576,088,776.26	49,147,433,841.75
Construction in progress		3,013,269,894.17	2,841,837,566.36
Materials for construction of fixed assets		19,373,852.82	29,585,906.85
Intangible assets		3,625,448,341.08	3,707,611,299.90
Long-term prepaid expenses		47,056,557.98	73,013,638.42
Deferred tax assets		489,718,868.66	851,482,708.40
Other non-current assets		125,118,672.15	396,867,364.20
Total Non-current Assets		111,639,326,252.15	8,792,875,406.88
TOTAL ASSETS		200,846,459,939.41	174,722,276,042.60

Balance Sheet of the Company - continued AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

Item	Notes	Closing Balance	Opening Balance
Current Liabilities:			
Short-term borrowings		20,400,629,890.54	19,223,563,658.59
Notes payable		3,767,731,007.95	I,520,322,564.34
Accounts payable		16,847,203,968.42	16,361,219,616.35
Receipts in advance		12,988,920,288.71	10,723,769,050.31
Employee benefits payable		1,194,628,714.45	1,102,916,994.13
Taxes payable		2,975,857,730.40	2,040,209,581.28
Interest payable		175,076,419.87	52,052,454.92
Other payables		446,847,349.07	484,621,748.19
Non-current liabilities due within one year		-	127,713,600.00
Other current liabilities		18,052,896,712.32	10,057,344,262.30
Total Current Liabilities		76,849,792,081.73	61,693,733,530.41
Non-current Liabilities:			
Bonds payable		7,000,000,000.00	2,000,000,000.00
Long-term employee benefit payable		145,728,919.50	219,451,130.56
Long-term payables		49,879,268.00	82,585,917.00
Special payables		242,580,000.00	239,350,000.00
Deferred income		375,007,686.29	376,156,642.05
Deferred tax liabilities		566,984,366.40	442,584,276.06
Total Non-current Liabilities		8,380,180,240.19	3,360,127,965.67
TOTAL LIABILITIES		85,229,972,321.92	65,053,861,496.08
Shareholders' Equity:			
Share capital		16,450,393,624.00	16,467,517,524.00
Capital reserve		32,912,011,944.13	32,919,701,968.51
Less: Treasury shares		49,879,268.00	82,585,917.00
Other comprehensive income		(26,995,259.25)	(66,043,945.35)
Surplus reserve		27,894,484,385.08	26,516,654,926.34
Retained earnings		38,436,472,191.53	33,913,169,990.02
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		115,616,487,617.49	109,668,414,546.52
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		200,846,459,939.41	174,722,276,042.60

Consolidated Income Statement

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Item	Notes	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year (adjusted)
I. Total operating income		185,710,288,249.25	164,117,135,498.74
Including: Operating income	(VI)52	185,458,649,583.21	163,789,548,495.24
Interest income		239,077,590.76	321,567,791.79
Fee and commission income		12,561,075.28	6,019,211.71
Less: Total operating costs		175,594,920,676.19	163,310,549,025.16
Including: Operating costs	(VI)2	161,851,374,147.20	149,258,356,248.98
Interest expenses		195,523,701.70	266,246,632.79
Fee and commission expenses		2,260,371.02	1,072,784.0
Business taxes and levies	(VI)53	523,499,119.90	466,201,435.3
Selling expenses	(VI)54	2,267,625,076.68	2,152,762,665.5
Administrative expenses	(VI)55	7,587,981,707.85	7,286,612,345.9
Financial expenses	(VI)56	2,185,972,165.16	2,392,567,246.13
Impairment losses of assets	(VI)57	980,684,386.68	1,486,729,666.32
Add: Gains from changes in fair values	(VI)58	102,811,869.70	5,657,956.88
Investment income	(VI)59	1,377,077,070.87	1,038,207,499.20
Including: Income from investments in associates and joint ventures		331,802,668.35	78,022,511.6
II. Operating profit		11,595,256,513.63	1,850,451,929.72
Add: Non-operating income	(VI)60	439,095,059.36	668,228,033.0
Including: Income from disposal of non-current assets		32,621,479.20	94,590,167.8
Less: Non-operating expenses	(VI)61	514,523,430.53	664,549,233.5
Including: Losses from disposal of non-current assets		471,537,530.23	638,690,137.2
III. Total profit		,5 9,828, 42.46	1,854,130,729.1
Less: Income tax expenses	(VI)62	2,314,529,704.79	1,140,060,553.8
IV. Net profit	()-	9,205,298,437.67	714,070,175.3
Net profit attributable to owners of the Company		8,965,514,090.86	1,012,871,715.2
Profit or loss attributable to minority interests		239,784,346.81	(298,801,539.89
V. Other comprehensive income, net of income tax	(VI)63	440,385,968.18	1,377,822.9
attributes to owners of the company	(1)05	425,775,007.09	7,229.837.2
(I)Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			7,227,037.2
(II)items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		425,775,007.09	7,229,837.2
Amounts of other comprehensive income attributes to investees that are to be reclassified into profit or loss under equity method		43,303,908.41	39,724,170.18
 Gains/losses from changes in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets 		97,364,017.52	(111,809,711.00
 Translation differences arising on translation of financial statements denominated in foreign currencies 		285,107,081.16	79,315,378.1
4. Others		-	
Attributes to non-controlling interest		14,610,961.09	(5,852,014.3
VI. Total comprehensive income		9,645,684,405.85	715,447,998.2
Attributes to owners of the company		9,391,289,097.95	1,020,101,552.4
Attributes to minority interest		254,395,307.90	(304,653,554.20
VII. Earnings per share			
(I)Basic earnings per share (RMB/share)	(VI)68	0.55	0.0
(II)Diluted earnings per share (RMB/share)	(VI)68	0.55	0.0

Income Statement of The Company FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

Item	Notes	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year
I. Operating income	(XVI)4	91,013,297,599.22	86,533,212,543.05
Less: Operating costs	(XVI)4	75,411,520,821.03	77,716,889,887.37
Business taxes and levies		306,262,755.52	215,748,640.20
Selling expenses		641,763,402.33	698,038,665.28
Administrative expenses		4,104,056,676.94	4,423,445,078.79
Financial expenses		1,074,828,104.27	1,389,636,028.14
Impairment losses of assets		2,766,717,219.90	571,907,628.07
Add: Gains from changes in fair values		,528,367.77	(6,102,202.15)
Investment income	(XVI)5	١,893,866,622.6١	1,845,919,406.94
Including: Income from investments in associates and joint ventures		135,745,516.93	45,192,289.46
II. Operating profit		8,713,543,609.61	3,357,363,819.99
Add: Non-operating income		147,342,490.70	394,781,543.35
Including: Income from disposal of non-current assets		2,971,820.03	69,892,717.07
Less: Non-operating expenses		333,892,424.60	489,776,828.42
Including: Losses from disposal of non-current assets		322,012,522.28	478,233,078.36
III. Total profit		8,526,993,675.71	3,262,368,534.92
Less: Income tax expenses		1,637,846,382.02	(65,039,139.50)
IV. Net profit		6,889,147,293.69	3,327,407,674.42
V. Other comprehensive income, net of income tax		39,048,686.10	36,542,102.90
(I) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		-	-
(II) items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		39,048,686.10	36,542,102.90
 Amounts of other comprehensive income attributes to investees that are to be reclassified into profit or loss under equity method 		39,048,686.10	36,542,102.90
 Gains or losses from change in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets 		-	-
3. Gain or loss of held-to-maturity investment reclassified to available- for-sale financial assets		-	-
4. Effective portion of gains or losses of cash flow hedge		-	-
 Translation differences arising on translation of financial statements denominated in foreign currencies 		-	-
VI. Total comprehensive income		6,928,195,979.79	3,363,949,777.32

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

tem	Notes	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior yea
. Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash receipts from the sale of goods and the rendering of services		220,200,831,215.58	192,145,993,503.6
Net increase in customer deposits and deposits from banks and other financial institutions		-	2,039,322,506.3
Net decrease in loans and advances to customers		-	671,868,969.8
Net increase in loans from the central bank		-	130,730,819.7
Net increase in taking from banks and other financial institutions		-	198,000,000.0
Net decrease in balance with the central bank and due from banks and other financial institutions		-	705,458,139.5
Cash receipts from interest, fees and commissions		257,688,171.72	327,907,914.
Net increase in financial assets sold under repurchase agreements		152,321,609.86	
Receipts of tax refunds		222,310,207.18	201,587,516.4
Other cash receipts relating to operating activities	(VI)64(1)	2,112,150,868.78	١,545,990,823.4
Sub-total of cash inflows from operating activities		222,945,302,073.12	197,966,860,194.0
Cash payments for goods purchased and services received		184,425,090,394.53	158,725,828,879.0
Net decrease in customer deposits and deposits from banks and other financial institutions		696,741,565.27	
Net increase in loans and advances to customers		969,387,874.64	
Net decrease in loans from the central bank		130,730,819.70	
Net decrease in taking from banks and other financial institutions		198,000,000.00	
Net increase in balance with the central bank and due from banks and other financial institutions		155,125,708.89	
Cash payments for interest, fees and commissions		158,257,787.26	394,971,867.
Net decrease in financial assets sold under repurchase agreements		-	169,528,930.·
Cash payments to and on behalf of employees		9,572,601,874.07	9,168,729,415.
Payments of various types of taxes		6,723,695,118.30	5,926,878,875.
Other cash payments relating to operating activities	(VI)64(2)	3,543,130,603.75	2,404,125,782.
Sub-total of cash outflows from operating activities		206,572,761,746.41	176,790,063,749.
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	(VI)65(1)	16,372,540,326.71	21,176,796,444.
 Cash Flows from Investing Activities: 			
Cash receipts from disposals and recovery of investments		65,245,827,070.91	27,713,469,185.
Cash receipts from investment income		1,150,701,953.18	863,887,323.
Net cash receipts from disposals of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets		49,666,357.18	44,952,702.5
Net cash receipts from disposals of subsidiaries and other business units		3,290,962.12	(7,641,688.3
Other cash receipts relating to investing activities	(VI)64(3)	4,951,413,721.98	5,311,726,571.
Sub-total of cash inflows from investing activities		71,400,900,065.37	33,926,394,095.
Cash payments to acquire and construct fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets		11,540,300,859.85	23,978,623,342.
Cash payments to acquire investments		77,426,439,182.98	30,971,835,198.
Net cash payments for acquisitions of subsidiaries and other business units		15,737,300.00	3,652,765.
Other cash payments relating to investing activities	(VI)64(4)	183,405,304.46	648,413,258.
Sub-total of cash outflows from investing activities		89,165,882,647.29	55,602,524,564.9
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities		(17,764,982,581.92)	(21,676,130,469.40

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement - continued

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

tem	Notes	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior yea
I. Cash Flows from Financing Activities:			
Cash receipts from capital contributions		720,273,874.00	2,013,475,646.4
Including: cash receipts from capital contributions from minority owners of subsidiaries		720,273,874.00	2,013,475,646.4
Cash receipts from borrowings		83,697,562,353.95	83,566,582,548.0
Cash receipts from issue of bonds	(VI)37(2) / (VI)39(2)	33,000,000,000.00	۱5,653,821,828.5
Sub-total of cash inflows from financing activities		117,417,836,227.95	101,233,880,023.0
Cash repayments of borrowings		112,110,514,377.54	95,892,429,914.6
Cash payments for distribution of dividends or profits or settlement of interest expenses		3,690,783,427.25	4,960,521,211.7
Including: payments for distribution of dividends or profits to minority owner of subsidiaries		160,557,397.19	548,817,572.9
Other cash payments relating to financing activities	(VI)64(5)	36,434,088.00	I ,500,000,000.0
Sub-total of cash outflow from financing activities		115,837,731,892.79	102,352,951,126.3
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities		1,580,104,335.16	(1,119,071,103.3
V. Effect of Foreign Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents		176,961,337.99	(563,996,162.2
/. Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		364,623,417.94	(2,182,401,290.9
Add: Opening balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents	(VI)65(2)	9,108,888,292.15	,29 ,289,583.0
/I. Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents	(VI)65(2)	9,473,511,710.09	9,108,888,292.

Cash Flow Statement of the Company FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

em	Notes	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior yea
. Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash receipts from the sale of goods and the rendering of services		100,511,565,160.85	97,022,880,555.4
Receipts of tax refunds		76,901,697.11	98,804,284.6
Other cash receipts relating to operating activities		373,351,514.37	269,980,649.3
Sub-total of cash inflows from operating activities		100,961,818,372.33	97,391,665,489.4
Cash payments for goods purchased and services received		81,032,776,853.14	88,208,989,303.0
Cash payments to and on behalf of employees		5,518,653,306.81	5,331,320,521.3
Payments of various types of taxes		3,800,575,471.23	3,004,042,789.8
Other cash payments relating to operating activities		303,727,082.93	530,353,777.
Sub-total of cash outflows from operating activities		90,655,732,714.11	97,074,706,391.3
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	(XVI)7	10,306,085,658.22	316,959,098.0
. Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Cash receipts from disposals and recovery of investment		33,083,000,001.00	14,625,500,000.0
Cash receipts from investment income		1,875,046,709.74	١,805,395,922.
Net cash receipts from disposals of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets		215,404,467.79	19,082,867.0
Other cash receipts relating to investing activities		5,015,777,743.57	5,365,925,178.
Sub-total of cash inflows from investing activities		40,189,228,922.10	21,815,903,968.
Cash payments to acquire or construct fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets		5,223,215,899.34	5,750,918,316.
Cash payments to acquire investments		42,526,553,024.00	14,535,880,013.
Other cash payments relating to investing activities		, 20,304.46	640,103,271.
Sub-total of cash outflows from investing activities		47,860,889,227.80	20,926,901,601.
Net Cash Flows from Investing Activities		(7,671,660,305.70)	889,002,366.
I. Cash Flows from Financing Activities:			
Cash receipts from borrowings		73,964,861,298.24	62,794,823,173.
Cash receipts from issue of bonds		33,000,000,000.00	12,000,000,000.0
Sub-total of cash inflows from financing activities		106,964,861,298.24	74,794,823,173.
Cash repayments of borrowings		92,990,458,010.50	62,260,435,685.
Cash payments for distribution of dividends or profits or settlement of interest expenses		2,473,934,749.63	3,547,068,256.
Other cash payments relating to financing activities		12,966,979,153.30	13,374,900,355.
Sub-total of cash outflow from financing activities		108,431,371,913.43	79,182,404,297.
Net Cash Flows from Financing Activities		(1,466,510,615.19)	(4,387,581,124.8
V. Effect of Foreign Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents		(15,882,610.55)	(491,701,003.0
 Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 		1,152,032,126.78	(3,673,320,662.9
Add: Opening balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,609,809,152.05	6,283,129,815.0

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

		Amount for the same	period of last year		
	A [,]	ttributable to sharehold	ders of the Company		
Item -	Share capital	Capital reserve	Less: Treasury shares	Other comprehensive income	
I. Balance at 31 December 2015	16,467,517,524.00	33,739,882,090.62	82,585,917.00	(997,587,960.09)	
Add: retrospective adjustment	-	-	-	511,723,127.41	
II. Balance at 1 January 2016	16,467,517,524.00	33,739,882,090.62	82,585,917.00	(485,864,832.68)	
III. Changes for the year	(17,123,900.00)	29,186,041.56	(32,706,649.00)	425,775,007.09	
(I) Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	425,775,007.09	
(II) Shareholder's contributions and reduction in capital	(17,123,900.00)	(1,421,300.28)	(32,706,649.00)	-	
1. Capital contribution (reduction) from shareholders	(17,123,900.00)	(12,187,333.55)	-	-	
2. Purchase of shares from minority interests	-	-	-	-	
3. Share-based payments recognized in shareholder's equity	-	9,485,805.45	-	-	
4.Others	-	1,280,227.82	(32,706,649.00)	-	
(III) Profit distribution	-	-	-	-	
1. Transfer to surplus reserve	-	-	-	-	
2. Distribution to shareholders of the company	-	-	-	-	
(IV) Transfers within shareholders ' equity	-	-	-	-	
1. Others	-	-	-	-	
(V) Special reserve	-	-	-	-	
1. Transfer to special reserve in the year	-	-	-	-	
2. Amount utilized in the year	-	-	-	-	
(VI) Others	-	30,607,341.84	-	-	
IV. Balance at 31 December 2016	16,450,393,624.00	33,769,068,132.18	49,879,268.00	(60,089,825.59)	

		Amount for the same	period of last year	
have a	At	tributable to sharehold	lers of the Company	
Item	Share capital	Capital reserve	Less: Treasury shares	Other comprehensive income
I. Balance at 31 December 2014	16,471,026,024.00	33,253,945,989.75	89,287,152.00	(1,004,817,797.37)
Add: retrospective adjustment	-	-	-	443,256,546.28
II. Balance at 1 January 2015	16,471,026,024.00	33,253,945,989.75	89,287,152.00	(561,561,251.09)
III. Changes for the year	(3,508,500.00)	485,936,100.87	(6,701,235.00)	75,696,418.41
(I)Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	75,696,418.41
(II) Shareholders' contributions and reduction in capital	(3,508,500.00)	484,519,058.09	(6,701,235.00)	-
1. Capital contribution (reduction) from shareholders	(3,508,500.00)	496,407,144.48	-	-
2. Purchase of shares from minority interests	-	(16,323,813.81)	-	-
3.Share-based payments recognized in shareholder's equity	-	4,435,727.42	-	-
4.Others	-	-	(6,701,235.00)	-
(III) Profit distribution	-	-	-	-
1. Transfer to surplus reserve	-	-	-	-
2. Distribution to shareholders of the Company	-	-	-	-
(IV) Transfers within shareholders' equity	-	-	-	-
1. Others	-	-	-	-
(V) Special reserve	-	-	-	-
1. Transfer to special reserve in the year	-	-	-	-
2. Amount utilized in the year	-	-	-	-
(VI) Others	-	1,417,042.78	-	-
IV. Balance as at 31 December 2015	16,467,517,524.00	33,739,882,090.62	82,585,917.00	(485,864,832.68)

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		ast year	for the same period of I	Amount		
			e Company	hareholders of the	Attributable to s	
Total shareholders equity	Minority interest	Subtotal	Retained earnings	General risk reserve	Surplus reserves	Special reserves
122,146,424,921.34	9,343,181,076.15	112,803,243,845.19	37,148,447,581.69	-	26,516,654,926.34	10,915,599.63
-	-	-	(511,723,127.41)	-	-	-
122,146,424,921.34	9,343,181,076.15	112,803,243,845.19	36,636,724,454.28	-	26,516,654,926.34	10,915,599.63
9,274,759,978.43	811,978,938.37	8,462,781,040.06	6,599,668,998.68	-	1,377,829,458.74	14,738,784.99
9,645,684,405.85	254,395,307.90	9,391,289,097.95	8,965,514,090.86	-	-	-
725,155,322.72	710,993,874.00	14,161,448.72	-	-	-	-
690,962,640.45	720,273,874.00	(29,311,233.55)	-	-	-	-
(9,280,000.00)	(9,280,000.00)	-	-	-	-	-
9,485,805.45	-	9,485,805.45	-	-	-	-
33,986,876.82	-	33,986,876.82	-	-	-	-
(1,148,573,030.63)	(160,557,397.19)	(988,015,633.44)	(2,365,845,092.18)	-	1,377,829,458.74	-
-	-	-	(1,377,829,458.74)	-	1,377,829,458.74	-
(1,148,573,030.63)	(160,557,397.19)	(988,015,633.44)	(988,015,633.44)	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21,885,938.65	7,147,153.66	14,738,784.99	-	-	-	14,738,784.99
399,395,453.20	10,821,812.23	388,573,640.97	-	-	-	388,573,640.97
377,509,514.55	3,674,658.57	373,834,855.98	-	-	-	373,834,855.98
30,607,341.84	-	30,607,341.84	-	-	-	
3 ,42 , 84,899.77	10,155,160,014.52	121,266,024,885.25	43,236,393,452.96	-	27,894,484,385.08	25,654,384.62

Amount for the same period of last year

Attributable to shareholders of the Company						
Special reserves	Surplus reserves	General risk reserve	Retained earnings	Subtotal	Minority interest	Total shareholders' equity
10,040,556.78	25,851,173,391.46	-	39,765,842,085.69	4,257,923,098.3	9,946,903,048.40	124,204,826,146.71
-	-	-	(443,256,546.28)	-	-	-
10,040,556.78	25,851,173,391.46	-	39,322,585,539.41	4,257,923,098.3	9,946,903,048.40	124,204,826,146.71
875,042.85	665,481,534.88	-	(2,685,861,085.13)	(1,454,679,253.12)	(603,721,972.25)	(2,058,401,225.37)
-	-	-	944,405,134.07	1,020,101,552.48	(304,653,554.20)	715,447,998.28
-	-	-	-	487,711,793.09	249,859,125.98	737,570,919.07
-	-	-	-	492,898,644.48	2,237,789,781.37	2,730,688,425.85
-	-	-	-	(16,323,813.81)	(1,516,674,104.00)	(1,532,997,917.81)
-	-	-	-	4,435,727.42	-	4,435,727.42
-	-	-	-	6,701,235.00	(471,256,551.39)	(464,555,316.39)
-	665,481,534.88	-	(3,630,266,219.20)	(2,964,784,684.32)	(548,817,572.92)	(3,513,602,257.24)
-	665,481,534.88	-	(665,481,534.88)	-	-	-
-	-	-	(2,964,784,684.32)	(2,964,784,684.32)	(548,817,572.92)	(3,513,602,257.24)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
875,042.85	-	-	-	875,042.85	(109,971.11)	765,071.74
479,597,276.10	-	-	-	479,597,276.10	7,121.35	479,604,397.45
478,722,233.25	-	-	-	478,722,233.25	117,092.46	478,839,325.71
-	-	-	-	1,417,042.78	-	1,417,042.78
10,915,599.63	26,516,654,926.34	-	36,636,724,454.28	112,803,243,845.19	9,343,181,076.15	122,146,424,921.34

Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity of the Company FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 December 2016

	Amount for the current year					
tem	Share capital	Capital reserve	Less: Treasury shares	Other comprehensive income		
Balance at 1 January 2016	16,467,517,524.00	32,919,701,968.51	82,585,917.00	(66,043,945.35)		
I. Changes for the year	(17,123,900.00)	(7,690,024.38)	(32,706,649.00)	39,048,686.10		
(I) Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	39,048,686.10		
(II) Shareholders' contributions and reduction in capital	(17,123,900.00)	(6,190,024.38)	(32,706,649.00)	-		
1. Capital contribution and reduction from shareholders	(17,123,900.00)	(15,582,749.00)	-	-		
2. Share-based payments recognized in shareholder's equity	-	9,485,805.45	-	-		
3.Others	-	(93,080.83)	(32,706,649.00)	-		
(III) Profit distribution	-	-	-	-		
1. Transfer to surplus reserve	-	-	-	-		
2. Distribution to shareholders of the company	-	-	-	-		
(IV) Transfers within shareholders' equity	-	-	-	-		
1. Others	-	-	-	-		
(V) Special reserve	-	-	-	-		
1. Transfer to special reserve in the year	-	-	-	-		
2. Amount utilized in the year	-	-	-	-		
(VI) Others	-	(1,500,000.00)	-	-		
II. Balance as at 31 December 2016	16,450,393,624.00	32,912,011,944.13	49,879,268.00	(26,995,259.25)		

		Amount for the same	period of last year		
Item	Share capital	Capital reserve	Less: Treasury shares	Other comprehensive income	
I. Balance at 1 January 2015	16,471,026,024.00	32,759,853,588.96	89,287,152.00	(102,586,048.25)	
II. Changes for the year	(3,508,500.00)	159,848,379.55	(6,701,235.00)	36,542,102.90	
(I) Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	36,542,102.90	
(II) Shareholders' contributions and reduction in capital	(3,508,500.00)	158,334,461.77	(6,701,235.00)	-	
1. Capital contribution from shareholders	(3,508,500.00)	153,898,734.35	-	-	
2. Share-based payments recognized in shareholder's equity	-	4,435,727.42	-	-	
3.Others	-	-	(6,701,235.00)	-	
(III) Profit distribution	-	-	-	-	
1. Transfer to surplus reserve	-	-	-	-	
2. Distribution to shareholders of the company	-	-	-	-	
(IV) Transfers within shareholders' equity	-	-	-	-	
1. Others	-	-	-	-	
(V) Special reserve	-	-	-	-	
1. Transfer to special reserve in the year	-	-	-	-	
2. Amount utilized in the year	-	-	-	-	
(VI) Others	-	1,513,917.78	-	-	
III. Balance at 31 December 2015	16,467,517,524.00	32,919,701,968.51	82,585,917.00	(66,043,945.35)	

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		Amount for the current year		
Total shareholders' equity	Retained earnings	General risk reserve	Surplus reserves	Special reserve
109,668,414,546.52	33,913,169,990.02	-	26,516,654,926.34	-
5,948,073,070.97	4,523,302,201.51	-	١,377,829,458.74	-
6,928,195,979.79	6,889,147,293.69	-	-	-
9,392,724.62	-	-	-	-
(32,706,649.00)	-	-	-	-
9,485,805.45	-	-	-	-
32,613,568.17	-	-	-	-
(988,015,633.44)	(2,365,845,092.18)	-	١,377,829,458.74	-
-	(1,377,829,458.74)	-	١,377,829,458.74	-
(988,015,633.44)	(988,015,633.44)	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
246,948,681.82	-	-	-	246,948,681.82
246,948,681.82	-	-	-	246,948,681.82
(1,500,000.00)	-	-	-	-
5,6 6,487,6 7.49	38,436,472,191.53	-	27,894,484,385.08	-

Amount for the same period of last year

Special reserve	Surplus reserves	General risk reserve	Retained earnings	Total shareholders' equity
-	25,851,173,391.46	-	34,216,028,534.80	109,106,208,338.97
-	665,481,534.88	-	(302,858,544.78)	562,206,207.55
-	-	-	3,327,407,674.42	3,363,949,777.32
-	-	-	-	161,527,196.77
-	-	-	-	150,390,234.35
-	-	-	-	4,435,727.42
-	-	-	-	6,701,235.00
-	665,481,534.88	-	(3,630,266,219.20)	(2,964,784,684.32)
-	665,481,534.88	-	(665,481,534.88)	-
-	-	-	(2,964,784,684.32)	(2,964,784,684.32)
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
352,081,511.46	-	-	-	352,081,511.46
352,081,511.46	-	-	-	352,081,511.46
-	-	-	-	1,513,917.78
-	26,516,654,926.34	-	33,913,169,990.02	109,668,414,546.52

(I) COMPANY PROFILE

Baoshan Iron & Steel Company Limited (the "Company") was incorporated and registered on 3 February 2000 in Shanghai, the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), as a limited company, with the registration number of 91310000132200821H, under the law of the PRC. The Company was established by Shanghai Baosteel Group Corporation Ltd. (formerly "Shanghai Baosteel Group Corporation"; hereinafter "Baosteel Group") as the sole investor, under the official approval document No. [1999] 1266, as issued by the State Economic & Trade Commission of China.

The Company took over related businesses, assets and liabilities from Baosteel Group by means of issuing 10,635,000,000 ordinary shares to Baosteel Group with a par value of RMB 1.00 each on the date of establishment.

The Company issued 1,877,000,000 ordinary shares (A shares) to the general public with a par value of RMB1 each and an offer price of RMB4.18 by means of on-line stock exchange listing coupled with off-line rationed subscription, from 6 to 24 November 2000, in compliance with the approval document No. [2000] 140, issued by the China Securities Regulatory Commission (the "CSRC").

Following the approval by the CSRC, as provided in the approval document No. [2005]15, during 21 to 26 of April 2005, the Company issued five billion shares with a par value of RMB1.00 each and an offer price of RMB5.12 per share, including three billion state-owned shares to Shanghai Baosteel Group Corporation and two billion to the general public, with the latter on a combinatory basis of preferential claiming, pro-rata and online and off-line bidding inquiry.

Approved by the CSRC (No. 739 document in 2008), the Company issued RMB10 billion convertible loan notes featuring the separation between liability and conversion option components on 20 June 2008. In this issuance, the original circulating shareholders for unlimited sale (of shares) conditions were given the priority for placing, and the rest of the notes were sold to institutional investors through price inquiry and to online applicants. The notes were issued based on the face value, which was RMB100.00 per stock. The dividend was paid once a year and the principal was returned once and for all when the time expired. The annual contract interest rate was 0.8%. The purchaser of the note was able to obtain 16 copies of stock purchase components issued by the issuer, the duration of the component was 24 months from the day when it was listed, and the exercising period was the last 5 trading days of the duration. The exercise proportion was 2:1 and the initial exercise price was RMB12.50 per stock. The liability and conversion option components were listed and traded on Shanghai Stock Exchange on 4 July 2008. The exercise price was then adjusted to RMB11.80 per stock due to dividend. The exercising period was from 28 June to 3 July 2010. A total of 113,785 components were successfully exercised before the stock market closed on 2 July 2010, the last effective exercise date for "Baosteel CWB1", increasing 48,088 shares of the Company.

According to "The Board's Resolution on the motion of repurchase shares of the company by centralized bidding", "The creditors' notice about repurchase shares of Baoshan Iron & Steel Co., Ltd.", "The 2012 second Resolution of extraordinary shareholders meeting of Baoshan Iron & Steel Co., Ltd." and the Company's revised articles of association, the Company repurchased A-shares on Shanghai Stock Exchange by centralized bidding with price no more than RMB5 per share and amount no more than RMB5 billion in total. The first repurchase began on 21 September 2012, and the Company has repurchased 414,055,508 shares by the end of 2012. According to the resolution and the Company's revised articles of association, the Company applied for reduction of share capital RMB0.39 billion and finished all procedures with China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited, Shanghai Branch on 20 December 2012. The Company renewed all commercial registration in December 2012, and the updated registered share capital is RMB17, 122,048,088 as at 31 December 2012.

The Company has repurchased 626,267,656 shares in year of 2013, and completed the implementation of the repurchase scheme. In accordance with the resolution of the general shareholders' meeting of the Company and the regulations of the revised articles of association, the Company has applied for the decrease of the capital of RMB 650,323,164 and completed the cancellation of 650,323,164 shares with the Shanghai Branch of China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited (CSDC) on 23 May, 2013. The Company completed procedures on industrial and commercial registration on 24 June, 2013, and the updated registered share capital is RMB 16,471,724,924.

As the restricted stock repurchase has not yet reach the unlock conditions in 2014,2015 and 2016, the company reduce the capital share by 21,331,300 in total, including 698,900 shares in year 2014, 3,508,500 shares in the year 2015 and 17,123,900 shares in the year 2016. By the end of the reporting period, the Company's registered capital and share capital both amount to RMB 16,450,393,624. In the 16,424,278,824 ordinary shares without sales restriction of the Company, Baosteel Group has held 11,523,385,833 shares with an equity interest proportion of 70.05 %.

The business scope of the Company covers iron and steel production and its related processing, power generation, coal, industrial-gas generation, port terminals, warehouse storage and transport. It is also engaged in technology development and transfer, technology services and consulting, automobile maintenance, exports of steel products and technology, imports of related materials, machinery, equipment, parts and components, as well as technology(except for restricted items, i.e. where imports and exports prohibited by the Government). The Company is also engaged in import processing as well as a subsidized trading business. In summary, the principal activities of the Company are the manufacture and sales of iron and steel products as well as the sales and services of the by-products generated during the process of steel production and sales.

The Company's parent company was originally named as Baosteel Group Corporation. On 22 September 2016, the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission ("SASAC") of the State Council published "Circular on Restructuring of Baosteel Group Corporation and Wuhan Iron and Steel (Group) Corporation ("WISCO")" formally approving the joint restructuring of Baosteel Group and WISCO, after which Baosteel Group Corporation was changed as "China Baowu Steel Group Corporation Limited" ("Baowu Group") with WISCO combined in entirety at no consideration and becoming the subsidiary of Baowu Group. Baowu Group is a state-owned enterprise supervised by the SASAC of the State Council.

The Company and its subsidiaries hereinafter refer to as the Group.

The Company and the consolidated financial statements have been approved by Board of Directors on 27 April 2017.

The detailed scope of consolidated financial statements demonstrates in Notes VIII "Interests in other entities".

(II) BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Group has adopted the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises ("ASBE") issued by the Ministry of Finance ("MoF"). In addition, the Group has disclosed relevant financial information in accordance with Information Disclosure and Presentation Rules for Companies Offering Securities to the Public No. 15 General Provisions on Financial Reporting (Revised in 2014).

The Group's consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis that it will continue as a going concern, since the Group has evaluated its ability to operate on a going concern basis for the next twelve months since 31 December 2016 and no significant doubt was found.

(III) THE COMPANY'S SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

1. Statement of compliance with the ASBE

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises, and present truly and completely, the Company's financial position as of 31 December 2016, and the Company's results of operations and cash flows for the year then ended.

2. Basis of accounting and principle of measurement

The Group has adopted the accrual basis of accounting. Except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value, the Group adopts the historical cost as the principle of measurement in the financial statements. Where assets are impaired, provisions for asset impairment are made in accordance with relevant requirements.

In according with the historical cost method, the assets' value should be the same with the fair value of cash or cash equivalents paid for those assets. The liabilities should be the same amount with the cash or cash equivalents received, the contract amount or the future payment for the present obligations.

Fair value is the amount received by selling assets or paid for transferring liabilities in orderly transaction held by market participants on measuring day. Whether fair value is observable or estimated by measurement technology, it was determined on this base in the financial statements for measurement or disclosure.

The fair value was separated into three levels based on observable degree of value inputted and the importance of those inputted value:

Level I: the inputted value is the same with an unadjusted price of the same assets or liabilities which could be obtained on measuring day;

Level 2: the inputted value is directly or indirectly observable for related assets or liabilities but other than the Level 1 value;

Level 3: the inputted value is unobservable for related assets or liabilities.

3. Accounting year

The Group adopts the calendar year as its accounting year, i.e. from 1 January to 31 December.

4. Operating cycle

Operating cycle is the time period between the purchase of raw material for production and the collection of cash from receivable created by the sale of inventory. The Company's operating cycle is twelve months.

5. Functional currency

Renminbi ("RMB") is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company and its domestic subsidiaries operate. Therefore, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries choose RMB as their functional currency. The Company's foreign subsidiaries choose their functional currencies on the basis of the primary economic environment in which they operate. The Group adopts RMB to prepare its financial statements.

6. The accounting treatment of business combinations involving enterprises under common control and

business combinations not involving enterprises under common control

Business combinations are classified into business combinations involving enterprises under common control and business combinations not involving enterprises under common control.

6.1 Business combinations involving enterprises under common control

A business combination involving enterprises under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining enterprises are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the combination, and that control is not transitory.

Assets and liabilities obtained shall be measured at their respective carrying amounts as recorded by the combining entities at the date of the combination. The difference between the carrying amount of the net assets obtained and the carrying amount of the consideration paid for the combination (or the aggregate face value of shares issued as consideration) is adjusted to the capital premium in capital reserve. If the capital premium is not sufficient to absorb the difference, any excess shall be adjusted against retained earnings.

Costs that are directly attributable to the combination are charged to profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(III) THE COMPANY'S SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - continued

6.2 Business combinations involving enterprises not under common control

A business combination not involving enterprises under common control is a business combination in which all of the combining enterprises are not ultimately controlled by the same party or parties before and after the combination.

The cost of combination is the aggregate of the fair values, at the acquisition date, of the assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity securities issued by the acquirer in exchange for control of the acquiree. Where a business combination not involving enterprises under common control is achieved in stages that involve multiple transactions, the cost of combination is the sum of the consideration paid at the acquisition date and the fair value at the acquisition date of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree. The intermediary expenses incurred by the acquirer in respect of auditing, legal services, valuation and consultancy services, etc. and other associated administrative expenses attributable to the business combination are recognized in profit or loss when they are incurred.

The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that satisfy the recognition criteria, which are acquired in a business combination not involving enterprises under common control, are measured at their fair value at the acquisition date.

Where the cost of combination exceeds the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets, the difference is recognized as goodwill as an asset and measured at cost. Where the cost of combination is less than the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets, the difference is accounted for as follows: firstly, the acquirer reassesses the measurement of the fair values of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities and measurement of the cost of combination; then, if after that reassessment, the cost of combination is still less than the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets, the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets, the acquirer recognizes the remaining difference immediately in profit or loss for the current period.

7. Preparation of consolidated financial statements

7.1 Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The scope of consolidation in the consolidated financial statements is determined on the basis of control. Control is the power over the investee, exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns. If changes of related facts and situations lead to changes of related elements of control, the Group will undertake reassessment.

The combination of subsidiaries begins with controlling the subsidiary by the Group, and ends with the Group's losing control of the subsidiary. For a subsidiary disposed of by the Group, the operating results and cash flows before the date of disposal (the date when control is lost) are included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of cash flows, as appropriate.

For a subsidiary acquired through a business combination not involving enterprises under common control, the operating results and cash flows from the acquisition date (the date when control is obtained) are included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of cash flows, as appropriate.

No matter when the business combination occurs in the reporting period, subsidiaries acquired through a business combination involving enterprises under common control or the party being absorbed under merger by absorption are included in the Group's scope of consolidation as if they had been included in the scope of consolidation from the date when they first came under the common control of the ultimate controlling party. Their operating results and cash flows from the beginning of the earliest reporting period are included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of cash flows, as appropriate.

The significant accounting policies and accounting periods adopted by the subsidiaries are determined based on the uniform accounting policies and accounting periods set out by the Company.

All significant intra-group balances and transactions are eliminated on consolidation. The portion of subsidiaries' equity that is not attributable to the Company is treated as minority interests and presented as "minority interests" in the consolidated balance sheet within owners' equity. The portion of net profits or losses of subsidiaries for the period attributable to minority interests is presented as "minority interests" in the consolidated balance sheet within owners' equity. The portion of net profits or losses of subsidiaries for the period attributable to minority interests is presented as "minority interests" in the consolidated income statement below the "net profit" line item. When the amount of loss for the period attributable to the minority shareholders of a subsidiary exceeds the minority shareholders' portion of the opening balance of owners' equity of the subsidiary, the excess amount are still allocated against minority interests.

Acquisition of minority interests or disposal of interest in a subsidiary that does not result in the loss of control over the subsidiary is accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Company's interests and minority interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. The difference between the amount by which the minority interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or receipts is adjusted to capital reserve under owners' equity. If the capital reserve is not sufficient to absorb the difference, the excess are adjusted against retained earnings.

For the stepwise acquisition of equity interest till acquiring control after a few transactions and leading to business combination not under common control, this should be dealt with for whether this belongs to 'package deal'; if it belongs to 'package deal', transactions will be dealt as transaction to acquire control. If it does not belong to 'package deal', transactions to acquire control on acquisition date will be under accounting treatment, the fair value of acquirees' shares held before acquisition date will be revalued, and the difference between fair value and book value will be recognized in profit or loss of current period; if acquirees' shares held before acquisition date involve in changes of other comprehensive income and other equity of owners under equity method, this will be transferred to income of acquisition date.

When the Group loses control over a subsidiary due to disposal of certain equity interest or other reasons, any retained interest is re-measured at its fair value at the date when control is lost. The difference between (i) the aggregate of the consideration received on disposal and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the share of the former subsidiary's net assets cumulatively calculated from the acquisition date according to the original proportion of ownership interest is recognized as investment income in the period in which control is lost, and goodwill is offset at the same time. Other comprehensive income associated with investment in the former subsidiary is reclassified to investment income in the period in which control is lost.

(III) THE COMPANY'S SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - continued

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary in two or more arrangements (transactions), terms and conditions of the arrangements (transactions) and their economic effects are considered. One or more of the following indicate that the Group shall account for the multiple arrangements as a single transaction:: (i) they are entered into at the same time or in contemplation of each other; (ii) they form a single transaction designed to achieve an overall commercial effect; (iii) the occurrence of one arrangement is dependent on the occurrence of at least one other arrangement; (iv) one arrangement considered on its own is not economically justified, but it is economically justified when considered together with other arrangements. If the transactions of disposal of equity interest of a subsidiary are assessed as a single transaction, these transactions are accounted for as one transaction of disposal of a subsidiary. Before losing control, the difference of consideration received on disposal and the share of net assets of the subsidiary continuously calculated from acquisition date is recognized as other comprehensive income. When losing control, the cumulated other comprehensive income is transferred to profit or loss of the period of losing control. If the transactions of disposal of equity investment of a subsidiary are not assessed as a single transaction, these transaction, these transactions are accounted for as unrelated transactions.

8. Classification of joint venture arrangements and accounting treatment for joint operation

Joint venture arrangements include common management and joint venture, which is decided by rights and obligations agreed in the arrangements based on the structure, legal form and contract terms. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. The Group's investment in the joint venture is accounted by the equity method. Refer to note (III) 14.3.2.

9. Recognition criteria of cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and deposits that can be readily withdrawn on demand. Cash equivalents are the Group's short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

10. Translation of transactions and financial statements denominated in foreign currencies

10.1 Transactions denominated in foreign currencies

A foreign currency transaction is recorded, on initial recognition, by applying the spot exchange rate on the date of the transaction.

At the balance sheet date, foreign currency monetary items are translated into RMB using the spot exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising from the differences between the spot exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date and those on initial recognition or at the previous balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss for the period, except that (1) exchange differences related to a specific-purpose borrowing denominated in foreign currency that qualify for capitalization are capitalized as part of the cost of the qualifying asset during the capitalization period; (2) exchange differences related to hedging instruments for the purpose of hedging against foreign currency risks are accounted for using hedge accounting; (3) exchange differences arising from available-for-sale non-monetary items (such as shares) denominated in foreign currencies and changes in the carrying amounts (other than the amortized cost) of available-for-sale monetary items are recognized as other comprehensive income and included in capital reserve.

When the consolidated financial statements include foreign operations, if there is foreign currency monetary item constituting a net investment in a foreign operation, exchange difference arising from changes in exchange rates are recognized as "exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements denominated in foreign currencies" in owners' equity, and in profit and loss for the period upon disposal of the foreign operation.

Foreign currency non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated to the amounts in functional currency at the spot exchange rates on the dates of the transactions and the amounts in functional currency remain unchanged. Foreign currency non-monetary items measured at fair value are re-translated at the spot exchange rate on the date the fair value is determined. Difference between the re-translated functional currency amount and the original functional currency amount is treated as changes in fair value (including changes of exchange rate) and is recognized in profit and loss or as other comprehensive income included in capital reserve.

10.2 Translation of financial statements denominated in foreign currencies

For the purpose of preparing the consolidated financial statements, financial statements of a foreign operation are translated from the foreign currency into RMB using the following method: assets and liabilities on the balance sheet are translated at the spot exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date; shareholders' equity items are translated at the spot exchange rates at the dates on which such items arose; all items in the income statement as well as items reflecting the distribution of profits are translated at the average exchange rate of the transaction period; the difference between the translated assets and the aggregate of liabilities and shareholders' equity items is separately presented as other comprehensive income and charged to the shareholders' equity.

Cash flows arising from a transaction in foreign currency and the cash flows of a foreign subsidiary are translated at the average exchange rate in the period of the cash flows. The effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents is regarded as a reconciling item and presented separately in the cash flow statement as "effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents".

The opening balances and the comparative figures of previous year are presented at the translated amounts in the previous year's financial statements.

11. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. For financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs are immediately recognized in profit or loss. For other financial assets and financial liabilities, transaction costs are included in their initial recognized amounts.

(III) THE COMPANY'S SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - continued

11.1 Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset or a financial liability (or a group of financial assets or financial liabilities) and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period, using the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash flows through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability.

When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates future cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial asset or financial liability (without considering future credit losses), and also considers all fees paid or received between the parties to the contract giving rise to the financial asset and financial liability that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs, and premiums or discounts, etc.

11.2 Classification, recognition and measurement of financial assets

On initial recognition, financial assets are classified into one of the four categories, including financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-tomaturity investments, loans and receivables, and available-for-sale financial assets. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

11.2.1. Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss ("FVTPL")

Financial assets at FVTPL include financial assets held for trading and those designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if one of the following conditions is satisfied: (1) It has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or (2) On initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and there is objective evidence that the Group has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or (3) It is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument, or a financial guarantee contract, or a derivative that is linked to and must be settled by delivery of an unquoted equity instrument (without a quoted price in an active market) whose fair value cannot be reliably measured.

A financial asset may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition only when one of the following conditions is satisfied: (1)Such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise result from measuring assets or recognizing the gains or losses on them on different bases; or (2) The financial asset forms part of a group of financial assets or a group of financial assets and financial liabilities, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is reported to key management personnel on that basis; or (3) Qualified hybrid instruments containing embedded derivatives.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value and any dividend or interest income earned on the financial assets are recognized in profit or loss.

11.2.2. Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates that the Group's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity.

Held-to-maturity investments are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Gain or loss arising from derecognition, impairment or amortization is recognized in profit or loss.

11.2.3. Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Financial assets classified as loans and receivables by the Group include notes receivable, accounts receivable, interest receivable, dividends receivable, other receivables and loans and advances to customers as well as long-term receivables.

Loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Gains or losses arising from derecognition, impairment or amortization are recognized in profit or loss for the current period.

11.2.4. Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets include non-derivative financial assets that are designated on initial recognition as available for sale and financial assets that are not classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investments.

Available-for-sale financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value, and gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value are recognized as other comprehensive income and included in the capital reserve, except that impairment losses and exchange differences related to amortized cost of monetary financial assets denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in profit or loss, until the financial assets are derecognized, at which time the gains or losses are released and recognized in profit or loss.

Interests obtained and the dividends declared by the investee during the period in which the available-for-sale financial assets are held, are recognized in investment gains.

For investments in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, and derivative financial assets that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments, they are measured at cost.

11.3 Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the carrying amounts of financial assets other than those at fair value through profit or loss. If there is

(III) THE COMPANY'S SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - continued

objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired, the Group determines the amount of any impairment loss. Objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired is evidence that, arising from one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset, which can be reliably measured, have been affected.

Objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired includes the following observable events:

- (1) Significant financial difficulty of the issuers or the debtors;
- (2) A breach of contract by the debtors, such as a default or delay in interest or principal payments;
- (3) The Group, for economic or legal reasons relating to the debtors' financial difficulty, grants a concession to debtors;
- (4) It becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganizations;
- (5) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties of the issuer;

(6) Upon an overall assessment of a group of financial assets, observable data indicates that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from the group of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial asset in the group. Such observable data includes:

- Adverse changes in the payment status of borrower in the group of assets;

- Economic conditions in the country or region of the borrower which may lead to a failure to pay the group of assets;

(7) Significant adverse changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment in which the issuer operates, indicating that the cost of the investment in the equity instrument may not be recovered by the investor;

- (8) A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost;
- (9) Other objective evidence indicates that there is an impairment of a financial asset.

- Impairment of financial assets measured at amortized cost

If financial assets carried at amortized cost are impaired, the carrying amounts of the financial assets are reduced to the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The amount of reduction is recognized as an impairment loss in profit or loss. If, subsequent to the recognition of an impairment loss on financial assets carried at amortized cost, there is objective evidence of a recovery in value of the financial assets which can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment is recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed. However, the reversal is made to the extent that the carrying amount of the financial asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

For a financial asset that is individually significant, the Group assesses the asset individually for impairment. For a financial asset that is not individually significant, the Group assesses the asset individually for impairment or includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset (whether significant or not), it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively reassesses them for impairment. Assets for which an impairment loss is individually recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

- Impairment of available-for-sale financial assets

The objective evidence of impairment of available-for-sale equity instruments includes the continuous or significant drop of their fair value. Impairment of available-for-sale equity instruments should be determined by the analysis of relevant information. The fair value of available-for-sale equity instruments falling below their cost does not constitute the indication of impairment. Impairment of available-for-sale equity instruments which are hold for strategic purpose and will not be sold based on the fluctuation of the stock price should be determined by the analysis of the investees' operation. If the investee was suffering from a serious deteriorated situation, such as the minimum 10% annual decreases of revenue or minimum 20% decrease of EBITDA for three consecutive years, or the fair value of such investments in equity instruments fall below 50% of their initial investment of available-for-sale equity instrument of available-for-sale equity instruments of available-for-sale equity instrument of available-for-sale equity instruments which are hold for trading should be considered when the fair value of such instruments fall below 50% of their original investment or the fair value of such instruments fall below their original investment or the fair value of such instruments fall below their original investment or the fair value of such instruments fall below their original investment or the fair value of such instruments fall below their original investment or the fair value of such instruments fall below their original investment or the fair value of such instruments fall below their original investment or the fair value of such instruments fall below their original investment or the fair value of such instruments fall below their original investment or the fair value of such instruments fall below their original investment or the fair value of such instruments fall below their original investment or the fair value of such instruments fall below their original investment or the fair value of such instru

When an available-for-sale financial asset is impaired, the cumulative loss arising from decline in fair value previously recognized directly in capital reserve is reclassified from the capital reserve to profit or loss. The amount of the cumulative loss that is reclassified from capital reserve to profit or loss is the difference between the acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortization) and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognized in profit or loss. If, subsequent to the recognition of an impairment loss on available-for-sale financial assets, there is objective evidence of a recovery in value of the financial assets which can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment is recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed. The amount of reversal of impairment loss on available-for-sale equity instruments is recognized as other comprehensive income and included in the capital reserve, while the amount of reversal of impairment loss on available-for-sale debt instruments is recognized in profit or loss.

- Impairment of financial assets measure at cost

If an impairment loss has been incurred on an investment in unquoted equity instrument (without a quoted price in an active market) whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, or on a derivative financial asset that is linked to and must be settled by delivery of such an unquoted equity instrument,

(III) THE COMPANY'S SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - continued

the carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced to the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. The amount of reduction is recognized as an impairment loss in profit or loss. The impairment loss on such financial asset is not reversed once it is recognized.

11.4 Transfer of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset if one of the following conditions is satisfied: (1) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire; or (2) the financial asset has been transferred and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to the transferee; or (3) although the financial asset has been transferred, the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset but has not retained control of the financial asset.

If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a financial asset, and it retains control of the financial asset, it recognizes the financial asset to the extent of its continuing involvement in the transferred financial asset and recognizes an associated liability. The extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the transferred asset is the extent to which it is exposed to changes in the value of the transferred asset.

For a transfer of a financial asset in its entirety that satisfies the derecognition criteria, the difference between (1) the carrying amount of the financial asset transferred; and (2) the sum of the consideration received from the transfer and any cumulative gain or loss that has been recognized in other comprehensive income, is recognized in profit or loss.

If a part of the transferred financial asset qualifies for derecognition, the carrying amount of the transferred financial asset is allocated between the part that continues to be recognized and the part that is derecognized, based on the respective fair values of those parts. The difference between (1) the carrying amount allocated to the part derecognized; and (2) the sum of the consideration received for the part derecognized and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to the part derecognized which has been previously recognized in other comprehensive income, is recognized in profit or loss.

11.5 Classification, recognition and measurement of financial liabilities

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified into financial liabilities or equity on the basis of the substance of the contractual arrangements and definitions of financial liability and equity instrument.

On initial recognition, financial liabilities are classified into financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and other financial liabilities.

11.5.1. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at FVTPL consist of financial liabilities held for trading and those designated as at FVTPL on initial recognition.

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if one of the following conditions is satisfied: (1) It has been acquired principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term; or (2) On initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and there is objective evidence that the Group has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or (3) It is a derivative, except for a derivative that is a designated and effective hedging instrument, or a financial guarantee contract, or a derivative that is linked to and must be settled by delivery of an unquoted equity instrument (without a quoted price in an active market) whose fair value cannot be reliably measured.

A financial liability may be designated as at FVTPL upon initial recognition only when one of the following conditions is satisfied: (1) Such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise result from measuring liabilities or recognizing the gains or losses on them on different bases; or (2) The financial liability forms part of a group of financial liabilities or a group of financial assets and financial liabilities, which is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Group's documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the grouping is reported to key management personnel on that basis; or (3) Qualified hybrid instruments containing embedded derivatives.

Financial liabilities at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value or any dividend or interest expenses related to the financial liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

11.5.2. Other financial liabilities

For a derivative liability that is linked to and must be settled by delivery of an unquoted equity instrument (without a quoted price in an active market) whose fair value cannot be reliably measured, it is subsequently measured at cost. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with gain or loss arising from derecognition or amortization recognized in profit or loss.

11.6 Derecognition of Financial Liabilities

The Group derecognizes a financial liability (or part of it) only when the underlying present obligation (or part of it) is discharged. An agreement between the Group (an existing borrower) and an existing lender to replace the original financial liability with a new financial liability with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability.

When the Group derecognizes a financial liability or a part of it, it recognizes the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability (or part of the financial liability) derecognized and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or new financial liabilities assumed) in profit or loss.

11.7 Derivatives and embedded derivatives

Derivative financial instruments include forward contracts, interest rate swaps, etc. Derivatives are initially measured at fair value at the date when the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

(III) THE COMPANY'S SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - continued

An embedded derivative is separated from the hybrid instrument, where the hybrid instrument is not designated as a financial asset or financial liability at fair value through profit or loss, and treated as a standalone derivative if the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract; and a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative.

If the Group is unable to measure the embedded derivative separately either at acquisition or at a subsequent balance sheet date, it designates the entire hybrid instrument as a financial asset or financial liability at fair value through profit or loss.

11.8 Offsetting financial assets and a financial liabilities

Where the Group has a legal right that is currently enforceable to set off the recognized financial assets and financial liabilities, and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the financial asset and settle the financial liability simultaneously, a financial asset and a financial liability shall be offset and the net amount is presented in the balance sheet. Except for the above circumstances, financial assets and financial liabilities shall be presented separately in the balance sheet and shall not be offset.

11.9 Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The consideration received from issuing equity instruments, net of transaction costs, are added to shareholders' equity.

All types of distributions made by the Group to holders of equity instruments are deducted from shareholders' equity. The Group does not recognize any changes in the fair value of equity instruments.

11.9.1 Repurchase of share capital

The consideration and transaction costs paid to repurchase share capital are deducted from shareholders' equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the repurchase, sale or cancellation of the Company's share capital. Repurchased share capital is presented as treasury share before cancellation or sale, and all the expenditure occurred in repurchase is accounted for cost of treasury shares. Treasury shares are not counted in profit appropriation. The Company presents treasury shares as the reserve item of shareholders' equity in the balance sheet. When the Company reduces the capital by means of repurchasing ordinary shares in accordance with statutory procedure, it reduces the share capital in the face value of cancelled shares. The Company recognizes the difference between the consideration paid (including transaction costs) and face value of shares in equity. When the amount of consideration paid is less than total face value, the difference is recognized in the capital reserve (capital premium).

11.10 Convertible loan notes

The Group confirms whether the issued convertible loan notes contain both liability and conversion option components. Convertible loan notes issued by the Group that contain both the liability and conversion option components are classified separately into respective items on initial recognition. On initial recognition, the fair value of the liability component is determined using the prevailing market interest of similar non-convertible debts. The difference between the gross proceeds of the issue of the convertible loan notes and the fair value assigned to the liability component, representing the conversion option for the holder to convert the loan notes into equity instrument, is included in capital reserve (other capital reserve - share conversion option). In subsequent periods, the liability component of the convertible loan notes is carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The conversion option classified as equity remains in equity. Transaction costs incurred for the issue of convertible loan notes are allocated to the liability component on their respective fair values. In subsequent periods, the liability component to their respective fair values. In subsequent periods, the liability at amortized cost. The conversion option classified as equity remains in equity. The conversion option classified as equity remains in equity and coes not need subsequent measurement. Where the conversion option components remain unexercised at the maturity date of the convertible loan notes issued by the Group, the balance recognized in capital reserve (other capital reserve) will be transferred to capital reserve (capital premium). Once the conversion option components are exercised, the equity component recognized in capital reserve (other capital reserve) will be transferred to capital reserve (capital premium), the aggregate nominal amount of shares are credited to share capital at par value of the stock multiplied by the number of shares; the difference between the total funds raised by convers

12. Accounts receivable

12.1 Receivables that are individually significant and for which bad debt provision is individually assessed

Basis for determining an individually significant receivable	A receivable that ranks top five largest is deemed as an individually significant receivable by the Group.
Method of determining provision for receivables that are individually significant and for which bad debt provision is individually assessed	For receivables that are individually significant, the Group assesses such receivables individually for impairment, if the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for individually assessed receivables, such receivables are included in a financial asset with similar credit risk and are collectively reassessed for impairment. Receivables for which an impairment loss is individually recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

Receivables that are not individually significant and receivables

that are individually significant but are not impaired individually

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THE COMPANY'S SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - continued

Other receivables (excluding accounts receivable that are individually significant or not individually significant and for which bad debt provision has been assessed individually) are classified as two portfolios by nature, namely, amounts due from entities within scope of consolidated financial statements of Baowu Group and amounts due from other parties. Meanwhile accounts receivable within the two portfolios are divided into certain aging groups by regarding aging as the credit risk characteristic, of which the bad debt provisions for the current year in such aging groups are calculated based on the actual loss rate of equal or similar aging group of accounts receivable with similar risk characteristics in prior years and the proportion of bad debt provision of each aging group determined pursuant to the current condition. Among these accounts receivable, the amount due from entities within scope of consolidated financial statements of Baowu Group has made no bad debt provision while the amount due from other parties has made bad debt provision with details listed as below.

Portfolios that aging analysis is used for bad debt provision:

Aging	Provision as a proportion of accounts receivable (%)	Provision as a proportion of other receivables (%)
Within 1 year (inclusive)	5	5
More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	30	30
More than 2 years but not exceeding 3 years	60	60
More than 3 years	100	100

12.3 Receivables that are individually not significant but for which bad debt provision is individually assessed

Method of determining provision for receivables	The difference between the estimated recoverable amount and the book value is recognized as bad debt.		
Reasons for determining individual provision for receivables	There is objective evidence of impairment.		

13. Inventories

13.1 Categories of inventories

The Group's inventories mainly include raw materials, work in progress, finished goods, spare parts and others, etc. Inventories are initially measured at cost. Cost of inventories comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other expenditures incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

13.2 Valuation method of inventories upon delivery

The actual cost of inventories upon delivery is calculated using the weighted average method.

13.3 Basis for determining net realizable value of inventories and provision methods for decline in value of inventories

At the balance sheet date, inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. If the net realizable value is below the cost of inventories, a provision for decline in value of inventories is made. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion, the estimated costs necessary to make the sale and relevant taxes. Net realizable value is determined on the basis of clear evidence obtained, and takes into consideration of the purposes of holding inventories and effect of post balance sheet events.

Provision for decline in value of other inventories is made based on the excess of cost of inventory over its net realizable value on an item-by-item basis.

After the provision for decline in value of inventories is made, if the circumstances that previously caused inventories to be written down below cost no longer exist so that the net realizable value of inventories is higher than their cost, the original provision for decline in value is reversed and the reversal is included in profit or loss for the period.

13.4 Stock count system

The perpetual inventory system is maintained for stock system.

13.5 Amortization method for low cost and short-lived consumable items and packaging materials

Packaging materials and low cost and short-lived consumable items are amortized using the immediate write-off method.

14. Long-term equity investments

14.1 Criteria of determining significant influence over the investee

Control is defined as power over the investee, exposed or having the rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and having the ability to use its power to affect its returns. Joint control is defined as the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement. Joint control exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. Significant influence is defined as the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control of those policies. When deciding if the investor can exert control or significant influence over the investee, potential factors for voting rights shall be taken into consideration. The factors are not limited to investee's convertible bonds, stock warrants executable currently possessed by the investors and by other holders.

14.2 Determination of investment cost

(III) THE COMPANY'S SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - continued

For a long-term equity investment acquired through business combination involving enterprises under common control, shares of book value of owners' equity of combined party in financial statements of ultimate controlling party are recognized as initial investment cost of long-term equity investment at combination date. The difference between initial investment cost of long-term equity investment and cash paid, non-cash assets transferred and book value of liabilities assumed, is adjusted in capital reserve. If the balance of capital reserve is not sufficient, any excess is adjusted to retained earnings. If the consideration of the combination is satisfied by the issue of equity securities, the initial investment cost of the long-term equity investment is the share of book value of owners' equity of the acquired entity in the ultimate controlling party's consolidated financial statements at the date of combination. The aggregate face value of the shares issued is accounted for as share capital. The difference between the initial investment cost and the aggregate face value of the shares issued is adjusted to capital reserve. If the balance of capital reserve is not sufficient, any excess is adjusted to retained earnings. Where equity interests in an acquiree are acquired in stages through multiple transactions ultimately constituting a business combination involving entities under common control, the acquirer shall determine if these transactions are considered to be "a bundled transaction". If yes, these transactions are accounted for as a single transaction where control is obtained. If no, the initial investment cost of the long-term equity investment is the share of book value of owners' equity of the acquired entity in the ultimate controlling party's consolidated financial statements at the date of combination. The difference between the initial investment cost and the sum of carrying amount of equity investments previously held in the acquiree and the new investment cost is adjusted to capital reserve. If the balance of capital reserve is not sufficient, any excess is adjusted to retained earnings. Other comprehensive income recognized for the previously held equity investments by accounting treatment of equity method or available-for-sale financial assets is not subject to accounting treatment temporarily.

For a long-term equity investment acquired through business combination not involving enterprises under common control, the investment cost of the long-term equity investment is the cost of acquisition. Where equity interests in an acquiree are acquired in stages through multiple transactions ultimately constituting a business combination not involving entities under common control, the acquirer shall determine if these transactions are considered to be "a bundled transaction". If yes, these transactions are accounted for as a single transaction where control is obtained. If no, the sum of carrying amount of equity investments previously held in the acquiree and the new investment cost is deemed as the initial investment cost of long-term equity investments that was changed to be accounted for using cost method. If the equity previously held was accounted for using the equity method, the corresponding other comprehensive income is not subject to accounting treatment temporarily. If the equity investment previously held fair value previously included in other comprehensive income are transferred to profit or loss for the period.

The expenses incurred by the acquirer in respect of auditing, legal services, valuation and consultancy services and other associated administrative expenses attributable to the business combination are recognized in profit or loss when they are incurred.

Long-term equity investment acquired otherwise than through a business combination is initially measured at its cost. When the entity is able to exercise significant influence or joint control (but not control) over an investee due to additional investment, the cost of long-term equity investments is the sum of the fair value of previously-held equity investments determined in accordance with Accounting Standard for Business Enterprises No.22 - Financial Instruments; Recognition and Measurement and the additional investment cost.

14.3 Subsequent measurement and recognition of profit or loss

14.3.1 Long-term equity investment accounted for using the cost method

Long-term equity investments in subsidiaries are accounted for using the cost method in the Company's separate financial statements. A subsidiary is an investee that is controlled by the Group.

Under the cost method, a long-term equity investment is measured at initial investment cost. When additional investment is made or the investment is recouped, the cost of the long-term equity investment is adjusted accordingly. Investment income is recognized in the period in accordance with the attributable share of cash dividends or profit distributions declared by the investee.

14.3.2 Long-term equity investment accounted for using the equity method

The Group accounts for investment in associates and joint ventures using the equity method. An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and a joint venture is an entity over which the Group exercises joint control along with other investors.

Under the equity method, where the initial investment cost of a long-term equity investment exceeds the Group's share of the fair value of the investee's identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition, no adjustment is made to the initial investment cost. Where the initial investment cost is less than the Group's share of the fair value of the investee's identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition, the difference is recognized in profit or loss for the period, and the cost of the long-term equity investment is adjusted accordingly.

Under the equity method, the Group recognizes its share of the net profit or loss of the investee for the period as investment income or loss for the period. The Group recognizes its share of the investee's net profit or loss based on the fair value of the investee's individual separately identifiable assets, etc. at the acquisition date after making appropriate adjustments to conform with the Group's accounting policies and accounting period. Unrealized profits or losses resulting from the Group's transactions with its associates and joint ventures are recognized as investment income or loss to the extent that those attributable to the Group's equity interest are eliminated. However, unrealized losses resulting from the Group's transactions with its associates and joint ventures which represent impairment losses on the transferred assets are not eliminated. Changes in owners' equity of the investee other than net profit or loss are correspondingly adjusted to the carrying amount of the long-term equity investment, and recognized as other comprehensive income which is included in the capital reserve.

The Group discontinues recognizing its share of net losses of the investee after the carrying amount of the long-term equity investment together with any long-term interests that in substance form part of its net investment in the investee is reduced to zero. If the Group has incurred obligations to assume additional losses of the investee, a provision is recognized according to the expected obligation, and recorded as investment loss for the period. Where net profits are subsequently made by the investee, the Group resumes recognizing its share of those profits only after its share of the profits exceeds the share of losses previously not recognized.

14.4 Disposal of long-term equity investments

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THE COMPANY'S SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - continued

On disposal of a long term equity investment, the difference between the proceeds actually received and receivable and the carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss for the period. For a long-term equity investment accounted for using the equity method, the amount included in the shareholders' equity attributable to the percentage interest disposed is transferred to profit or loss for the period. For a long-term equity investment accounted for using the cost method, if it is still accounted for cost method after disposal, other comprehensive income recognized before controlling the investee according to equity method or recognition and measurement of financial instruments, account for them on the basis of related assets and liabilities, and recognized in profit or loss for proportion; change of owners' equity except for net profit or loss, other comprehensive income and profit distribution is recognized in profit or loss of current period.

For a long-term equity investment accounted for using the cost method, if the remaining shares after the disposal are still accounted for using the cost method, other comprehensive income recognized before controlling the investee according to equity method or recognizion and measurement of financial instruments, accounted for on the basis of directly disposed related assets and liabilities of the investee, and recognized in profit or loss for the period and carried forward proportionately ; changes of owners' equity except for net profit or loss, other comprehensive income and profit distribution are carried forward proportionately and recognized in profit or loss for the current period.

The Group loses control on investee due to disposal of part of shares, during preparing separate financial statement, remaining shares after disposal can make joint control or significant influence on investee, are accounted under equity method, and adjust them as they are accounted under equity method from acquisition date; if remaining shares after disposal cannot make joint control or significant influence on investee, they are accounted according to recognition and measurement of financial instrument, and the difference between fair value on date of losing control and book value is recognized in profit or loss of current period. Before the Group controls the investee, other comprehensive income recognized due to equity method or recognizion and measurement of financial instruments, account for them on the basis of related assets and liabilities, and recognized in profit or loss for proportion; change of owners' equity except for net profit or loss, other comprehensive income and profit distribution is recognized in profit or loss of current period. Remaining shares after disposal are accounted under equity method, other comprehensive income and other owners' equity are carried forward as proportion; remaining shares after disposal are accounted due to recognition and measurement of financial instruments other comprehensive income and other owners' equity are all carried forward.

For the Group loses joint control or significant influence on investee after part disposal of shares, remaining shares after disposal are accounted according to recognition and measurement of financial instruments, the difference between fair value at the date of losing joint control or significant influence and book value is recognized in profit or loss of current period. Other comprehensive income recognized under equity method, is accounted on the basis of related assets or liabilities when stop using equity method, change of owners' equity except for net profit or loss, other comprehensive income and profit distribution is recognized in profit or loss of current period

The Group loses control on subsidiaries through step by step transactions of disposal, if transactions are package deal, all transactions are seemed as one transaction of disposal investment on subsidiaries, difference between amount of disposal and book value of long-term equity investment, is recognized as other comprehensive income, and recognized in profit or loss when losing control.

15. Investment properties

Investment property is property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. It includes a land use right that is leased out and a building that is leased out.

An investment property is measured initially at cost. Subsequent expenditures incurred for such investment property are included in the cost of the investment property if it is probable that economic benefits associated with an investment property will flow to the Group and the subsequent expenditures can be measured reliably. Other subsequent expenditures are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

The Group uses the cost model for subsequent measurement of investment property, and adopts a depreciation or amortization policy for the investment property which is consistent with that for buildings or land use rights.

When an investment property is sold, transferred, retired or damaged, the Group recognizes the amount of any proceeds on disposal net of the carrying amount and related taxes in profit or loss for the period.

16. Fixed assets

16.1 Recognition criteria for fixed assets

Fixed assets are tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, for rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and have useful lives of more than one accounting year. A fixed asset is recognized only when it is probable that economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Group and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Fixed assets are initially measured at cost.

Subsequent expenditures incurred for the fixed asset are included in the cost of the fixed asset and if it is probable that economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Group and the subsequent expenditures can be measured reliably. Meanwhile the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. Other subsequent expenditures are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

16.2 Depreciation of each category of fixed assets

A fixed asset is depreciated over its useful life using the straight-line method since the month subsequent to the one in which it is ready for intended use. The useful life, estimated net residual value rate and annual depreciation rate of each category of fixed assets are as follows:

Category	Depreciation period (years)	Residual value (%)	Annual depreciation rate (%)
Buildings	15-35	4	2.7-6.4
Machinery and equipment	7-15	4	6.4-13.7
Transportation vehicles	5-10	4	9.6-19.2
Office and other equipment	4-9	4	10.7-24.0

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(III) THE COMPANY'S SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - continued

Estimated net residual value of a fixed asset is the estimated amount that the Group would currently obtain from disposal of the asset, after deducting the estimated costs of disposal, if the asset were already of the age and in the condition expected at the end of its useful life.

16.3 Other explanations

If a fixed asset is upon disposal or no future economic benefits are expected to be generated from its use or disposal, the fixed asset is derecognized. When a fixed asset is sold, transferred, retired or damaged, the amount of any proceeds on disposal of the asset net of the carrying amount and related taxes is recognized in profit or loss for the period.

The Group reviews the useful life and estimated net residual value of a fixed asset and the depreciation method applied at least once at each financial year end, and accounts for any change as a change in an accounting estimate.

17. Construction in progress

Construction in progress is measured at its actual costs. The actual costs include various construction expenditures during the construction period, borrowing costs capitalized before it is ready for intended use and other relevant costs. Construction in progress is not depreciated. Construction in progress is transferred to a fixed asset when it is ready for intended use.

18. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying asset are capitalized when expenditures for such asset and borrowing costs are incurred and activities relating to the acquisition, construction or production of the asset that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale have commenced. Capitalization of borrowing costs ceases when the qualifying asset being acquired, constructed or produced becomes ready for its intended use or sale. Capitalization of borrowing costs is suspended during periods in which the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset is suspended abnormally and when the suspension is for a continuous period of more than 3 months. Capitalization is suspended until the acquisition, construction or production of the asset is resumed. Other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Where funds are borrowed under a specific-purpose borrowing, the amount of interest to be capitalized is the actual interest expense incurred on that borrowing for the period less any bank interest earned from depositing the borrowed funds before being used on the asset or any investment income on the temporary investment of those funds. Where funds are borrowed under general-purpose borrowings, the Group determines the amount of interest to be capitalized on such borrowings by applying a capitalization rate to the weighted average of the excess of cumulative expenditures on the asset over the amounts of specific-purpose borrowings. The capitalization rate is the weighted average of the interest rates applicable to the general-purpose borrowings.

19. Intangible assets

19.1 Intangible assets

Intangible asset includes land use rights, software, and etc.

An intangible asset is measured initially at cost. When an intangible asset with a finite useful life is available for use, its original cost less net residual value and any accumulated impairment losses is amortized over its estimated useful life using the straight-line method. An intangible asset with an indefinite useful life is not amortized. The amortization method, useful life and net estimated residual value are set out as follows:

Category	Amortization method	Useful life (year)	Residual value rate (%)
Land use rights	Straight line method	40 - 70	0
Software	Straight line method	5	0
Others	Straight line method	3 - 50	0

For an intangible asset with a finite useful life, the Group reviews the useful life and amortization method at the end of the period, and makes adjustments when necessary.

19.2 Research and development expenditure

Expenditure during the research phase is recognized as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

Expenditure during the development phase that meets all of the following conditions at the same time is recognized as intangible asset. Expenditure during development phase that does not meet the following conditions is recognized in profit or loss for the period.

(1) it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;

(2) the Group has the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;

(3) the Group can demonstrate the ways in which the intangible asset will generate economic benefits, including the evidence of the existence of a market for the output of the intangible asset or the intangible asset itself or, if it is to be used internally, the usefulness of the intangible asset;

(4) the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and the ability to use or sell the intangible asset; and

(5) the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development phase can be reliably measured.

(III) THE COMPANY'S SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - continued

If the expenditures cannot be distinguished between the research phase and development phase, the Group recognizes all of them in profit or loss for the period.

20. Impairment of long-term assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that the long-term equity investment, investment properties, fixed assets and CIP which measured by cost method, and intangible assets with a finite useful life may be impaired. If there is any indication that such assets may be impaired, recoverable amounts are estimated for such assets. Intangible assets with indefinite useful life and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, irrespective of whether there is any indication that the assets may be impaired.

Recoverable amount is estimated on individual basis. If it is not practical to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the recoverable amount of the asset group to which the asset belongs will be estimated. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or an asset group is less than its carrying amount, the deficit is accounted for as an impairment loss and is recognised in profit or loss for the period.

Once the impairment loss of such assets is recognized, it is not be reversed in any subsequent period.

21. Long-term prepaid expenses

Long-term prepaid expenses represent expenses incurred that should be borne and amortized over the current and subsequent periods of more than one year. Long-term prepaid expenses are amortized using the straight-line method over the expected periods in which benefits are derived.

22. Assets transferred under repurchase agreements

22.1 Financial assets purchased under resale agreements

Financial assets that have been purchased under agreements with a commitment to resell at a specific future date are not recognized in the balance sheet. The cost of purchasing such assets is presented under "financial assets purchased under resale agreements" in the balance sheet. The difference between the purchasing price and reselling price is recognized as interest income during the term of the agreement using the effective interest method.

22.2 Financial assets sold under repurchase agreements

Financial assets sold subject to agreements with a commitment to repurchase at a specific future date are not derecognized in the balance sheet. The proceeds from selling such assets are presented under "financial assets sold under repurchase agreements" in the balance sheet. The difference between the selling price and repurchasing price is recognized as interest expense during the term of the agreement using the effective interest method.

23. Employee benefit

23.1 Accounting treatment for short-term employee benefits

Actually occurred short-term employee benefits are recognized as liabilities, with a corresponding charge to the profit or loss for the period or in the costs of relevant assets in the accounting period in which employees provide services to the Group. Staff welfare expenses incurred by the Group are recognized in profit or loss for the period or the costs of relevant assets based on the actually occurred amounts when it actually occurred. Non-monetary staff welfare expenses are measured at fair value.

Payment made by the Group of social security contributions for employees such as premiums or contributions on medical insurance, work injury insurance and maternity insurance, etc. and payments of housing funds, as well as trade union fund and employee education fund provided in accordance with relevant requirements, are calculated according to prescribed bases and percentages in determining the amount of employee benefits and recognized as relevant liabilities, with a corresponding charge to the profit or loss for the period or the costs of relevant assets in the accounting period in which employees provide services.

23.2 Accounting treatment for post-employment benefits

The post-employment benefits of the Group are defined contribution plan.

The contribution payable to a defined contribution plan is recognized as a liability with a corresponding charge to the profit or loss for the current period or the cost of a relevant asset.

23.3 Accounting treatment for termination benefits

When the Group terminates the employment relationship with employees before the expiry of the employment contracts or provides compensation as an offer to encourage employees to accept voluntary redundancy, if the Group has a formal plan for termination of employment relationship or has made an offer for voluntary redundancy which will be implemented immediately, and the Group cannot unilaterally withdraw from the termination plan or the redundancy offer; a provision for the compensation payable arising from the termination of employment relationship with employees is recognized with a corresponding charge to the profit or loss for the period.

An internal retirement plan is accounted for using the same principles as described above. Salaries and social insurance contributions to be paid to the internally retired employees by the Group during the period from the date when the employee ceases to provide services to the normal retirement date are recognized in profit or loss for the period when the recognition criteria for provisions are met with termination benefits.

23.4 Accounting treatment other long-term employee benefit

When other long-term employee benefits satisfied the conditions for classifying as a defined contribution plan, whose benefits shall be accounted for in accordance with the requirements related to defined contribution plan

(III) THE COMPANY'S SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - continued

24. Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation related to a contingency. It is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, taking into account factors pertaining to a contingency such as the risks, uncertainties and time value of money. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of the provision is determined by discounting the related future cash outflows.

25. Share-based payments and equity instruments

A share-based payment is a transaction which the Group grants equity instruments, or incurs liabilities for amounts that are determined based on the price of equity instruments, in return for services rendered by employees. The Group's share-based payments are equity-settled share-based payments.

25.1 Equity-settled share-based payments

Equity-settled share-based payments in exchange for services rendered by employees are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted to employees at the grant date. Such amount is recognized as related costs or expenses on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the best estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest at the grant date, if the equity instruments vest immediately, with a corresponding increase in capital reserve. At each balance sheet date during the vesting period, the Group makes the best estimate according to the subsequent latest information of change in the number of employees who are granted with options that may vest, etc and revises the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The effect of the above estimate is recognized as related costs or expenses, with a corresponding adjustment to capital reserve.

25.2 Accounting treatment related to implementation, modification and termination of share-based payment arrangement

In case the Group modifies a share-based payment arrangement, if the modification increases the fair value of the equity instruments granted, the Group will include the incremental fair value of the equity instruments granted in the measurement of the amount recognised for services received. If the modification increases the number of the equity instruments granted, the Group will include the fair value of additional equity instruments granted in the measurement of the amount recognised for services received. The increase in the fair value of the equity instruments granted is the difference between fair value of the equity instruments before and after the modification on the date of the modification. If the Group modifies the terms or conditions of the share-based payment arrangement in a manner that reduces the total fair value of the share-based payment arrangement, or is not otherwise beneficial to the employee, the Group will continue to account for the services received as if that modification had not occurred (other than a cancellation of some or all the equity instruments granted).

If cancellation of the equity instruments granted occurs during the vesting period, the Group will account for the cancellation of the equity instruments granted as an acceleration of vesting, and recognise immediately the amount that otherwise would have been recognised over the remainder of the vesting period in profit or loss for the period, with a corresponding recognition in capital reserve. When the employee or counterparty can choose whether to meet the non-vesting condition but the condition is not met during the vesting period, the Group treats it as a cancellation of the equity instruments granted.

25.3 Others

The consideration received from employees will be returned due to the cancellation of the equity instruments when the terms or conditions of the share-based payment arrangement are not met. The group increases its paid-in capital and capital reserve when receives such consideration and recognizes liability and treasury shares for the repurchase obligation.

26. Revenue

26.1 Revenue from sales of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when the Group has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods; the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the Group; and the associated costs incurred or to be incurred can be measured reliably.

26.2 Revenue arising from the rendering of services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognized when (1) the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; (2) it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the enterprise; (3) the stage of completion of the transaction can be determined reliably; and (4) the associated costs incurred or to be incurred can be measured reliably. Revenue from rendering of services is recognized using the percentage of completion method at the balance sheet date. The stage of completion of a transaction for rendering for services is determined based on the proportion that costs incurred to date bear to the estimated total costs of the transaction. When the outcome of the transaction involving the rendering of services cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognized only to the extent of the costs incurred that will be recoverable, and the costs incurred are recognized as expenses for the period. When it is not probable that the costs incurred will be recovered, revenue is not recognized.

26.3 Royalty Revenue

The amount of royalty revenue is measured and confirmed in accordance with the period and method of charging as stipulated in the relevant contract or agreement.

(III) THE COMPANY'S SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - continued

26.4 Interest Revenue

The amount of interest revenue is measured and confirmed in accordance with the length of time for which the Group's monetary funds is used by others and the effective interest rates.

27. Government grants

Government grants are transfer of monetary assets and non-monetary assets from the government to the Group at no consideration. A government grant is recognized only when the Group can comply with the conditions attaching to the grant and the Group will receive the grant.

If a government grant is in the form of a transfer of a monetary asset, it is measured at the amount received or receivable.

27.1 Basis for determining government grants related to an asset and accounting treatment

The Group's government grant generally consists of grant for technology transformation in prior years, which related to purchase or construction fixed assets, it is classified as government grant related to assets.

A government grant related to an asset is recognized as deferred income, and evenly amortized to profit or loss over the useful life of the related asset.

27.2 Basis for determining government grants related to an income and accounting treatment

The Group's government grant generally consists of special fund for international economic cooperation which is directly related to accrued expenses, this government grant is classified as government grant related to income.

For a government grant related to income, if the grant is a compensation for related expenses or losses to be incurred in subsequent periods, the grant is recognized as deferred income, and recognized in profit or loss over the periods in which the related costs are recognized. If the grant is a compensation for related expenses or losses already incurred, the grant is recognized immediately in profit or loss for the period.

For repayment of a government grant already recognized, if there is related deferred income, the repayment is offset against the carrying amount of the deferred income, and any excess is recognized in profit or loss for the period. If there is no related deferred income, the repayment is recognized immediately in profit or loss for the period.

Relocation compensation received for relocation in public interests

If the Group relocates for the benefits of the public interests such as overall planning of urban and rural areas and receives relocation compensation appropriated by the government directly from its fiscal budget, it recognizes such income as special payable. The income attributable to compensation for losses of fixed assets and intangible assets, related expenses, losses from suspension of production incurred during the relocation and reconstruction period, and purchases of assets after the relocation is transferred from special payable to deferred income and is accounted for as either a government grant related to an asset or a government grant related to income based on its nature. Any surplus of relocation compensation after deducting the amount transferred to deferred income is recognized as capital reserve.

28. Deferred tax assets / deferred tax liabilities

The income tax expenses include current income tax and deferred income tax.

28.1 Current income tax

At the balance sheet date, current income tax liabilities (or assets) for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be paid (or recovered) according to the requirements of tax laws.

28.2 Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities

For temporary differences between the carrying amounts of certain assets or liabilities and their tax base, or between the nil carrying amount of those items that are not recognized as assets or liabilities and their tax base that can be determined according to tax laws, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized using the balance sheet liability method.

Deferred tax is generally recognized for all temporary differences. Deferred tax assets for deductible temporary differences are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized. However, for temporary differences associated with the initial recognition of goodwill and the initial recognition of an asset or liability arising from a transaction (not a business combination) that affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profits (or deductible losses) at the time of transaction, no deferred tax asset or liability is recognized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future. At the balance sheet date, deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates, according to tax laws, that are expected to apply in the period in which the asset is realized or the liability is settled.

Current and deferred tax expenses or income are recognized in profit or loss for the period, except when they arise from transactions or events that are directly recognized in other comprehensive income or in shareholders' equity, in which case they are recognized in other comprehensive income or in shareholders' equity, in which case they adjust the carrying amount of goodwill.

At the balance sheet date, the carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed and reduced if it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available in the future to allow the benefit of deferred tax assets to be utilized. Such reduction in amount is reversed when it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

(III) THE COMPANY'S SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - continued

28.3 Offset of Income Tax

When the Group has a legal right to settle on a net basis and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, current tax assets and current tax liabilities are offset and presented on a net basis.

When the Group has a legal right to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis or to realize the assets and liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities are expected to be reversed, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset and presented on a net basis.

29. Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

29.1.1 The Group as lessee under operating leases

Operating lease payments are recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease, and are either included in the cost of related asset or charged to profit or loss for the period. Initial direct costs incurred are charged to profit or loss for the period. Contingent rents are charged to profit or loss in the period in which they are actually incurred.

29.1.2 The Group as lessor under operating leases

Rental income from operating leases is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs with more than an insignificant amount are capitalized when incurred, and are recognized in profit or loss on the same basis as rental income over the lease term. Other initial direct costs with an insignificant amount are charged to profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred. Contingent rents are charged to profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred. Contingent rents are charged to profit or loss in the period in which they actually arise.

29.2 Accounting treatment of financing leases

29.2.1 The Group as lessor under finance leases

At the commencement of the lease term, the aggregate of the minimum lease receivable at the inception of the lease and the initial direct costs is recognized as a finance lease receivable, and the unguaranteed residual value is recorded at the same time. The difference between the aggregate of the minimum lease receivable, the initial direct costs and the unguaranteed residual value, and the aggregate of their present values is recognized as unearned finance income. Unearned finance income is recognized as finance income for the period using the effective interest method over the lease term. Contingent rents are credited to profit or loss in the period in which they are actually incurred.

The net amount of financial lease receivables less unearned finance income is separated into long-term debts receivable and the portion of long-term debts receivable due within one year for presentation.

30. Basis of determining significant accounting policies and key assumptions and uncertainties in accounting estimates

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note (III), the Group is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of items in the financial statements that cannot be measured accurately, due to the internal uncertainty of the operating activities. These judgments, estimates and assumptions are based on historical experiences of the Group's management as well as other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The aforementioned judgments, estimates and assumptions are reviewed regularly on a going concern basis. The effect of a change in accounting estimate is recognized in the period of the change, if the change affects that period only; or recognized in the period of the change and future periods, if the change affects both.

Key assumptions and uncertainties in accounting estimates

The followings are the key assumptions and uncertainties in accounting estimates at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in future periods.

30.1 Inventory Provision

Note III. (13) describes that inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price for inventories, less all the estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sales.

Operational procedures have been in place to monitor this risk as a significant proportion of the Group's working capital is devoted to inventories. Physical counts on all inventories are carried out by the management on a periodical basis in order to determine whether it is necessary to make provision in respect of any obsolete and defective inventories identified. This involves comparison of carrying amount of the aged inventory items with the respective net realizable value. The purpose is to ascertain whether provision is required to be made in the financial statements for any obsolete and slow-moving items. In this regard, the management is satisfied that adequate inventory provision has been made for obsolete and slow-moving inventories.

30.2 Bad debt provision

The Company makes bad debt provision for receivables when there is clear evidence that the recovery of receivables is uncertain. As the Company's management needs to judge historical record of debt recovery, debt aging, financial status of debtors and overall economic environment when evaluating the provision, the measurement of bad debt provision is uncertain. Although there is no reason to believe significant change will take place on the assumption on which the measurement of receivables is based, the carrying amount and provision of receivables will change when actual results are

(III) THE COMPANY'S SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES - continued

different from previous assumptions.

30.3 Deferred tax assets

The recognition of deferred tax assets is primarily subject to actual profit and actual tax rate employed by deductible temporary differences in the future. The recognized deferred tax assets will be reversed and recognized in profit or loss, when the actual profit is less than the expectation, or the actual tax rate is lower than the expectation. Furthermore, due to the uncertainty of whether there is enough taxable profit in the future for some subsidiaries, carrying forward losses of future years and deductible temporary differences are not fully recognized as deferred tax assets in these subsidiaries.

30.4 Fixed assets provision

The Group reviews whether there is any indication of impairment for the fixed assets at the balance sheet date. Impairment tests will be carried out when any indications of the book value may not be recoverable. If book value of assets or asset group is higher than the recoverable amount, there is impairment. An asset's fair value less costs to sell, is referenced to the price in a binding sale agreement in an arm's length transaction, adjusted for incremental costs that would be directly attributable to the disposal of the asset. When the current value of the expected future cash flow is forecasted, the management estimates the expected future cash flow of the asset or asset group, and selects the appropriate discount rate to determine the present value of future cash flow. Based on procedures mentioned above, the management of the Group considered that the provision has been sufficiently recognized.

30.5 Impairment of available-for-sale financial assets

On the financial statement date, the Group investigates the impairment risk of its available-for-sale financial assets. Those assets are hold by the Group for the purpose of strategic investment, and the Group will not decide to sell them due to temporary fluctuation on the stock price. The Group accrues the impairment of the asset when the asset meets the quantified impairment standard (Notes III, 11.3) set out by the Group. After considering all the complications, the management of the group believes that it is not necessary to accrual the impairment of the available-for-sale financial asset.

(IV) CORRECTION FOR ACCOUNTS IN PRIOR PERIOD

Retrospective adjustment for accounts in prior years	If approved	Influenced accounts in financial statements for the comparative period of 2015 and 2014	Influenced amounts in accumulation
In 2016, National Audit Office of the People's Republic of China ("Audit Office") audited the economic responsibility of the Company's original controlling shareholder Baosteel Group Co., Ltd. ("Baosteel Group"), and the scope of such audit has covered the Company. As the period of certain events involved in this audit has extended to the corresponding period, the Company makes retrospective adjustment for financial figures of prior years pursuant to the Audit Office's opinion.	Approved	Consolidated impairment losses of assets; Consolidated income tax expenses; Consolidated other comprehensive income Consolidated retained earnings; The correction has influenced above accounts listed in the consolidated financial statements, but not influence consolidated statement of shareholders' equity.	Consolidated income statement: Impairment losses of assets: add RMB 591,008,728.37 for 2014 and RMB 91,288,774.84 for 2015; Income tax expenses: less RMB 147,752,182.09 for 2014 and RMB 22,822,193.71 for 2015; Other comprehensive income: add RMB 443,256,546.28 for 2014 and RMB 68,466,581.13 for 2015. Consolidated balance sheet: Other comprehensive income: add RMB 443,256,546.28 for 2014 and RMB 511,723,127.41 for 2015 Retained earnings: add RMB 443,256,546.28 for 2014 and RMB 511,723,127.41 for 2015 No influence on the consolidated statement of shareholders' equity

(V) TAXES

Major categories of taxes and tax rates

Category of tax	Basis of tax computation	Tax rate
Value-added tax	Taxable revenue of goods sales	6%, %, 3% or 7%
Business tax(Note 1)	Taxable revenue	3% or 5%
City maintenance and construction tax	Actual turnover tax	1%~7%
Educational surtax and surcharge	Actual turnover tax	1%~5%
Enterprise income tax(Note 2)	Taxable income	Note 2
Overhead charges of river way	Actual turnover tax	Applicable rates set by the government
Property tax	Residual value of the taxable buildings or rental income	Applicable rates set by the government
Individual income tax	Taxable individual income	Applicable rates set by the government

Notes To The Financial Statements – continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- Note1: In March 2016, as approved by the fourth session of twelfth National People's Congress, the pilot schemes on levying VAT in place of business tax have been developed overall in nationwide since 1 May 2016, with all businesses tax payers of industries of construction, real estate, finance and living services etc included. Meanwhile, according to Notice on Full Launch of the Pilot Scheme on Levying Value-added Tax in Place of Business Tax (Cai Shui [2016] No. 36) which jointly issued by Ministry of Finance and Statement Administration of Taxation, since 1 May 2016, the Group has paid VAT instead of business tax for its interest income and lease income, etc., subjected to 6% VAT rate.
- Note2: The Company is subjected to 25% income tax rate on its taxable income. Subsidiaries of the Group are subjected to respective applicable income tax rates on taxable income. The income taxes of overseas subsidiaries of the Group are based on the relevant local laws and regulations on taxation.

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Cash and bank balances

ltone		Closing balance		(Opening balance	
Item	Foreign Currency	Exchange Rate	Amount in RMB	Foreign Currency	Exchange Rate	Amount in RMB
Cash:						
RMB			823,717.72			664,508.04
Bank :						
RMB			5,735,984,063.14			5,060,080,054.36
USD	395,825,032.90	6.9370	2,745,838,253.23	187,106,788.26	6.4936	1,214,996,640.23
JPY	5,211,030,036.79	0.0596	310,530,490.59	3,069,814,446.94	0.0539	165,462,998.69
EUR	72,096,106.05	7.3068	526,791,827.69	56,550,294.79	7.0952	401,235,651.60
HKD	7,283,110.71	0.8945	6,514,815.36	2,438,742.99	0.8377	2,042,935.00
Other currencies			84,866,471.31			59,976,539.75
Other currency funds:						
RMB			62,162,071.05			64,428,964.48
USD			-			-
Statutory reserve deposit with PBOC by Finance Co.			1,003,231,967.25			848,054,823.96
Total			10,476,743,677.34			7,816,943,116.11
Including: subtotal of deposit with overseas banks			2,832,516,636.25			1,639,426,680.42
Details of restricted bank balance are s	shown as follows:					RMI
tem				Closing balanc	e	Opening balance
Deposit reserve in central bank b	y Finance Co.			1,003,231,967.2	25	848,054,823.96

At 31 December 2016, RMB 2,832,516,636.25 (at 31 December 2015: RMB 1,639,426,680.42) was deposited in overseas banks. At 31 December 2016, apart from statutory reserves from the central bank, other currency funds of the Group mainly consist of cash for investment of RMB 8,006,848.75 (at 31 December 2015: RMB 316,726.75), bank acceptance bill's guarantee deposit of RMB 36,903,801.66 (at 31 December 2015: RMB 54,125,398.02), letter of credit's deposit of RMB 16,285,916.45 (at 31 December 2015: RMB 9,531,943.88) and credit card deposit of RMB 325,873.52 (at 31 December 2015: RMB 324,915.82), and etc.

2. Financial assets at FVTPL

		RME
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Held-for-trading financial assets		
Including: Investments in debt instruments	5,516,613.20	10,247,756.02
Investments in equity instruments	977,369,259.44	862,627,242.17
Derivative financial assets	139,977,912.03	-
Derivative financial assets	1,122,863,784.67	872,874,998.19

The management of the Company believes that there exists no significant obstacle in realizing the held-for-trading financial assets.

3. Notes receivable

(1) Categories of notes receivable

		RMB
Category	Closing balance	Opening balance
Bank acceptance	9,119,281,529.24	7,405,501,078.59
Commercial acceptance	1,098,005,283.25	787,097,624.19
Total	10,217,286,812.49	8,192,598,702.78

As at 31 December 2016, the Group has a carrying amount of RMB 1,216,034,193.05 of undue bank acceptance discounted. According to relevant acceptance discount contract, no short term borrowing is recognized (other than the discounted bank acceptance and commercial acceptance of RMB 17,983,343.93) due to lacking of recourse right as at 31 December 2016. (At 31 December 2015, the Group derecognised a carrying amount of RMB 1,630,486,437.98 of the discounted bank acceptance prior to its maturity, for no bank acceptance is recognized due to lacking of recourse right as at 31 December 2015 in accordance with relevant acceptance discount contract.

(2) Notes receivables of RMB 506,496,683.43 have been pledged as security at the end of the reporting period, which have been used for issuing acceptance payable.(31 December 2015: Nil)

(3) At the opening and closing of the year, there are no notes receivables due to any shareholders holding at least 5% of the Company's shares with voting power.

(4) Notes receivable due from related parties refer to Note (XI). 6 (1).

NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

4. Accounts receivable

(1) Disclosure of accounts receivable by categories:

										RMB
			Closing balance	Э		Opening Balance				
Category	Carrying amo	ount	Bad debt pro	vision		Carrying amo	ount	Bad debt pro	vision	
Calegory	Amount	Prop- ortion (%)	Bad debt provision	Prop- ortion (%)	Carrying amount	Amount	Prop- ortion (%)	Bad debt provision	Prop- ortion (%)	Carrying amount
Accounts receivable that are individually significant and for which bad debt provision has been assessed individually	2,369,206,742.91	21	55,660,132.84	2	2,313,546,610.07	1,611,241,932.67	17	40,613,092.34	3	1,570,628,840.33
Accounts receivables with provision accrued collectively on a portfolio basis	8,457,176,921.63	77	356,067,868.70	4	8,101,109,052.93	7,939,350,148.71	82	351,915,711.93	4	7,587,434,436.78
Accounts receivable that are not individually significant but for which bad debt provision has been assessed individually	177,914,384.74	2	177,914,384.74	100	-	130,707,350.43	I	1 30,707,350.43	100	-
Total	I I,004,298,049.28	100	589,642,386.28	5	10,414,655,663.00	9,681,299,431.81	100	523,236,154.70	5	9,158,063,277.11

Accounts receivable that are individually significant or not individually significant but for which bad debts has been assessed individually as at 31 December 2016:

	Closing Balance					
Content of accounts receivable	Amount	Bad debt provision	Proportion of provision (%)	Reasons for provision		
Accounts receivable that are individually significant	2,369,206,742.91	55,660,132.84	2	Notel		
Accounts receivable with long aging	177,914,384.74	177,914,384.74	100	Note2		
Total	2,547,121,127.65	233,574,517.58	/	1		

RMB

RMB

Accounts receivable that are individually significant or not individually significant but for which bad debts have been assessed individually as at 31 December 2015:

	Opening Balance					
Content of accounts receivable	Amount	Bad debt provision	Proportion of provision (%)	Reasons for provision		
Accounts receivable that are individually significant	1,611,241,932.67	40,613,092.34	3	Notel		
Accounts receivable with long aging	130,707,350.43	I 30,707,350.43	100	Note 2		
Total	1,741,949,283.10	171,320,442.77	1	/		

Note 1: The Group assessed the bad debt provision of accounts receivable which are individually significant separately. As at 31 December 2016, nil of bad debt provision is accrued for accounts receivable that are individually significant (as at 31 December 2015: Nil). By reference to the Note III.12, receivables for which bad debt provision is collectively assessed on a portfolio basis, as at 31 December 2016, an amount of RMB 55,660,132.84 is accrued as bad debt provision (at 31 December 2015: RMB 40,613,092.34).

Note 2: Provision for bad debt aged over 3 years is fully made due to a slim chance of recollection.

The aging analysis of accounts receivable is as follows:

								RMB		
		Closing balance					Opening balance			
Aging	Amount F	Proportion (%)	Bad debt (provision	Carrying amount	Amount	Proportion (%)	Bad debt provision	Carrying amount		
Within 1 year	10,234,446,868.90	93	312,708,518.27	9,921,738,350.63	8,896,959,848.03	92	3 4,46 ,324.78	8,582,498,523.25		
More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	314,445,383.91	3	47,748,848.54	266,696,535.37	378,613,268.11	4	35,400,252.29	343,213,015.82		
More than 2 years but not exceeding 3 years	187,124,573.69	2	51,270,634.73	135,853,938.96	187,468,604.13	2	42,667,227.20	144,801,376.93		
More than 3 years	268,281,222.78	2	177,914,384.74	90,366,838.04	218,257,711.54	2	130,707,350.43	87,550,361.11		
Total	1,004,298,049.28			10,414,655,663.00		100	523,236,154.70			

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NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

The aging analysis of bad debt provision in portfolio basis:

Asias	Clo	sing Balance	
Aging	Accounts Receivable	Bad Debt Provision	Proportion (%)
Within 1 year	7,865,240,125.99	257,048,385.43	3
More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	314,445,383.91	47,748,848.54	15
More than 2 year but not exceeding 3 years	187,124,573.69	51,270,634.73	27
More than 3 years	90,366,838.04	-	-
Total	8,457,176,921.63	356,067,868.70	4

			TG ID
A size	Ope	ning Balance	
Aging	Accounts Receivable	Bad Debt Provision	Proportion (%)
Within 1 year	7,285,717,915.36	273,848,232.44	4
More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	378,613,268.11	35,400,252.29	9
More than 2 year but not exceeding 3 years	87,468,604. 3	42,667,227.20	23
More than 3 years	87,550,361.11	-	-
Total	7,939,350,148.71	351,915,711.93	4

(2) Bad debt allowance accrual, reversal and change due to foreign currency translations.

For the year, the Company recorded a bad debt allowance of RMB 142,605,178.14, reversed bad debt allowance of RMB 79,917,721.04 due to collections, and increased bad debt allowance of RMB 4, 199, 428.90 due to foreign currency translations

(3) Accounts receivable write-off

	r\i*iD
Item	Write-off amount
Accounts receivable	480,654.42

- (4) Accounts receivable due from shareholders holding at least 5% of the Company's shares with voting power in the current period refer to Note (XI). 6 (2).
- (5) Top five customers with the largest balances

For period ended December 31 2016, the largest five debtors hold the account receivable balance of RMB 2,369,206,742.91, which accounts for 22% of total account receivable balance. The bad debt provision is 55,660,132.84 RMB.

- As at 31 December 2016, the Group has no accounts receivable mortgaged for a short-term borrowing by means of bank guarantee.(31 December 2015, a total carrying amount of RMB 500,000,000.00 of accounts receivable is mortgaged for a short-term borrowing of RMB 500,000,000.00 by means of bank guarantee) (6)
- At the end of the reporting period, no accounts receivables should be derecognized due to transfer of financial (7)assets.

5. Prepayments

Aging analysis of prepayments is as follows: (1)

				NID
Aring	Closing ba	lance	Opening ba	lance
Aging	Amount	Proportion (%)	Amount	Proportion (%)
Within 1 year	7,672,601,429.08	98	4,020,560,343.15	97
More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	93,180,453.69		79,983,246.13	2
More than 2 years but not exceeding 3 years	13,555,881.03	0	17,690,997.15	0
More than 3 years	20,951,592.80		41,374,233.18	
Total	7,800,289,356.60	100	4,159,608,819.61	100

As at 31 December 2016, prepayments with more than one year are mainly intended for purchase of large equipment used for projects under construction.

(2) Top five advanced payment to suppliers

As of December 31, 2016, top five balances of advanced payment to suppliers amounted to RMB 1,799,919,280.70, accounting for 23% of total advanced payment to suppliers.

At the opening and closing of the year, there is no prepayment to any shareholder holding at least 5% of the Company's shares with voting power. (3)

(4) Disclosure of prepayments by supplier categories is as follows:

	IN I
Closing balance	Opening balance
1,799,919,280.70	1,670,671,267.03
6,000,370,075.90	2,488,937,552.58
7,800,289,356.60	4,159,608,819.61
	1,799,919,280.70 6,000,370,075.90

RMR

RMR

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

(5) Prepayments due to related parties refer to Note (XI). 6 (3).

6.Interest receivable

(1) Interest receivable

		RMB
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Interest receivable	140,063,117.27	294,162,019.29

Category of interest receivable

		RMB
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Time deposit	1,098,958.20	1,949,868.15
Loans	5,679,342.86	1,119,658.85
Interest receivable from financial assets transfer (Note (VI).15 (note 1)	3 ,890,573.75	290,967,534.24
Others	1,394,242.46	I 24,958.05
Total	140,063,117.27	294,162,019.29

At the balance sheet date, the aging of interest receivable is within one year.

(2) Interest receivable due to related parties refer to note (VI), 6(4).

7. Dividends receivable

		RMB
Item(or Investee)	Closing balance	Opening balance
CISDI Engineering Co., Ltd. (note I)	23,852,647.00	23,852,647.00
Yongcheng Coal (Group) Co., Ltd.(note2)	-	127,017,186.28
Henan Pingbao Coal Co., Ltd.	-	12,000,000.00
Total	23,852,647.00	162,869,833.28

Note 1: As at 31 December 2016, the aging of dividends due from CISDI Engineering Co., Ltd. of RMB 23,852,647.00 in above dividends receivable are within two to three years. The management believes there is no recoverable risk in the above dividends receivable.

Note 2: As at 31 December 2016, as the management of the Group considers that it may be impossible to recover the dividends receivable form Yongcheng Coal (Group) Co., Ltd. amounted to RMB127, 017, 186.28. Such dividends have been transferred to other receivables and made bad debt provision in full amounts.

8. Other receivables

(1) Disclosure of other receivables by categories:

			by categories							RMB
Category		Closing balance				Opening balance				
	Carrying amount Bad debt provisi		vision	sion	Carrying amount		Bad debt provision			
	Amount	Pro- portion (%)	Amount	Pro- portion (%)	Book value	Amount	Pro- portion (%)	Amount	Pro- portion (%)	Book value
Other receivables that are individually significant and for which bad debt provision has been assessed individually	459,434,069.20	24	127,017,186.28	28	332,416,882.92	306,246,025.49	27	-	-	306,246,025.49
Other receivables with provision accrued collectively on a portfolio basis	,432, 6,84 .39	74	16,042,403.46	I	1,416,074,437.93	767,826,770.54	69	16,838,015.42	2	750,988,755.12
Other receivables that are not individually significant but for which bad debt provision has been assessed individually	41,950,343.83	2	41,950,343.83	100	-	39,744,095.49	4	39,744,095.49	100	-
Total	1,933,501,254.42	100	185,009,933.57	10	1,748,491,320.85	1,113,816,891.52	100	56,582,110.91	5	1,057,234,780.61

Notes To The Financial Statements - continued

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

Other receivables that are individually significant or not individually significant but for which bad debt provision has been assessed individually as at 31 December 2016:

		closir	ng balance	
Content of other receivables —	Amount	Bad debt provision	Proportion of provision (%)	Reasons
Other receivables with significant balances	459,434,069.20	127,017,186.28	28	Notel
Other receivables with long aging	41,950,343.83	41,950,343.83	100	Note2
Total	501,384,413.03	168,967,530.11	34	/
				RMB
		beginn	ing balance	
Content of other receivables —	Amount	Bad debt provision	Proportion of provision (%)	Reasons
Other receivables with significant balances	306,246,025.49	-	-	Note I
Other receivables with long aging	39,744,095.49	39,744,095.49	100	Note2
Total	345,990,120.98	39,744,095.49	11	/

Note 1: Other receivables with significant balances mainly consist of deposits paid to customs, electricity bureau, advances of project expense and receivables with low risk of collection such as amount due from related parties within the Group and receivables transferred from dividends receivable that are not expected to recover, refer to NoteVI, 7. The carrying amount of other receivables with significant balances for the Group is 459,434,069.20 (31 December 2015: RMB 306,246,025.49), and bad debt provision on such balances is RMB 127,017,186.28 (no bad debt provision was made as of 31 December 2015). The management of the Group believes that sufficient bad debt provision has been made for such other receivables.

Note 2: The possibility of collecting the above mentioned other receivables with long aging is very small. Therefore, the Company made full bad debt provision on the above other receivables.

Aging analysis of other receivables is as follows:

RMB								
		Closin	ig balance		Opening balance			
Aging	Amount	Propo- rtion (%)	Bad debt provision	Carrying amount	Amount	Propo- rtion (%)	Bad debt provision	Carrying amount
Within 1 year	1,415,564,117.93	73	7,506,038.95	1,408,058,078.98	875,319,421.55	79	8,134,692.17	867,184,729.38
More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	327,035,130.68	17	130,592,044.39	196,443,086.29	37,756,633.22	3	3,554,264.69	34,202,368.53
More than 2 years but not exceeding 3 years	12,828,870.19	I	4,961,506.40	7,867,363.79	131,301,356.72	12	5,149,058.56	126,152,298.16
More than 3 years	178,073,135.62	9	41,950,343.83	36, 22,79 .79	69,439,480.03	6	39,744,095.49	29,695,384.54
Total	1,933,501,254.42	100	185,009,933.57	1,748,491,320.85	1,113,816,891.52	100	56,582,110.91	1,057,234,780.61

The aging analysis of bad debt provision in portfolio basis:

			RME
Aging		Closing balance (note)	
Aging	Other receivables	Bad debt provision	Proportion (%)
Within 1 year	1,349,043,937.27	7,506,038.95	1
More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	46,171,882.24	3,574,858.11	8
More than 2 year but not exceeding 3 years	12,828,870.19	4,961,506.40	39
More than 3 year	24,072,151.69	-	-
Total	1,432,116,841.39	16,042,403.46	1
			RMB

Aging	Opening balance (note)				
Aging	Other receivables	Bad debt provision	Proportion (%)		
Within 1 year	701,356,412.16	8,134,692.17			
More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	37,756,633.22	3,554,264.69	9		
More than 2 year but not exceeding 3 years	19,250,716.62	5,149,058.56	27		
More than 3 year	9,463,008.54	-	-		
Total	767,826,770.54	16,838,015.42	2		

(2) Bad debt allowance accrual and reversal

For the year, the Company recorded a bad debt allowance of RMB 129,723,969.66, reversed bad debt allowance of RMB 1,312,802.80. The Company recorded an increase in bad debt provision for the current year of RMB 16,655.80.

(3) Accounts receivable write-off

item w	rite-off amount
Accounts receivable write-off	-

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

- (4) Other receivables due to shareholders holding at least 5% of the Company's shares with voting power in the current period refer to Note (XI). 6(5).
- (5) Top five others receivables

As of December 31, 2016, top five balances of other receivables amounted to RMB 459,434,069.20, accounting for 24% of total other receivables. RMB 127,017,186.28 of bad debt provision is made for the above accounts receivable from related parties.

- (6) At the end of the reporting period, no other receivables are related to government subsidies.
- (7) At the end of the reporting period, no other receivables should be derecognized due to transfer of financial assets.
- (8) At the end of the reporting period, no assets or liabilities have been formed due to transferring of other receivable and the related continuous involvement.

9. Financial assets purchased under resale agreements

		RMB
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Financial assets purchased under resale agreements	-	2,140,000,000.00

RMR

RMB

10.Inventories

(1) Categories of inventories

						ri*id
		Closing balance			Opening balance	
Item	Gross carrying amount	Provision for decline in value of inventories	Net carrying amount	Gross carrying amount	Provision for decline in value of inventories	Net carrying amount
Raw materials	8,705,300,905.80	253,397,967.21	8,451,902,938.59	2,946,702,429.03	127,758,317.36	2,818,944,111.67
Work-in-progress	8,744,775,813.32	519,498,645.09	8,225,277,168.23	7,228,761,440.83	443,789,510.43	6,784,971,930.40
Finished goods	16,189,886,444.28	701,839,072.92	15,488,047,371.36	I I,003,224,858.87	869,320,702.99	10,133,904,155.88
Spare parts and others	3,803,993,797.47	190,012,189.72	3,613,981,607.75	3,995,946,319.40	218,005,782.81	3,777,940,536.59
Total	37,443,956,960.87	1,664,747,874.94	35,779,209,085.93	25,174,635,048.13	1,658,874,313.59	23,515,760,734.54

(2) Provision for decline in value of inventories

	Restated opening		Decrease in the cu	Decrease in the current period		
Category of inventories	carrying amount after business combination involving entities under common control	Increase in the current period	Reversals	Write-off	differences arising on translation of financial statements denominated in foreign currencies	Closing carrying amount
Raw materials	127,758,317.36	268,428,003.11	142,788,353.26	-	-	253,397,967.21
Work-in-progress	443,789,510.43	280,670,592.15	203,168,202.61	2,275,064.10	481,809.22	519,498,645.09
Finished goods	869,320,702.99	289,965,262.79	448,311,736.80	10,559,142.01	I,423,985.95	701,839,072.92
Spare parts and others	218,005,782.81	102,916,684.04	5,747,094.90	125,163,182.23	-	190,012,189.72
Total	1,658,874,313.59	941,980,542.09	800,015,387.57	137,997,388.34	1,905,795.17	1,664,747,874.94

(3) Provision for decline in value of inventories

Item	Basis of making provision for decline in value of inventories	Reasons for reversal of decline in value of inventories for the period	Proportion of amount of reversal for the period to the closing balance of the relevant category of inventories
Raw materials	Carrying amount higher than net realizable value	Market price rebound or product cost reduction	2%
Work-in-progress	Carrying amount higher than net realizable value	Market price rebound or product cost reduction	2%
Finished goods	Carrying amount higher than net realizable value	Market price rebound or product cost reduction	3%
Spare parts and others	Carrying amount higher than net realizable value	-	-

(4) Closing balance of inventories including capitalized borrowing costs:

RMB

Notes To The Financial Statements – continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

No inventory was used for guarantee as at 31 December 2016, and no interest expense was capitalized in the closing balance of inventory as at 31 December 2016.

11. Non-current assets due within one year

		RMB
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Trust financial products	325,441,243.86	-
Accounts receivable from disposal of assets (note1)	4,500,000,000.00	4,500,000,000.00
Total	4,825,441,243.86	4,500,000,000.00

Note 1: Accounts receivable from disposal of assets due within one year is RMB4.5 billion, including RMB2.6 billion from Shanghai Baosteel Stainless Co., Ltd. and 1.9 billion from Baosteel Special Steel Co., Ltd. refer to Note (VI), 15 note (1).

Accounts receivable due from related parties in non-current assets due within one year refer to Note (XI).6(6).

12. Other current assets

	RMB
Closing balance	Opening balance
4,896,618,549.40	2,920,573,739.25
14,354,134,075.19	5,088,464,093.70
409,967,281.24	23,829,613.41
19,660,719,905.83	8,032,867,446.36
	4,896,618,549,40 14,354,134,075.19 409,967,281.24

Note: Financial products are non-guaranteed floating income, financial instruments with no active market quotation and major investing in money market, high credit grade bonds and trust plans (beneficiary rights) etc. The Group recognised the above financial products as other current assets due to the maturity of such products within one year.

13.Loans and advances to customers

(1) Category of loans and advances to customers

		RMB
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Loans	240,937,972.02	990,478,072.43
Discounts	3,142,141,965.03	1,412,450,723.68
Provision for loan impairment	(65,387,995.89)	(164,523,818.63)
Total	3,317,691,941.16	2,238,404,977.48

(2) Loan loss provisions

F	Restated opening	_	Decrease in the current period					
ltem	carrying amount after business combination involving entities under common control	Increase in the current period	Reversals	Write-off	differences arising on translation of financial statements denominated in foreign currencies	Closing carrying amount		
Loan loss provisions	164,523,818.63	34,999,177.26	34, 35,000.00			65,387,995.89		

Loans and advances to customers due to shareholders holding at least 5% of the Company's shares with voting power at the beginning and closing of the current period are nil.

Loans and advances to customers due to related party at the beginning and closing of the current period refer to Note (XI). 6(7).

(VI)NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued 14. Available-for-sale financial assets (1) Available-for-sale financial assets Closing balance Item Carrying value Provision Book value Available-for-sale debt instruments 2,279,900,591.70 50,240,011.70 2,229,660,580.00 11,584,774,178.20 694,345,754.93 10,890,428,423.27 Available-for-sale equity instruments 1,981,281,696.27 682,297,503.2 I 1,298,984,193.06 Including: Fair Value measurement

12.048.251.72

744,585,766.63

9.591.444.230.21

13,120,089,003.27

9.603.492.481.93

13,864,674,769.90

(2) Closing balance of available-for-sale financial assets using fair value measurement:

Categories

Total

Cost measurement

Amortized cost of debt instruments at the end of the year / Cost of equity instruments

Fair value at the end of the year

Accumulated amount recognized in other comprehensive income arising from the change of fair value

Impairment provision accrued

(3) Closing balance of available-for-sale financial assets using cost measurement:

Investees			
Investees	Opening balance	increase	decrease
CISDI	9,508,999.34	-	-
Shanghai Baosteel Xinyue Human Resources Service Co., Ltd.	-	I ,500,000.00	-
Shanghai Baoxin Digital Technology Co., Ltd.(Note)	-	600,000.00	-
Jinchuan Automation Engineering Co. Ltd.	1,000,000.00	-	-
Shanghai Huayi Information Technology Co., Ltd	3,000,000.00	-	-
Henan Longyu energy Limited by Share Ltd	370,269,254.56	-	-
Yongcheng coal (Group) Co., Ltd.	279,000,000.00	-	-
Henan Zhenglong Coal Industry Co Ltd	45,569,714.27	-	-
China First Capital Management Inc	3,000,000.00	-	-
Yantai iron and steel processing Co. Ltd. Po	5,600,000.00	-	-
Huarun land (Beijing) Co., Ltd.	1,618,750.00	-	-
Anhui merchants Limited by Share Ltd	3,000,000.00	-	-
Hanyang Spare Parts Co. Ltd.	3,311,720.00	-	-
Bao Hua Rui mining Limited by Share Ltd	103,282,213.00	-	-
Shanghai Luojing Ore Terminal Co., Ltd.	88,734,096.00	-	-
The Yangtze River Economic Development (Group) Limited by Share Ltd	980,000.00	-	-
Steam (Beijing) Automotive Lightweight Technology Research Co Ltd	3,000,000.00	-	-
Corex	5,000,000.00	-	-
Globalore Pte Ltd	16,011,054.60	859,309.20	-
Baometal S.r.L	14,319,532.64	427,051.12	-
PetroChina Pipeline Ltd (Note)	8,643,900,787.20	-	
Total	9,600,106,121.61	3,386,360.32	-

In September 2016, 85% of equity interest in Shanghai Baoxin Digital Technology Co., Ltd. ("Baoxin Digital") was disposed by the Group, and Baoxin Digital was not included in the consolidated scope thereafter. The remaining 15% of equity interest in Baoxin held by the Group is recognised as available-for-sale financial assets.

		RMB
	Opening balance(Adjusted)	
Carrying value	Provision	Book value
403,945,851.70	50,240,011.70	353,705,840.00
11,260,020,661.13	689,701,705.48	10,570,318,955.65
1,659,914,539.52	682,297,503.21	977,617,036.31
9,600,106,121.61	7,404,202.27	9,592,701,919.34
11,663,966,512.83	739,941,717.18	10,924,024,795.65

RMB		
Total	Available-for-sale equity instruments	Available-for-sale debt instruments
3,919,752,124.10	1,647,727,656.13	2,272,024,467.97
3,528,644,773.06	1,298,984,193.06	2,229,660,580.00
341,430,163.87	333,554,040.14	7,876,123.73
732,537,514.91	682,297,503.21	50,240,011.70

						RMB
Carrying balance				Provision	Proportion in the	Cash bonus
Closing balance	Opening balance	increase	decrease	Closing balance	investee (%)	Cash bonus
9,508,999.34	-	-	-	-	6.28	-
1,500,000.00	-	-	-	-	15.00	-
600,000.00	-	600,000.00	-	600,000.00	15.00	-
I ,000,000.00	-	-	-	-	7.13	-
3,000,000.00	-	-	-	-	15.00	-
370,269,254.56	-	-	-	-	12.96	103,680,755.16
279,000,000.00	-	-	-	-	7.78	-
45,569,714.27	-	-	-	-	4.91	-
3,000,000.00	666,024.47	1,044,049.45	-	1,710,073.92	5.00	-
5,600,000.00	-	-	-	-	10.00	-
1,618,750.00	-	-	-	-	0.09	-
3,000,000.00	-	3,000,000.00	-	3,000,000.00	3.53	-
3,311,720.00	3,311,720.00	-	-	3,311,720.00	20.00	-
103,282,213.00	-	-	-	-	50.00	18,996,768.00
88,734,096.00	-	-	-	-	12.00	-
980,000.00	-	-	-	-	0.15	28,000.00
3,000,000.00	-	-	-	-	6.90	-
5,000,000.00	-	-	-	-	6.25	-
16,870,363.80	3,426,457.80	-	-	3,426,457.80	14.29	-
14,746,583.76	-	-	-	-	10.00	-
8,643,900,787.20	-	-	-	-	3.52	-
9,603,492,481.93	7,404,202.27	4,644,049.45	-	12,048,251.72		122,705,523.16

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

(4) Provision movement of available-for-sale financial during reporting period

			RME
Categories	Available-for-sale debt instruments	Available-for-sale equity instruments	Total
Opening balance(Adjusted)	50,240,011.70	689,701,705.48	739,941,717.18
Accrued in current period	-	4,644,049.45	4,644,049.45
Including: transfer from other comprehensive income	-	-	-
Decrease in the current period	-	-	-
Including: transfer from fair value rebound	-	-	-
Closing balance	50,240,011.70	694,345,754.93	744,585,766.63

RMB

DMD

15. Long-term receivables

	(Closing balance		Opening balance			
Item	Carrying balance	Impairment provision	Book value	Carrying balance	Impairment provision	Book value	
Finance leases receivables	-	-	-	3,750,000.00	I 87,500.00	3,562,500.00	
including: Unrealized finance income	-	-	-	(101,250.00)	-	(101,250.00)	
Accounts receivable from disposal of assets (Note1)	4,500,000,000.00	-	4,500,000,000.00	9,000,000,000.00	-	9,000,000,000.00	
Less: Accounts receivable from disposal of assets due within one year (Note1)	4,500,000,000.00	-	4,500,000,000.00	4,500,000,000.00	-	4,500,000,000.00	
Accounts receivable from employee borrowings for down payment of first-time homebuyers (Note2)	218,565,000.00	-	218,565,000.00	72,180,000.00	-	72,180,000.00	
Others	-	-	-	3,330,708.90	-	3,330,708.90	
Total	218,565,000.00	-	218,565,000.00	4,579,260,708.90	187,500.00	4,579,073,208.90	

RMB 187,500.00 of bad debt provision has been reserved in this current period.

Note 1: In accordance with the Connected Transaction Bulletin (Lin 2012-05) issued by the Company on February 29, 2012, and the Supplementary bulletin of Proposal on Sales of Related Assets of Stainless steel and Special Steel Business Division issued by the Company on March 14, 2012, the Company transferred the assets and equities of the Stainless and Special Steel Business Division at the valuation value based on 31 December 2011 on the asset valuation report issued by Zhongzi Asset Appraisal Co., Ltd..

The Company completed the abovementioned asset transfer on April 1, 2012. The accounts receivable from disposal of assets is RMB22.5 billion and will be paid equally in five years. From 2013 onwards, the Company will receive both the interest and principal on the accounts receivable from disposal of assets on April 1 every year and the last payment on April 1, 2017. As of December 31, 2015, the closing balance of accounts receivable from disposal of assets is RMB.4.5 billion, including RMB2.6 billion from Baosteel Stainless and RMB 1.9 billion from Baosteel Special Steel. All of the accounts receivable mentioned above from disposal of assets will be due within one year.

Note 2: Employee borrowings for down payment of first-time homebuyers is provided to some employees with different loan limits, and bearing borrowing rate at 50% of that for Housing Provident Fund. The tenure is within 10 years. Early repayment or equal repayment shall be made since the third year after the borrowing. Employees shall make full repayment within 8 years.

Long-term receivables due from shareholders holding at least 5% (including 5%) of the Company's shares with voting power in beginning and end of the current period are nil.

Long-term receivables due from related parties in beginning and end of the current period refer to Note (XI). 6(8).

In this reporting period, no long term account receivable is recognized due to transferring of financial asset.

In this reporting period, no asset and liability are formed due to long-term account receivable continuous involvement.

16. Long-term equity investments

(1) Detail of long term equity investment are as following:

											RIMB
					Movement of c	urrent year					
Name of investee Opening balance	Incre- ase	Decr- ease	Profit and loss recognized under equity method	Other comprehensive	Other equity movement	Cash dividend and profits when announced	Provision for impai- rment	Oth- ers	Closing balance	Closing balance of impairment	
I. Joint ventures											
BNA	1,709,806,023.00	-	-	128,121,753.93	-	(93,080.83)	(84,701,078.06)	-	-	1,753,133,618.04	-
Bao-Island Enterprise	571,868,624.40	-	-	7,623,763.00	39,048,686.10	-	-	-	-	618,541,073.50	-
Shandong Baohua	75,041,834.57	-	-	(10,505,618.54)	-	-	-	-	-	64,536,216.03	-
JFE Steel Sheet	1,528,680,972.01	-	-	112,893,384.03	-	-	-	-	-	1,641,574,356.04	35,000,000.00
Baowei Auto Part	150,409,079.04	-	-	37,135,866.85	-	-	-	-	-	187,544,945.89	-
Changsha Baosheng	5,741,212.21	-	-	(1,965,559.86)	-	-	-	-	-	3,775,652.35	-
Baosheng Fineblanking	75,758,737.99	-	-	(3,681,616.13)	-	-	-	-	-	72,077,121.86	-
Wuhan Baozhang Auto Steel Part Co.	30,028,626.34	-	-	(338,564.38)	-	-	(13,951.20)	-	-	29,676,110.76	-
Wuhan Baohan Welder Co., Ltd.	3,011,680.24	-	-	943.48	-	-	-	-	-	3,012,623.72	-
Subtotal	4,147,335,109.56	-	-	269,284,352.38	39,048,686.10	(93,080.83)	(84,715,029.26)	-	-	4,373,871,718.19	35,000,000.00

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

Renwei Software	Opening balance	Increase	Decr- ease	Profit and loss recognized under equity method	Other comprehensive adjustment	Other equity movement	Cash dividend and profits when	Provi- sion for	Oth-	Closing balance	Closing balance of
Weld Company I Renwei Software I Henan Pingbao I Tianjin BCM I	2,831,840.50	-					announced	impa- irment	ers		impairment
Renwei Software Henan Pingbao 4 Tianjin BCM	2,831,840.50 411,604,835.83		-								
Henan Pingbao 4 Tianjin BCM	411,604,835.83	_	-	22,770,911.23	-	-	(28,936,188.78)	-	-	9,8 8,396.97	-
Tianjin BCM			-	299,784.46	-	-	-	-	-	3,131,624.96	-
		-	-	53,724,555.05	-	I,440,000.00	-	-	-	466,769,390.88	-
Wuxi Baomit	50,729,313.89	-	-	(12,570,592.58)	-	-	-	-	-	38,158,721.31	-
	68,294,250.55	-	-	640,308.30	-	-	(1,083,832.91)	-	-	67,850,725.94	-
Sichuan Daxing	28,148,728.61	-	-	(3,499,010.82)	(66,691.35)	-	-	-	-	24,583,026.44	-
Vietnam Can Making	62,317,797.88	-	-	4,344,091.82	4,255,222.31	-	-	-	-	70,917,112.01	-
Beijing Qingke	8,695,219.83	-	-	1,501,251.90	-	-	-	-	-	10,196,471.73	-
Zhengzhou Hongzhong	22,706,467.33	-	-	2,718,369.49	-	-	-	-	-	25,424,836.82	-
Guangqi Baoshang	58,118,195.72	-	-	3,392,735.26	-	-	(1,247,085.73)	-	-	60,263,845.25	-
Wuxi Baomeifeng	27,182,613.20	-	-	(2,825,075.93)	-	-	-	-	-	24,357,537.27	-
Foreign Service Baosight	4,994,178.57	-	-	(4,994,178.57)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Guangzhou Nansha	6,600,000.00	-	-	(408,597.05)	-	-	-	-	-	6,191,402.95	-
Tianjin Zhongzhi	8,863,455.09	-	-	(2,323,800.70)	-	-	-	-	-	6,539,654.39	-
WuHan BaoHan Welding Equipment Co., Ltd.	3,011,680.24	-	-	943.48	-	_	-	_	-	3,012,623.72	-
Shanghai Zhiji Information Technology Co., Ltd.	_	7,000,000.00	-	147,877.36	_	_	-	-	-	7,147,877.36	-
Shanghai Runyi Incubator Management Corporation Limited	-	3,000,000.00	-	(592,372.84)			-		-	2,407,627.16	-
Shanghai Batchsight Pharmaceutical Technology Co., Ltd.	_	I,600,000.00	-	(362,360.00)	ų	Ţ	-	-	-	1,237,640.00	-
Guangdong Zhanjiang Port Longteng Shipping Co., Ltd.	_	27,000,000.00	-	482,258.14		_		_	-	27,482,258.14	-
Cangcang (Shanghai) Supply Chain Management Co., Ltd.	_	400,000.00	-	72,161.45				_	-	472,161.45	-
Subtotal 8	890,082,251.76	39,000,000.00	-	62,519,259.45	4,255,222.31	I,373,308.65	(31,267,107.42)	-	-	965,962,934.75	-
Equity transferred from old system trade right due to non- tradable share reform	7,949,489.18		-						-	7,949,489.18	-
Total 5,0	045,366,850.50	39,000,000.00	-	331,802,668.35	43,303,908.41	1,280,227.82	(115,982,136.68)	_	_	5,344,771,518.40	35,000,000.00

No significant differences noted of accounting policies between the Group and its associates and joint ventures. In addition, liquidity of long term investment and investment income do not have material limitation.

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NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

17. Investment properties

Measurement model for investment properties

Investment properties measured on cost basis.

			RMB
Item	Building	Land use right	Total
I. Total original carrying amount			
1.Opening balance	209,756,400.58	318,321,681.83	528,078,082.41
2.Increase in the current year	32,069,710.02	-	32,069,710.02
(1)Transferred from fixed assets	32,069,710.02	-	32,069,710.02
3.Decrease in the current year	28,282,172.27	-	28,282,172.27
(1)Transferred to fixed assets	28,282,172.27	-	28,282,172.27
4.Closing balance	213,543,938.33	318,321,681.83	531,865,620.16
II. Accumulated depreciation and accumulated amortization			
1.Opening balance	94,344,350.13	60,396,566.96	54,740,9 7.09
2.Increase in the current year	20,118,741.16	8,226,162.64	28,344,903.80
(1) accrued or amortized amount	7,391,345.42	8,226,162.64	15,617,508.06
(2) Transferred from fixed assets	12,727,395.74	-	12,727,395.74
3.Decrease in the current year	15,532,964.54	-	15,532,964.54
(1) transferred to fixed assets	15,532,964.54	-	15,532,964.54
4.Closing balance	98,930,126.75	68,622,729.60	167,552,856.35
III. Provision for impairment losses			
1.Opening balance	-	-	-
2.Increase in the current year	-	-	-
3.Decrease in the current year	-	-	-
4.Closing balance	-	-	-
IV. Carrying amount			
1.Closing balance	4,6 3,8 .58	249,698,952.23	364,312,763.81
2.Opening balance	115,412,050.45	257,925,114.87	373,337,165.32

As of 31 December 2016, buildings and land use right with net amount of RMB 60,884,421.78 has yet to obtain certificate of titles (2015: RMB 65,330,877.26).

18. Fixed assets

(1) Fixed assets

					RMB
Item	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Transportation vehicles	Office and other equipment	Total
I. Original carrying amount					
1. Opening balance	58,192,962,216.19	153,426,584,898.87	18,889,378,362.09	18,039,508,531.23	248,548,434,008.38
2. Increase in the current year	11,646,840,472.36	21,061,899,133.46	1,535,162,755.58	5,569,192,914.76	39,813,095,276.16
(1)Acquisition	3,571,339.86	224,117,350.80	27,059,397.49	193,190,334.86	447,938,423.01
(2)Transferred from CIP	11,577,883,843.35	20,795,795,479.07	1,471,760,944.22	5,356,163,203.83	39,201,603,470.47
(3)Transferred from investment properties	28,282,172.27	-	-	-	28,282,172.27
(4)Transferred from other non- current assets	-	-	33,248,402.07	16,076,814.91	49,325,216.98
(5) Translation differences of financial statements denominated in foreign currencies	37,103,116.88	41,986,303.59	3,094,011.80	3,762,561.16	85,945,993.43
3.Decrease in the current year	350,245,623.27	2,638,612,106.69	369,047,241.83	571,277,488.63	3,929,182,460.42
(1)disposal or retire	148,511,475.85	2,412,794,473.03	368,938,741.86	564,030,217.73	3,494,274,908.47
(2) Transferred to investment properties	32,069,710.02	-	-	-	32,069,710.02
(3) transferred to other non- current assets	169,664,437.40	225,817,633.66	108,499.97	7,247,270.90	402,837,841.93
4.Closing balance	69,489,557,065.28	171,849,871,925.64	20,055,493,875.84	23,037,423,957.36	284,432,346,824.12

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NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

II. Accumulated depreciation:					
1. Opening balance	28,281,217,809.17	99,082,721,828.18	14,958,916,382.10	14,536,957,014.85	156,859,813,034.30
2. Increase in the current year	2,511,271,744.19	7,101,754,275.93	951,221,045.84	1,316,462,375.36	11,880,709,441.32
(1)Provision	2,490,783,287.56	7,097,792,407.36	940,451,087.55	1,303,591,965.97	,832,6 8,748.44
(2) Transferred from investment properties	15,532,964.54	-	-	-	15,532,964.54
(3) Transferred from other non- current assets	-	-	9,527,806.62	10,570,255.70	20,098,062.32
(4) Translation differences of financial statements denominated in foreign currencies	4,955,492.09	3,961,868.57	1,242,151.67	2,300,153.69	12,459,666.02
3.Decrease in the current year	202,236,654.49	2,198,368,714.40	320,588,581.78	536,679,360.27	3,257,873,310.94
(1)disposal or retire	126,604,018.03	2,072,353,543.47	320,484,421.81	530,276,181.39	3,049,718,164.70
(2) Transferred to investment properties	12,727,395.74	-	-	-	12,727,395.74
(3) Transferred to other non- current assets	62,905,240.72	126,015,170.93	104,159.97	6,403,178.88	195,427,750.50
4.Closing balance	30,590,252,898.87	103,986,107,389.71	5,589,548,846. 6	15,316,740,029.94	65,482,649, 64.68
III. Provision for impairment losses					
1. Opening balance	86,912,759.34	520,719,316.70	3,311,755.79	10,116,826.70	621,060,658.53
2. Increase in the current year	160,780,970.01	235,498,278.09	23,958,688.96	7,174,194.95	427,412,132.01
(1)Provision	160,780,970.01	235,498,278.09	1,100,428.34	2,310,708.36	399,690,384.80
(2) Transferred from other non- current assets	-	-	22,858,260.62	4,863,486.59	27,721,747.21
3.Decrease in the current year	102,717,303.05	97,299,258.26	-	976,705.58	200,993,266.89
(1)disposal or retire	-	3,019,487.52	-	160,176.39	3,179,663.91
(2) transferred to other non- current assets	102,717,303.05	94,279,770.74	-	816,529.19	197,813,602.98
(3)Translation differences of financial statements denominated in foreign currencies	-	-	-	-	-
4.Closing balance	144,976,426.30	658,918,336.53	27,270,444.75	16,314,316.07	847,479,523.65
IV. Carrying amount					
1.Closing balance	38,754,327,740.11	67,204,846,199.40	4,438,674,584.93	7,704,369,611.35	118,102,218,135.79
2.Opening balance	29,824,831,647.68	53,823,143,753.99	3,927,150,224.20	3,492,434,689.68	91,067,560,315.55

(2) Temporarily idle fixed assets

As at 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2015, the total carrying amount of temporarily idle fixed assets is Nil.

(3) Fixed assets leased out under operating leases

Item	Closing balance	Opening balance	
Buildings	980,789,823.91	416,723,646.04	
Machinery and equipment	124,982,827.08	385,081,696.38	
Transportation vehicles	16,084,244.42	127,315,264.45	
Office and other equipment	6,170,063.06	32,516,114.08	
Total	1,128,026,958.47	961,636,720.95	

(4) Fixed assets of which certificates of title have not been obtained

As at 31 December 2016, the property right of the buildings, amounting to RMB 21,584,311,054.36 (31 December 2015; RMB 2,868,428,719.17), is still in the process of being transferred to the Group.

(5) Details of movement of fixed assets:

As at 31 December 2016, the net carrying balance of net value of fixed asset is RMB 591,507,715.71 (at 31 December 2015 RMB 72,864,992.38) and that of land use right is RMB 89,428,894.55 (31 December 2015 RMB 67,699,345.04). Amount which use collateral to obtain long-term borrowing is RMB 17,211,642.08, borrowing due within one year is RMB 52,104,216.33,short-term borrowing is RMB 366,482,211.39. Total borrowing amounting to RMB 435,798,069.80 (31 December 2015; 66,654,085.10).

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Notes To The Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued $(\vee I)$ 19. Construction in progress (1) Details of construction in progress: Closing balance Item Carrying amount Provision for impairment Net carrying amount 10,347,418,988.98 1,037,512,765.77 9,309,906,223.21 Technical upgrade and infrastructure construction As at 31 December 2016, the Group does not have construction in progress as collateral to obtain loan. (2) Changes in significant construction in progress: Transfer from Increase in the Transfer from Transfer to fixed Transfer to Item Budget Opening balance investment current period fixed assets assets intangible assets properties Technical upgrade and infrastructure construction 37,408,493,583.17 34,438,681,114.96 15,540,727,661.64 (39,201,603,470.47) (106,795,601.47) (3) Impairment of construction in progress: Construction in progress Opening balance Nantong Steel 809,799,269.68 Chemical Co., 492,371.60 Total 810,291,641.28 20. Materials for construction of fixed assets

Item
Special materials
Special equipment
Others
Total

$(\vee I)$	NOTES TO ITEMS	IN THE CONSOLIDATED	FINANCIAL S	STATEMENTS- continued
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			balance	Opening			
et carrying amount	Ne	ment	Provision for impair		amount	Carrying	
33,628,389,473.68	33,628,389,473.68		810,291,		681,114.96	34,438,	
RM							
Capital sources	Capitalization rate for the period	Including: capitalized interest for the period	Accumulated capitalized interest	Amount invested as a proportion of budget amount (%)	Closing balance	Transfer to other current assets	Transfer to long-term prepayment
Self-funding & borrowing	3.915%-4.275%	433,141,238.87	790,448,059.24	28%	10,347,418,988.98	(179,875,442.82)	(143,715,272.86)
RM							
Closing balance				urrent period	ision charged for cu	Prov	
1,037,020,394.17				227,221,124.49			
492,371.60				-			
1,037,512,765.77				227,221,124.49			

Closing balance	Opening balance
5.863,958.76	1,862,806.16
43,945,769.33	23,817,920.30
5,623,852.38	20,369,734.06
55,433,580.47	46,050,460.52

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NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

21. Intangible assets

(1) Intangible assets

				RMB
tem	Land use right	Software	Others	Total
. Total original carrying amount				
1.Openinig balance	10,052,379,524.84	568,733,420.73	271,415,357.72	10,892,528,303.29
2.Increase in the current year	2,594,629,483.29	156,075,039.78	29,369,097.72	2,780,073,620.79
(1)Purchase	29,793,169.78	57,994,211.21	20,531,159.18	108,318,540.17
(2)Transferred from construction in progress	-	97,957,662.93	8,837,938.54	106,795,601.47
(3) Transferred from other non-current assets(note)	2,561,017,958.00	-	-	2,561,017,958.00
(4) Translation differences of financial statements denominated in foreign currencies	3,818,355.51	123,165.64	-	3,941,521.15
3.Decrease in the current year	5,026,990.00	-	-	5,026,990.00
(1)disposal	5,026,990.00	-	-	5,026,990.00
4. closing balance	12,641,982,018.13	724,808,460.51	300,784,455.44	l 3,667,574,934.08
I. Accumulated amortization				
1.Openinig balance	1,322,402,167.68	238,024,076.08	67,027,419.15	1,627,453,662.91
2.Increase in the current year	244,788,791.03	128,705,528.73	5,534,237.46	379,028,557.22
(1) Provision	244,773,864.60	128,644,984.19	5,534,237.46	378,953,086.25
(2) Translation differences of financial statements denominated in foreign currencies	4,926.43	60,544.54	-	75,470.97
3.Decrease in the current year	862,966.91	-	-	862,966.91
disposal	862,966.91	-	-	862,966.91
4. closing balance	1,566,327,991.80	366,729,604.81	72,561,656.61	2,005,619,253.22
II. Provision for impairment losses				
1.Openinig balance	-	-	13,610,153.50	13,610,153.50
2.Increase in the current year	-	-	-	-
(1) Provision	-	-	-	-
3.Decrease in the current year	-	-	-	-
1) Written off	-	-	-	-
4. Closing balance	-	-	13,610,153.50	13,610,153.50
V. Carrying amount				
1. Closing balance	11,075,654,026.33	358,078,855.70	214,612,645.33	I I,648,345,527.36
2. Opening balance	8,729,977,357.16	330,709,344.65	190,777,785.07	9,251,464,486.88

Note: According to the Prepaid Deposit Agreement for Land Use and the Supplementary Agreement of the Prepaid Deposit Agreement for Land Use signed and entered into by and between the Company's subsidiary Baosteel Zhanjiang Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. ("Zhanjiang Steel") and Zhanjiang People's Government, the prepaid deposit for land use will be transferred to intangible assets after the obtainment of land use right for the principal plant area.

Explanation of intangible assets:

As at 31 December 2016, land use rights without certificates is nil (at 31 December 2015: Nil).

As at 31 December 2016, the net carrying balance of fixed assets that the Group hold is RMB 591,507,715.71 (at 31 December 2015: RMB 72,864,992.38). The balance of land use right is RMB 89,428,894.55 (at 31 December 2015 RMB 67,699,345.04). Amount which use collateral to obtain long-term borrowing is RMB 17,211,642.08; long-term borrowings due within one year is RMB 52,104,216.33; short-term borrowing is RMB 366,482,211.39. Total borrowing is amounting to RMB 435,798,069.80 (at 31 December 2015: RMB 66,654,085.10).

22. Long-term prepaid expenses

				RMB
Opening balance	Addition in the current period	Amortization for the period	Recognized in the translation differences arising on translation of financial statements denominated in foreign currencies	Closing balance
150,769,291.99	164,341,445.19	32,091,476.68		283,019,260.50
8,676,914.56	565,508.09	I,480,095.64	2,169.42	7,764,496.43
805,396,557.48	-	25,366,820.76	-	780,029,736.72
1,330,708.50	-	591,426.00	-	739,282.50
91,003,915.84	1,990,238.24	33,263,958.09	8,711.69	59,738,907.68
1,057,177,388.37	166,897,191.52	92,793,777.17	10,881.11	1,131,291,683.83
	150,769,291.99 8,676,914.56 805,396,557.48 1,330,708.50 91,003,915.84	Opening balance current period 150,769,291.99 164,341,445.19 8,676,914.56 565,508.09 805,396,557.48 - 1,330,708.50 - 91,003,915.84 1,990,238.24	Opening balance current period the period 150,769,291.99 164,341,445.19 32,091,476.68 8,676,914.56 565,508.09 1,480,095.64 805,396,557.48 - 25,366,820.76 1,330,708.50 - 591,426.00 91,003,915.84 1,990,238.24 33,263,958.09	Opening balanceAddition in the current periodAmortization for the periodtranslation differences arising on translation of financial statements denominated in foreign currencies150,769,291.99164,341,445.1932,091,476.68-8,676,914.56565,508.091,480,095.642,169.42805,396,557.48-25,366,820.76-1,330,708.50-591,426.00-91,003,915.841,990,238.2433,263,958.098,711.69

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

Note: According to the "Agreement on Relocating Residents in Health Protection Area of Shanghai Meishan Iron and Steel Co., Ltd. in the 11th Five-Year Period" signed by Shanghai Meishan Iron and Steel Co., Ltd. in the 11th Five-Year Period" signed by Shanghai Meishan Iron and Steel Co., Ltd., ("Meishan Steel"), Banqiao sub-district office of Nanjing Yuhuatai District and Nanjing Yuhua Economic and Technological Development Zone Management Committee on 16 October 2012, residents within 1 kilometer from Meishan coke oven construction project are compensated by Meishan Steel at RMB 880,000,000, whereas Meishan Steel shall pay RMB 750,000,000.00 to Banqiao sub-district office of Nanjing Yuhuatai District, and RMB 130,000,000 to Nanjing Yuhua Economic and Technological Development Zone Management Committee, respectively. In accordance with the agreement, Meishan Steel has paid RMB 120,000,000 in 2012, RMB 510,000,000 in 2013, RMB 110,000,000.00 in 2014, RMB70,000,000,000 in 2015, and RMB10,000,000.00 in 2016, and RMB 60,000,000.00 unpaid to be recognized in non-current liabilities due within one year. The above compensation undertaken by Meishan Steel will be amortized in accordance with the remaining lives of the land for related construction project.

23. Deferred tax assets/deferred tax liabilities

(1) Details of non-deductible deferred tax assets

				RMB	
	Closing ba	alance	Opening balance		
Item	Deductible temporary differences	Deferred tax asset	Deductible temporary differences	Deferred tax asset	
Provision for impairment losses of assets	2,736,439,692.09	712,292,280.42	4,049,428,220.68	1,013,353,762.28	
Unrealized profit from inter-group transactions	269,353,478.15	67,338,369.59	48,827,028.32	12,206,757.08	
Deductible losses	1,469,273,816.11	367,318,454.03	50,621,260.76	12,655,315.19	
Difference in residuals of fixed assets	208,680.24	52,170.06	214,713.24	53,678.31	
Termination benefits	358,776,288.68	89,694,072.17	490,283,167.08	122,570,791.77	
Losses from changes in fair values	739,837,063.20	184,959,265.80	501,245,019.14	125,311,254.79	
Others	1,289,746,121.65	313,680,024.25	937,187,688.55	234,804,423.19	
Total	6,863,635,140.12	1,735,334,636.32	6,077,807,097.77	1,520,955,982.61	

(2 Details of non-deductible deferred tax liabilities

	Closing b	alance	Opening balance		
Item	Temporary taxable difference	Deferred tax liability	Temporary taxable difference	Deferred tax liability	
Overdue tax payment from investment income	2,952,923,075.30	539,102,274.46	2,484,949,935.95	442,584,276.06	
Profit or loss from unrealized internal transactions	I,442,564,624.67	360,641,156.17	-	-	
Others	10,825,487.21	2,765,893.74	10,514,696.00	2,665,395.63	
Total	4,860,890,160.26	1,016,153,567.64	2,533,272,437.95	454,701,623.19	

(3) Deferred tax assets or liabilities listed on a net basis

				RITID
	Closing balance for	Closing balance after	Opening balance for	Opening balance after
	offset	offset	offset	offset
Deferred tax assets	360,641,156.17	1,374,693,480.15	-	1,520,955,982.61
Deferred tax liabilities	360,641,156.17	655,512,411.47	-	454,701,623.19

(4) Details of deductible temporary differences that have not recognized deferred tax asset

Closing balance	Opening balance
2,549,986,660.64	1,625,271,620.29
9,235,230,011.97	9,883,597,331.62
54,400,468.62	8,468,952.44
11,839,617,141.23	11,517,337,904.35
	2,549,986,660.64 9,235,230,011.97 54,400,468.62

(5) Deductible losses, for which no deferred tax assets are recognized, will expire in the following years

,,	······································	RME
Year	Closing balance	Opening balance
2016	-	784,374,042.91
2017	2,866,409,466.45	3,196,360,047.92
2018	890,105,323.77	1,952,719,366.97
2019	1,085,489,351.97	1,085,489,351.97
2020	2,864,654,521.85	2,864,654,521.85
2021	1,528,571,347.93	-
Subtotal	9,235,230,011.97	9,883,597,331.62

RMB

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NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

24. Other non-current assets

		RMB
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Prepayment for land use right of Zhanjiang Steel	-	2,759,830,784.03
Prepayment for construction equipment	264,533,426.61	914,569,629.24
Loans due from Bao-Island Enterprise	117,905,780.14	117,905,780.14
Payment for Trust financial products	1,221,324,397.65	720,039,507.00
Luojing assets to be disposed (Note)	187,966,523.82	-
Others	38,432,039.98	١,629,299.59
Total	1,830,162,168.20	4,513,975,000.00

Note: As the plant of the Company in Luojing Area stopped production in 2012, relevant assets have entered into the stage of disposal and reuse arguments. In 2013, the Company transferred into construction in progress for assets in Luojing Area recognized as other non-current assets, which were intended to be used in fixed assets renovation projects subsequently. In this reporting period, the Company has argued the remaining assets in Luojing Area and planned to dispose all of them in the future.

25. Short-term borrowings

(1) Classification of short-term borrowings

		REB
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Secured loans with securities under the custody of lenders (note 1)	17,983,343.93	500,000,000.00
Mortgage loans (note 2)	366,482,211.39	39,348,927.24
Guaranteed loans	20,000,000.00	-
Unsecured and non-guaranteed loans	27,349,368,897.99	26,571,683,007.46
Total	27,753,834,453.31	27,111,031,934.70

DMD

DMD

RMR

At the balance sheet date, the interest rate of the Group's short-term borrowings dominated in RMB ranges from 2.95% to 4.785% per annum (2015: 3.30% to 5.89 % per annum); in USD from 1 month LIBOR+0.87% to 3 months LIBOR+2.45% per annum (2015: 3 months LIBOR+0.6% to 6 months LIBOR+2.8% per annum); in EURO from 0.25% to 1.50% per annum (2015: 0.95% to 3.49% per annum).

Note 1: Closing balances of 2016 refer to discounted but outstanding bank acceptance and commercial acceptance with right of recourses, seeing Note (VI). 3(1) for details. Closing balances of 2015 refer to borrowings obtained from factoring business through accounts receivable.

Note 2: Details are set out in Note (VI). 18(5) and Note (VI).21.

Bank facilities

As at 31 December 2016, the unutilized bank facilities of the Group approximate RMB121.889billion (at 31 December 2015; 85.908 billion). The management of the Company believes that the above mentioned facilities and the net cash flows from operating activities will be sufficient to repay the current liabilities due within one year.

26. Customer deposits and deposits from banks and other financial institutions

		RI™B
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Current deposits	1,378,410,006.53	1,296,771,357.09
Fixed deposits	7,937,556,142.50	8,713,208,778.73
Total	9,315,966,149.03	10,009,980,135.82

Customer deposits and deposits from banks and other financial institutions attributable to shareholders holding at least 5% of the Company's shares with voting power in the current period refer to Note (XI). 6(9).

27. Taking from banks and other financial institutions

		RI'IB
Item	Closing balance	Opening Balance
Taking from domestic banks	-	198,000,000.00

28. Notes payable

		IN ID
Category	Closing balance	Opening balance
Commercial acceptances	6,105,948,920.91	3,339,883,539.09
Bank acceptances	١,662,024,399.98	1,094,008,830.86
Total	7,767,973,320.89	4,433,892,369.95

Notes To The Financial Statements – continued

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

The above notes payable will due in year 2017.

As at 1 December 2016 and 31 December 2015, notes payable attributable to any shareholders holding at least 5% of the Company's shares with voting power is Nil.

Notes payable due from any related parties refer to Note (VI). 6(10).

29. Accounts payable

(1) Details of accounts payable are as follows:

		1418
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Accounts payable for equipment	4,768,859,566.36	5,282,089,642.19
Accounts payable for raw materials	21,441,779,283.24	16,103,815,633.32
Total	26,210,638,849.60	21,385,905,275.51

As at 31 December 2016, accounts payable aged over one year, i.e. RMB 986,668,752.41 in total (2015: RMB1,859,453,367.41), are construction fees for technical revamping and infrastructure projects with a long period of construction.

(2) Accounts payable due from any shareholder holding at least 5% of the Company's shares with voting power or from related parties in the current period refer to Note (XI). 6(11).

30. Receipts in advance

(1) Details of receipts in advance are as follows:

ltem	Closing balance	Opening balance
Receipts in advance	21,745,253,002.56	12,467,881,559.99

- (2) As at 1 December 2016 and 31 December 2015, the receipts in advance with significant balances in the Group are all aged within one year.
- (3) As at 1 December 2016 and 31 December 2015, receipts in advance due from any shareholders holding at least 5% of the Company's shares with voting power is nil.
- (4) As at 1 December 2016 and 31 December 2015, receipts in advance from related parties refer to Note (XI). 6(12).

31. Employee benefits payable

(1) Details of employee benefits payable

Item	Opening balance	Increase in the	Decrease in the current	Closing balance
1.Short-term employee benefits	1,499,672,917.38	8,784,770,473.20	8,649,799,847.45	1,634,643,543.13
2.Post-retirement benefit – defined contribution plan	1,635,753.48	1,160,112,614.44	1,160,032,946.71	1,715,421.21
3.termination benefits	170,444,790.56	93,354,677.56	105,731,018.68	158,068,449.44
Total	1,671,753,461.42	10,038,237,765.20	9,915,563,812.84	1,794,427,413.78

(2) Details of short-term employee benefit

				RME
Item	Opening balance	Increase in the current year	Decrease in the current year	Closing balance
 Wages or salaries, bonuses, allowances and subsidies 	1,143,192,881.44	6,852,527,738.57	6,724,814,028.26	1,270,906,591.75
II. Staff welfare	-	372,399,505.04	372,399,505.04	-
III. Social security contributions	1,752,198.55	593,914,000.19	594,426,511.65	1,239,687.09
Including: Medical insurance	661,028.23	460,263,076.18	460,261,778.84	662,325.57
Work injury insurance	39,400.32	23,045,666.83	23,010,997.40	74,069.75
Maternity insurance	51,079.03	43,865,676.83	43,862,903.20	53,852.66
Disability employment insurance	15,270.14	52,721,748.86	52,634,805.46	102,213.54
Others	985,420.83	14,017,831.49	14,656,026.75	347,225.57
IV. Housing funds	1,713,263.24	573,440,412.72	575,006,682.96	146,993.00
V. Labor union and education fund	188,686,109.65	218,666,275.80	184,740,954.79	222,611,430.66
VI. Short-term paid absences	-	137,479,292.42	137,479,292.42	-
VII Others	164,328,464.50	36,343,248.46	60,932,872.33	I 39,738,840.63
Total	1,499,672,917.38	8,784,770,473.20	8,649,799,847.45	1,634,643,543.13

RMB

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NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

(3) Defined contribution plan

				RMB
Item	Opening balance	Increase in the current year	Decrease in the current year	Closing balance
Basic pension insurance	1,139,790.50	927,724,683.28	927,497,049.40	1,367,424.38
Unemployment insurance	97,170.59	48,647,291.68	48,641,364.02	103,098.25
Annuity fund	398,792.39	183,740,639.48	183,894,533.29	244,898.58
Total	1,635,753.48	1,160,112,614.44	١,160,032,946.71	1,715,421.21

As at 31 December 2016, the employee benefits payable of the Group, amounting to RMB 947,040,898.48 (2015: RMB 947,040,898.48) is in line with pay-to-performance. There are no overdue employee benefits payable or non-monetary benefits as at 31 December 2016.

The Group has set up the pension fund insurance and employment insurance by the government regulation. According to the plan, the Group deposits employee's monthly basic salary into the insurance every month. Besides the mentioned expense above, the Group no longer bear any further payments. The relevant expenditure will be accounted into profit and loss or capitalized.

In the current year, the Group should deposit RMB 927,724,683.28 and RMB 48,647,291.68 into pension insurance and unemployment insurance, respectively (2015: RMB987, 463,145.83 and RMB 69,907,786.80 respectively). As at December 31, 2016, the Group has outstanding payments of RMB 1,367,424.38 and RMB 103,098.25 (2015: RMB91, 139,790.50 and RMB 97,170.59, respectively) for pension insurance and unemployment insurance. The relevant subsequent payments will be settled after reporting period.

32. Taxes payable

		RMB
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Value-added tax	759,427,761.44	(557,122,801.25)
Business tax	1,921.73	14,967,514.50
Enterprise income tax	2,402,444,838.14	1,824,943,777.30
Individual income tax	128,450,070.49	94,921,564.31
City construction and maintenance tax	39,722,925.64	24,878,561.18
Property tax	88,611,357.14	28,089,124.91
Others	309,974,358.99	267,637,334.02
Total	3,728,633,233.57	1,698,315,074.97

33. Interest payable

Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Interest payable on medium-term notes	135,467,397.26	13,272,131.15
Interest payable on borrowings	154,661,079.44	3 , 6,792.40
Interest payable on corporate bonds of Bao-trans	56,905,007.09	55,218,891.37
Total	347,033,483.79	199,607,814.92

RMB

Interest payable due to shareholders holding at least 5% of the Company's shares with voting power in the current period refer to Note (XI). 6(13).

34. Dividends payable

		RMB
Name of entity	Closing balance	Opening balance
Xinjiang Ba Iron Jiayu Industry and Trade Corporation	27,706,314.65	-
Guizhou Aluminum Plant	603,743.23	603,743.23
Others	22,022.21	22,022.21
Total	28,332,080.09	625,765.44

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

35. Other payables

(1) Details of other payables are as follows:

		RMB
Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Guarantee and deposit fees	445,908,707.72	473,438,875.33
Advanced fund	107,608,075.44	232,618,756.66
Transportation and port fees	29,944,436.06	29,172,718.40
Construction fees payable	623,776,640.41	753,624,742.69
Safety production risk fund	59,939,504.70	55,017,424.30
Principal and interest payable of investors' wealth management products (note)	1,472,729,157.17	617,501,551.55
Commission fees	7,819,118.87	9,600,400.11
Others	53,826,087.80	112,069,657.12
Total	2,801,551,728.17	2,283,044,126.16

Note: This item consists of the principal and interest payable of entrusted products offered by Ouyeel, the subsidiary of the Company invested by investors,

- (2) As at 1 December 2016 and 31 December 2015, details of other payables attributable to shareholders holding at least 5% of the Company's shares with voting power or to related parties refer to Note (XI). 6(14).
- (3) Description of significant other payables aged more than one year:

The other payables aged more than one year amount to RMB 88,281,748.04 (2015: RMB 80,876,110.33), which are mainly composed of deposits payable that the Company hasn't paid due to long-term service contracts.

36. Non-current liabilities due within one year

(1) Details of non-current liabilities due within one year are as follows:

Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Long-term borrowings due within one year	94,697,246.02	38, 4,896. 8
Long-term payables due within one year	60,000,000.00	70,000,000.00
Total	154,697,246.02	208,114,896.18

(2) Long-term borrowings due within one year

As at December 31 2016, the Group holds balance of long-term borrowing due within one year in RMB94,697,246.02 (December 31 2015: RMB 138,114,896.18). See note (VI). 18(5) for more details of collateral regarding long-term borrowings.

(3) Long-term payables due within one year

ltem	Closing balance	Opening balance I
Payables on compensation for relocation (note)	60,000,000.00	70,000,000.00
Total	60,000,000.00	70,000,000.00

Note: Details of the payables for on compensation for relocation refer to Note (VI). 22 Note.

37. Other current liabilities

(1) Other current liabilities:

Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Short-term financing bills	18,052,896,712.32	10,057,344,262.30
Others	897,742.97	-
Total	18,053,794,455.29	10,057,344,262.30

RMB

RMB

(VI)

Notes To The Financial Statements – continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

(2) Changes of short-term financing bills

Name	Par value	Issue date	Terms of financing bills	Issue amount	
Bonds payable - short-term financing bills(Note1)	10,000,000,000.00	26/10/2015	l years	10,000,000,000.00	
Bonds payable - super-short-term financing bills (Note2)	5,000,000,000.00	21/01/2016	270 days	5,000,000,000.00	
Bonds payable - super-short-term financing bills(Note2)	5,000,000,000.00	23/02/2016	270 days	5,000,000,000.00	
Bonds payable - super-short-term financing bills(Note2)	3,000,000,000.00	14/11/2016	270 days	3,000,000,000.00	
Bonds payable - super-short-term financing bills(Note2)	5,000,000,000.00	17/11/2016	180 days	5,000,000,000.00	
Bonds payable - super-short-term financing bills(Note2)	5,000,000,000.00	24/11/2016	210 days	5,000,000,000.00	
Bonds payable - super-short-term financing bills(Note2)	5,000,000,000.00	1/12/2016	240 days	5,000,000,000.00	
Total	38,000,000,000.00			38,000,000,000.00	

Note I: According to the "Proposal on direct financing in domestic and overseas market" approved by the first extraordinary general meeting on 26 January 2015, the Company is eligible to issue short-term financing bills with principal no more than RMB 10 billion(including RMB10 billion) in National Association of Financial Market Institutional Investors. The first issuance of RMB 10 billion was made on 26 October 2015 at par value of RMB 100 per bill. The tenure is 366 days and annual rate is 3.18%. Interests and the principle are paid in lump sum when it is due. According to the "Proposal on increment of issued super-short-term financing bills with principal are paid in lump sum and the company is eligible to issue super-short-term financing bills with principal no more than RMB 30 billion (including RMB30 billion) in National Association of Financial Market Institutional Investors.

38. Long-term borrowings

(1) Categories of long-term borrowings

ltem	
Unsecured and non-guaranteed loans	
Secured loans with securities under the custody of the Group (note)	
Guaranteed loans	
Total	

Note: Details of secured loans with securities under the custody of the Group are set out in Note (V). 18(5) and Note (VI).21.

NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

Among the borrowing mentioned above, the interest rate of borrowings dominated in USD ranges from 3 months LIBOR+1.75% to 3 months LIBOR+2.55% per annum; in JPY 1% per annum; in KRW 2

(2) Top five balances of long-term borrowings

As at 31 December 2016, the top five balances of long-term borrowings sum to RMB 295,774,017.08 (31 December 2015; RMB 2,367,500,000.00)

39. Bonds payable

(1) Bond payable

Item	
Bao-trans Corporate Bond	
Medium-term notes	
Total	

(2) Movement of bond payable

Name of bond	Par value	Issue date	Term of the bond	Issue amount	Opening balance	Issue in the current year	
Bao-trans bonds (note 1)	USD 500,000,000.00	5-Dec-2013	5years	USD 500,000,000.00	3,218,167,625.69	-	
Bao-trans bonds (note 2)	EUR 500,000,000.00	22-Feb-2015	3years	EUR 500,000,000.00	3,529,206,333.60	-	
Total					6,747,373,959.29	-	
Name of bills	Par value	Issue date	Term of the bills	Issue amount	Opening balance	Issue in the current year	
Medium-term notes (15Baosteel MMT001)(Note3)	2,000,000,000.00	26-Oct-2015	3years	RMB 2,000,000,000.00	2,000,000,000.00	-	
Medium-term notes (16Baosteel MMT001)(Note4)	5,000,000,000.00	22-Mar-2016	3years	RMB 5,000,000,000.00	-	5,000,000,000.00	
Total					2,000,000,000.00	5,000,000,000.00	

Note 1: In December 2013, Baotrans Co., Ltd ("Baotrans"), a subsidiary of the Company was approved by the year 2012 general shareholders' meeting on 26 April 2013 to issue bonds denominated in US dollar in Hong Kong with the amount of USD 0.5 billion and duration of 5 years in accordance with the resolution of the shareholders' meeting of Developing Direct Financing. Baotrans issued bonds with issuing price 99.199% of par value (USD 0.5 billion) and fixed interest rate 3.75% per annum on 5 December 2013. Interest will be paid semi-annually on June 12 and December; respectively. The bond will be due on 12 December; 2018.

Note 2: Baotrans Co., Ltd ("Baotrans"), a subsidiary of the Company was approved to issue bonds denominated in Euro with the amount no more than EUR 1 billion (including EUR 1 billion) in accordance with the resolution of the first interim meeting of shareholders' meeting of Developing Direct Financing on 26 January 2015. On 23 February 2015, Baotrans issued bonds with principal of EUR500 million at discount of 99.713% of principal. The fixed interest rate is 1.625% per annum, interest will be paid on every 23 February annually and the bond will be due on 23 February 2018.

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

				RMB
Issue in this period	Accrued interest based on book value	The premium and discount amortization	Payment in the current year	Closing balance
-	261,369,863.01	-	10,318,714,125.31	-
5,000,000,000.00	107,260,273.97	-	5,107,260,273.97	-
5,000,000,000.00	102,441,095.89	-	5,102,441,095.89	-
3,000,000,000.00	12,321,369.86	-	-	3,012,321,369.86
5,000,000,000.00	15,791,780.82	-	-	5,015,791,780.82
5,000,000,000.00	13,482,191.78	-	-	5,013,482,191.78
5,000,000,000.00	11,301,369.86	-	-	5,011,301,369.86
28,000,000,000.00	523,967,945.19		20,528,415,495.17	18,052,896,712.32
	5,000,000,000.00 5,000,000,000.00 3,000,000,000.00 5,000,000,000.00 5,000,000,000.00 5,000,000,000.00	ISSUE In this period on book value - 261,369,863,01 5,000,000,000,00 107,260,273,97 5,000,000,000,00 102,441,095,89 3,000,000,000,00 12,321,369,86 5,000,000,000,00 15,791,780,82 5,000,000,000,00 13,482,191,78 5,000,000,000,00 11,301,369,86	Issue in this period on book value discount amortization - 261,369,863.01 - 5,000,000,000.00 107,260,273.97 - 5,000,000,000.00 102,441,095.89 - 3,000,000,000.00 12,321,369.86 - 5,000,000,000.00 15,791,780.82 - 5,000,000,000.00 13,482,191.78 - 5,000,000,000.00 11,301,369.86 -	ISSUE In this period on book value discount amortization year - 261,369,863.01 - 10,318,714,125.31 5,000,000,000.00 107,260,273.97 - 5,107,260,273.97 5,000,000,000.00 102,441,095.89 - 5,102,441,095.89 3,000,000,000.00 12,321,369.86 - - 5,000,000,000.00 15,791,780.82 - - 5,000,000,000.00 13,482,191.78 - - 5,000,000,000.00 11,301,369.86 - -

Note 2: According to the "Proposal on increment of issued super-short-term and short-term financing liabilities " approved by the second extraordinary general meeting on 18 November 2015, the Company is eligible to issue super-short-term financing bills with principal no more than RMB 30 billion (including RMB30 billion) in National Association of Financial Market Institutional Investors. The first issuance of RMB 5 billion in 2016 was made on 21 January 2016 at par value of RMB 100 per bill, with tenure of 270 days and annual rate of 2.8%. The third issuance of RMB 5 billion in 2016 at par value of RMB 100 per bill, with tenure of 2.70 days. The third issuance of RMB 5 billion in 2016 at par value of RMB 100 per bill, with tenure of 2.78%. The fourth issuance of RMB 5 billion in 2016 at par value of RMB 100 per bill, with tenure of 2.63%. The fourth issuance of RMB 5 billion in 2016 at par value of RMB 100 per bill, with tenure of 2.63%. The fourth issuance of RMB 5 billion in 2016 at par value of RMB 100 per bill, with tenure of 2.62%. The first issuance of RMB 5 billion in 2016 was made on 24 November 2016 at par value of RMB 100 per bill, with tenure of 2.62%. The first issuance of RMB 5 billion in 2016 was made on 24 November 2016 at par value of RMB 100 per bill, with tenure of 2.66%. The sixth issuance of RMB 5 billion in 2016 was made on 1 December 2016 at par value of RMB 100 per bill, with tenure of 2.75%.

	RMB
Closing balance	Opening balance
278,562,375.00	9,088,269,188.03
17,211,642.08	21,995,157.86
690,063.78	762,038.79
296,464,080.86	9,111,026,384.68

717% per annum; and in RMB from 4.275% to 5.39% per annum.

RM	B

Closing balance	Opening balance
7,076,920,848.12	6,747,373,959.29
7,000,000,000.00	2,000,000,000.00
14,076,920,848.12	8,747,373,959.29

R	М	R

Closing balance	Exchange gains or losses and others	Closing interest payable	Payment in the current year	Accrued interest based on par value	Opening interest payable
3,447,878,149.45	232,487,148.75	6,503,437.50	127,201,875.00	124,840,937.51	6,087,750.00
3,629,042,698.67	99,003,537.81	50,401,569.59	57,614,941.15	59,718,196.63	49,131,141.37
7,076,920,848.12	331,490,686.56	56,905,007.09	184,816,816.15	184,559,134.14	55,218,891.37
Closing balance	Exchange gains or losses and others	Closing interest payable	Payment in the current year	Accrued interest based on par value	Opening interest payable
2,000,000,000.00	-	13,308,493.15	73,600,000.00	73,636,362.00	13,272,131.15
5,000,000,000.00	-	22, 58,904.	-	22, 58,904.	-
7,000,000,000.00	-	I 35,467,397.26	73,600,000.00	195,795,266.11	13,272,131.15

Note 3: According to the "Proposal on direct financing in domestic and overseas market" approved by first extraordinary shareholders meeting on 26 January 2015, the Company is eligible to issue medium-term notes with principal no more than RMB 20 billion (including RMB 20 billion). The principal of this issuance is RMB 20 billion in the current period at par value with tenure of 3 years and interest rate of 3.68% per annum. Interests are paid annually and the principle is paid in lump sum when it is due. The value date is 26 October 2015, and the principle will be paid on 26 October 2018.

Note 4: As at 22 March 2016, the Company made the first issuance of medium-term notes amounting RMB 5 billion at par value, with tenure of 3 years and annual interest rate of 3.14 %. Interests are paid annually and the principle is paid in lump sum when it is due. The value date is 22 March 2016, and the principle will be paid on 22 March 2019.

NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

Long-term payables		
		RMB
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Accounts payable for relocation expense of Mei steel coke oven	60,000,000.00	70,000,000.00
Less: Long-term payables due within one year	60,000,000.00	70,000,000.00
Repurchase Obligation for Employee Stock Option(Note)	49,879,268.00	82,585,917.00
Total	49,879,268.00	82,585,917.00

Note: As at December 31 2016, liability causing by repurchase obligation for employee stock option has recognized, amounting to RMB 49,879,268.00. Refer to Note (XII).1

41. Long-term employment benefits payable

		RMB
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Termination benefits-net liability from defined benefit plan	-	-
Termination benefits	222,216,606.05	328,307,328.96
Other long-term employment benefits	-	-
Total	222,216,606.05	328,307,328.96

42. Special payables

				RMB
Item	Opening balance	Increase in the current period	Decrease in the current period	Closing balance
Government appropriation	292,916,697.81	3,290,000.00	34,346,697.81	261,860,000.00

43. Deferred income

Item	Opening balance	Increase in the current period	Decrease in the current period	Closing balance
Government subsidies (note)	1,092,839,458.77	197,876,306.65	181,973,961.23	1,108,741,804.19

RMB

RMB

Note: Details of deferred income-Government grants:

ltem	Opening balance	Increased subsidies	Recognized in non-operating income	Other increases	Closing balance	Assets related/ Income related
Key industries and comprehensive technology transformation projects	735,125,069.31	192,095,791.44	95,913,094.77	36,690,433.95	794,617,332.03	Assets related
Interest allowance on special loan	129,612,595.96	-	9,733,692.14	-	9,878,903.82	Assets related
Compensation from relocation	95,377,267.33	-	6,288,560.02	-	89,088,707.31	Assets related
Allowance for infrastructure	96,470,782.40	-	8,026,318.07	-	88,444,464.33	Assets related
High-tech subsidies of Baosight	34,671,618.71	5,780,515.21	23,409,737.22	330,000.00	16,712,396.70	Income related
Other	1,582,125.06	-	769,031.00	813,094.06	-	Income related
Total	1,092,839,458.77	197,876,306.65	44, 40, 433.22	37,833,528.01	1,108,741,804.19	

44. Other non-current liabilities

		RMB
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Other	315,720.00	7,134,514.14

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(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

45. Share capital

As at 31 December 2016 the registered and paid-in capital of the Company totals at RMB16, 450,393,624.00 with par value of RMB1.00 each. The share class and structure are set out as follows:

	Opening balance	New issue of shares	Bonus issue	Capitalization of surplus reserve	Others	Subtotal	Closing balance
2016							
I. Restricted share	43,238,700.00	-	-	-	(17,123,900.00)	(17,123,900.00)	26,114,800.00
II. Tradable shares							
1.Ordinary shares denominated in RMB	16,424,278,824.00	-	-	-	-	-	16,424,278,824.00
III. Total shares	16,467,517,524.00	-	-	-	(17,123,900.00)	(17,123,900.00)	16,450,393,624.00
2015							
I. Restricted share	46,747,200.00	-	-	-	(3,508,500.00)	(3,508,500.00)	43,238,700.00
II. Tradable shares							
1.Ordinary shares denominated in RMB	16,424,278,824.00	-	-	-	-	-	16,424,278,824.00
III. Total shares	16,471,026,024.00	-	-	-	(3,508,500.00)	(3,508,500.00)	16,467,517,524.00

According to "The Board's Resolution on the motion of repurchase shares of the Company by centralized bidding", "The creditors' notice about repurchase shares of Baoshan Iron & Steel Co., Ltd.", "The 2012 second Resolution of extraordinary shareholders meeting of Baoshan Iron & Steel Co., Ltd." and the Company's revised Articles of Association, the Company repurchased A-shares on Shanghai Stock Exchange by centralized bidding with price of no more than RMB 5 per share and amount of no more than RMB5 billion in total. The first repurchase bagen on 21 September 2012, and the Company has repurchased 414,055,508 shares as at 31 December 2012. According to the resolution of shareholders meetings and the Company's revised Articles of Association, the Company applied for reduction of share capital of RMB0.39 billion, and finished all procedures in China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited., Shanghai Branch on 20 December 2012. The Company updated all commercial registration, and the updated registered share capital is RMB 17,122,048,088.00 as at 31 December 2012. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu CPA Ltd. has verified the change in share capital and issued the capital verification report (De Shi Bao (Yan) Zi (12) No.0078)...

Up to 2013, the Company has completed the implementation of the share repurchase scheme, whereby the Company repurchased 626,267,656 shares in 2013. According to the resolution of shareholders meeting and the Company's revised Articles of Association, the Company applied for reduction of share capital amounting to RMB 650,323,164 and finished all procedures in China Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation Limited., Shanghai Branch on 23 May 2013. The Company completed the above-mentioned procedures on 24 June 2013 and the registered capital and share capital of the Company was updated to RMB 16,471,724,924.00.

The share capital decreased 21,331,300 shares due to repurchase of restricted shares not meeting unlocked conditions in 2014, 2015 and 2016,including 698,900 shares in 2014, 3,508,500 shares in 2015 and 17,123,900 in 2016. As of the end of the reporting period, the registered capital and dividends of the Company amounts to RMB16,450,393,624, in which Baosteel Group held 11,523,385,833 shares out of 16,424,278,824 shares of unrestricted ordinary shares dominated in RMB, accounting for 70.05% of ownership interests.

46. Capital reserve

Item 2016: Capital premium Including: Reserve from conversion of state- owned shares Share premium Difference arising from business combination under common control Share-based payment recognized in capital reserve	5,726,556,609,73 26,142,311,333,40 116,748,214.86	Increase in the year - 16,489,538.77	24.842.815.23	Closing balance 5,726,556,609.73
Including: Reserve from conversion of state- owned shares Share premium Difference arising from business combination under common control Share-based payment recognized in capital	26,142,311,333.40	-	-	5,726,556,609.73
owned shares Share premium Difference arising from business combination under common control Share-based payment recognized in capital	26,142,311,333.40	-	-	5,726,556,609.73
Difference arising from business combination under common control Share-based payment recognized in capital		16,489,538.77	24 042 015 22	
under common control Share-based payment recognized in capital	116,748,214.86		24,042,013.23	26,133,958,056.94
		-	3,834,057.09	112,914,157.77
	20,452,805.91	12,917,561.64	3,431,756.19	29,938,611.36
Provision for equity investment (Note 2)	47,799,329.25	1,440,000.00	159,772.18	49,079,557.07
Other capital reserves	1,686,013,797.47	30,607,341.84	-	1,716,621,139.31
Total	33,739,882,090.62	61,454,442.25	32,268,400.69	33,769,068,132.18
2015:				
Capital premium				
Including: Reserve from conversion of state- owned shares	5,726,556,609.73	-	-	5,726,556,609.73
Share premium(Note 1)	25,645,904,188.92	499,599,879.48	3,192,735.00	26,142,311,333.40
Difference arising from business combination under common control	116,748,214.86	-	-	116,748,214.86
Share-based payment recognized in capital reserve	16,017,078.49	12,917,561.63	8,481,834.21	20,452,805.91
Provision for equity investment (Note 2)	49,081,586.47	43, 25.00	1,425,382.22	47,799,329.25
Other capital reserves (Note 3)	1,699,638,311.28	2,699,300.00	16,323,813.81	1,686,013,797.47
Total		515,359,866.11		

RMR

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

Note I: The increase in capital premium constitutes of the difference between the Company's capital contribution in Ouyeel and the net carrying amount of assets it holds in Ouyeel, as the Company transferring its equity from Baosteel E-commerce to Ouyeel in 2015.

Note 2: Changes in provision for equity investment is due to the movement of capital reserve of joint ventures and associates the Group accounts for by using equity method.

Note 3: The decrease in capital reserve mainly constitutes of the difference between the consideration payment for acquisition of Guangzhou Steel Sheet and the net assets of minority interests that the Company acquired.

47. Treasury shares

	RMB
Item	Amount
2016	
Opening balance	82,585,917.00
Decrease in the year	
Cancellation (Note(XII). 1)	(32,706,649.00)
Closing Balance	49,879,268.00
	RMB
Item	Amount
2015	
Opening balance	89,287,152.00
Decrease in the year:	
Cancellation	(6,701,235.00)

48. Other Comprehensive income

			Chang	e for the period			
Item	Opening balance (adjusted)	Amount before tax	Less: transfer to profit or loss from other comprehensive income in previous years	Less: income tax expense	Attributable to the owner of the Company (after tax)	Minority interest (after tax)	Closing balance
I. Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	-	-		-	-	-	
II. Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	(485,864,832.68)	484,801,582.15	13,371,166.10	31,044,447.87	425,775,007.09	14,610,961.09	(60,089,825.59)
Include: Amounts of other comprehensive income attributes to investees that are to be reclassified into profit or loss under equity method	(66,998,586.15)	43,303,908.41	-	-	43,303,908.41	-	(23,694,677.74)
Fair value gain/loss on available-for-sale financial assets	153,207,926.60	1 37,548,957.58	13,371,166.10	31,044,447.87	97,364,017.52	(4,230,673.91)	250,571,944.12
Translation differences arising on translation of financial statements denominated in foreign currencies	(572,074,173.13)	303,948,716.16	-	-	285,107,081.16	18,841,635.00	(286,967,091.97)
Other comprehensive income	(485,864,832.68)	484,801,582.15	13,371,166.10	31,044,447.87	425,775,007.09	14,610,961.09	(60,089,825.59)

Notes To The Financial Statements – continued

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

RM								
	Change for the period							
Closing balance	Minority interest (after tax)	Attributable to the owner of the Company (after tax)	Less: income tax expense	Less: transfer to profit or loss from other comprehensive income in previous years	Opening balance Amount before (adjusted) tax in	ltem		
	-	-	-		-	-	Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	I.
(485,864,832.68)	(5,852,014.31)	75,696,418.41	(13,826,514.61)	,62 ,328.25	67,639,217.74	(561,561,251.09)	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	11.
(66,998,586.15)	-	39,724,170.18	-	-	39,724,170.18	(106,722,756.33)	Include: Amounts of other comprehensive income attributes to investees that are to be reclassified into profit or loss under equity method	
153,207,926.60	1,863,586.07	(43,343,129.87)	(13,826,514.61)	11,621,328.25	(43,684,730.16)	196,551,056.47	Fair value gain/loss on available-for-sale financial assets	
(572,074,173.13)	(7,715,600.38)	79,315,378.10	-	-	71,599,777.72	(651,389,551.23)	Translation differences arising on translation of financial statements denominated in foreign currencies	
(485,864,832.68)	(5,852,014.31)	75,696,418.41	(13,826,514.61)	11,621,328.25	67,639,217.74	(561,561,251.09)	Other comprehensive income	

49. Special reserve

				RMB
Item	Opening balance	Increase in the year	Decrease in the year	Closing balance
2016:				
Production safety fee	10,915,599.63	388,573,640.97	373,834,855.98	25,654,384.62
2015:				
Production safety fee	10,040,556.78	479,597,276.10	478,722,233.25	10,915,599.63

Extracted the special reserve based on the "The Management Methods of the Extract and Use of the Enterprise Security Costs of Production" ([2012] No. 16) for the production safety fee.

50. Surplus reserve

				RMB
Item	Opening balance	Increase in the year	Decrease in the year	Closing balance
2016:				
Statutory surplus reserve	11,622,601,293.28	688,914,729.37	-	12,311,516,022.65
Discretionary surplus reserve	14,894,053,633.06	688,914,729.37	-	15,582,968,362.43
Total	26,516,654,926.34	1,377,829,458.74	-	27,894,484,385.08
2015:				
Statutory surplus reserve	11,289,860,525.84	332,740,767.44	-	11,622,601,293.28
Discretionary surplus reserve	14,561,312,865.62	332,740,767.44	-	14,894,053,633.06
Total	25,851,173,391.46	665,481,534.88	-	26,516,654,926.34

According to China Company Laws and the Article of Association of the Company, the Company is required to transfer 10% of its net profit to the statutory surplus reserve. The discretionary surplus reserve is appropriated subsequent to the appropriation of statutory surplus reserve and subject to approval. Upon approval, the discretionary surplus reserve can be used to make up the losses from previous years or increase the Company's share capital.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

 $(\vee I)$

NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

51. Retained earnings

		RME
Item	Amount	Proportion of appropriation
2016:		
Retained earnings at beginning of year	37,148,447,581.69	
Retrospective adjustment	(511,723,127.41)	
Retained earnings at beginning of year after adjustment	36,636,724,454.28	
Add: Net profit attributable to owners of the Company for the period	8,965,514,090.86	
Less: Appropriation to statutory surplus reserve	688,914,729.37	10% of net profit of the Company
Appropriation to discretionary surplus reserve	688,914,729.37	10% of net profit of the Company
Declaration of dividends on ordinary shares	988,015,633.44	note l
Retained earnings at end of year	43,236,393,452.96	
2015:		
Retained earnings at beginning of year	39,765,842,085.69	
Retrospective adjustment	(443,256,546.28)	
Retained earnings at beginning of year after adjustment	39,322,585,539.41	
Add: Net profit attributable to owners of the Company for the period	944,405,134.07	
Less: Appropriation to statutory surplus reserve	332,740,767.44	10% of net profit of the Company
Appropriation to discretionary surplus reserve	332,740,767.44	10% of net profit of the Company
Declaration of dividends on ordinary shares	2,964,784,684.32	
Retained earnings at end of year	36,636,724,454.28	

Note I: According to the resolution in the 6th Session of the 6th Board Meeting on 31 March 2016, which was approved in 2015 annual general shareholders' meeting on 28 April 2016, the Company announced cash dividend to all registered shareholders as of the announcement date with total amount of RMB 988, 015,633.44 (before tax) based on the total number of shares of 16,466,927,224 (See Note (VI). 45).

52. Operating income and operating costs

				RMB
Itom	Amount recognized in th	ne current year	Amount recognized in t	the prior year
Item	Income	Cost	Income	Cost
Principal businesses	184,264,965,573.72	160,835,842,908.55	162,583,262,452.11	148,232,241,363.14
Other businesses	1,193,684,009.49	1,015,531,238.65	1,206,286,043.13	1,026,114,885.84
Total	85,458,649,583.2	161,851,374,147.20	163,789,548,495.24	149,258,356,248.98

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

53. Taxes and levies

			RMB
Item	Amount recognized in the current year	Amount recognized in the prior year	Basis of calculation
Business tax	23,193,026.40	63,353,779.73	Note
City construction and maintenance tax	255,984,816.68	206,846,208.69	Note
Education surcharges	231,836,436.85	181,205,380.74	Note
Others	12,484,839.97	14,796,066.21	Note
Total	523,499,119.90	466,201,435.37	

Note: Details of basis of calculation refer to Note (V).

54. Selling expenses

Item	Amount recognized in the current year	Amount recognized in the prior year
Shipping and storage expenses	1,040,991,217.53	1,027,894,426.98
Payroll	763,771,047.50	682,266,629.26
Depreciation and amortization expenses	80,807,017.20	64,132,214.28
Others	382,055,794.45	378,469,395.03
Total	2,267,625,076.68	2,152,762,665.55

55. Administrative expenses

Item	Amount recognized in the current year	Amount recognized in the prior year
Research and development expenses	3,661,526,215.08	3,449,361,287.96
Payroll	1,658,071,080.57	2,000,006,145.22
Tax expenses	656,303,720.04	520,039,979.24
Depreciation and amortization expenses	555,259,119.92	573,168,948.00
Inventory (gains)losses on current assets	202,703,590.25	(44,983,775.73)
Others	854,117,981.99	789,019,761.26
Total	7,587,981,707.85	7,286,612,345.95

56. Financial expenses

Item	Amount recognized in the current year	Amount recognized in the prior year
Interest expenses	2,664,242,668.01	1,879,174,816.44
Less: Capitalized interest expenses	433,141,238.87	672,929,742.76
Less: Interest income	289,993,701.63	560,770,818.45
Exchange differences	173,308,166.28	I,685,345,408.66
Others	71,556,271.37	61,747,582.24
Total	2,185,972,165.16	2,392,567,246.13

RMB

RMB

$(\vee I)$	NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued		
57.	Impairment losses of assets		
(1)	Impairment losses of assets		
	Item	Amount for the current year	
	I. Bad debt losses	190,911,123.96	
	II. Written-down of inventories	141,965,154.52	
	III. Impairment of available-for-sale financial assets	4,644,049.45	
	IV. Impairment of fixed assets	399,690,384.80	
	V. Impairment of materials for construction of fixed assets	-	
	VI. Impairment of construction in progress	227,221,124.49	
	VII. Loan losses	(99,135,822.74)	
	VIII. Impairment of intangible investment	-	
	IX. Impairment of other non-current assets	99,233,811.61	
	X. Others	16,154,560.59	
	Total	980,684,386.68	

(2) Provision for impairment of assets

ltems	Opening balance of Increase in the current period				
items	carrying amount (adjusted)	Provision	Other increase	Reversal	
I. Bad debt provision	580,005,765.61	272,329,147.80	-	81,418,023.84	
II. Provision for written-down of inventories	1,658,874,313.59	941,980,542.09	-	800,015,387.57	
III. Provision for Impairment of available- for-sale financial assets	739,941,717.18	4,644,049.45	-	-	
IV. Provision for Impairment of long-term equity investments	35,000,000.00	-	-	-	
V. Provision for impairment of fixed assets	621,060,658.53	399,690,384.80	27,721,747.21	-	
VI. Provision for impairment of materials for construction of fixed assets	280,136.39	-	-	-	
VII. Provision for impairment of construction in progress	810,291,641.28	227,221,124.49	-	-	
VIII. Provision for loan losses	164,523,818.63	34,999,177.26	-	34, 35,000.00	
IX. Provision for impairment of intangible investment	13,610,153.50	-	-	-	
X. Provision for impairment of other non- current assets	1,733,409,139.47	99,233,811.61	197,813,602.98	-	
XI. Others	-	16,154,560.59	-	-	
Total	6,356,997,344.18	1,996,252,798.09	225,535,350.19	1,015,568,411.41	

58. Gains or losses from changes in fair values

Items resulting in gains from changes in fair values	Amount recognized in the current year
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	136,256,344.66
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(33,444,474.96)
Total	102,811,869.70

 $(\vee I)$ NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

RMB
Amount recognized in the prior year(adjusted)
27,108,554.33
469,257,887.19
141,528,786.54
133,679,022.17
280,136.39
304,214,387.77
44,659,119.63
8,240,153.51
449,050,393.63
-
1,578,018,441.16

Closing balance of corruing amount	Differences from translation of	Decrease in the current period		
Closing balance of carrying amount	foreign currency	Other decrease	Write-off	Disposal
774,652,319.85	4,216,084.70	-	480,654.42	-
1,664,747,874.94	1,905,795.17	-	137,997,388.34	-
744,585,766.63	-	-	-	-
35,000,000.00	-	-	-	-
847,479,523.65	-	197,813,602.98	-	3,179,663.91
280,136.39	-	-	-	-
1,037,512,765.77	-	-	-	-
65,387,995.89	-	-	-	-
13,610,153.50	-	-	-	-
87,015,255.52	-	27,721,747.21	1,915,565,717.04	153,834.29
16,154,560.59	-	-	-	-
5,286,426,352.73	6,121,879.87	225,535,350.19	2,054,043,759.80	3,333,498.20

RMB
Amount recognized in the prior year
9,266,607.93
(3,608,651.05)
5,657,956.88

(VI) I

NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

59. Investment income

		RMB
Item	Amount recognized in the current year	Amount recognized in the prior year
Income from available-for-sale financial assets under cost method during the holding period	122,705,523.16	489,013,683.79
Income from disposal of available-for-sale financial assets (note 1)	-	644,247,021.18
Income from long-term equity investments under equity method	331,802,668.35	78,022,511.61
Stock investment income	15,128,651.74	34,453,932.21
Bond investment income	22,865,626.56	53,770,809.02
Fund investment income	12,000,782.30	38,445,137.32
Losses from disposal of derivative financial instruments (note 2)	(33,783,923.95)	(581,202,814.15)
Investment income from disposal of other wealth management products and others	906,357,742.71	281,457,218.28
Total	1,377,077,070.87	1,038,207,499.26

Note I: In compliance with the resolution made by 6th session of the 3rd board meeting and the equity acquisition agreement entered into between the Company Petro China Pipeline Co., Ltd., this item mainly refers to investment income as the Group purchased 3.52% equity of PetroChina Pipeline Co., Ltd. by 12.8% equity of PetroChina northwest joint Pipeline Company Limited.

Note 2: This item mainly consists of investment losses arising from forward exchange transaction and ore swap transaction.

60. Non-operating income

(1) Details of non-operating income:

			RMB
ltem	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year	Amount incurred in non- recurring gains and loss in the current period
Total gains on disposal of non-current assets	32,621,479.20	94,590,167.84	32,621,479.20
Including: Gains on disposal of fixed assets	29,211,892.64	94,590,167.84	29,211,892.64
Gains on disposal of intangible assets	3,409,586.56	-	3,409,586.56
Government grants	342,454,617.86	506,388,802.97	342,454,617.86
Compensation income	32,410,316.54	8,125,480.67	32,410,316.54
Others	31,608,645.76	59,123,581.54	31,608,645.76
Total	439,095,059.36	668,228,033.02	439,095,059.36

(2)

Government grants recognized in profit and loss in the current period:

Items	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year	Assets related/Income related
Transfer of prior year government grants related to technology improvement	76,962,801.67	225,994,534.00	Assets related
Subsidies for high-tech achievement transformation	137,736,740.02	106,920,549.52	Both income and assets related
Local fiscal subsidy	37,534,411.19	13,681,796.45	Income related
Tax refund	12,239,727.84	25,670,005.91	Income related
Compensation for relocation	6,288,560.02	6,292,073.91	Income related
Other fiscal subsidies	71,692,377.12	127,829,843.18	
Total	342,454,617.86	506,388,802.97	

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

61. Non-operating expenses

			RIMB
Item	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year	Amount incurred in non- recurring gains and loss in the current period
Total losses on disposal of non-current assets	471,537,530.23	638,690,137.29	471,537,530.23
Including: losses on disposal of fixed assets	471,537,530.23	638,690,137.29	471,537,530.23
Donations to third parties	13,039,591.00	11,556,922.00	13,039,591.00
Others	29,946,309.30	14,302,174.27	29,946,309.30
Total	514,523,430.53	664,549,233.56	514,523,430.53

62. Income tax expenses

ltem	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year(adjusted)
Current tax expenses	2,003,559,573.23	914,326,864.72
Adjustment to prior period's income tax	(5,058,711.31)	(147,998,663.61)
Deferred tax expenses	316,028,842.87	350,910,159.05
Total	2,314,529,704.79	1,117,238,360.16

Reconciliation of income tax expenses to the accounting profit is as follows:

		RMB
	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior period
Accounting profit	,5 9,828, 42.46	1,762,841,954.34
Income tax expenses calculated at 25%	2,879,957,035.62	440,710,488.59
Adjustment to prior period's income tax	(5,058,711.31)	(147,998,663.61)
Effect of expenses that are not deductible for tax purposes	28,918,250.79	33,744,062.96
Effect of tax-free income	(343,618,308.38)	(141,759,048.85)
Effect of unrecognized deductible losses and deductible temporary differences (note)	556,353,463.07	1,305,398,664.07
Effect of using previously unrecognized deductible losses and deductible temporary differences	(387,793,955.75)	(6,576,680.84)
Additional tax incentives	(3 4,6 4,32 .58)	(331,583,469.92)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	(98,972,891.80)	(43,475,702.69)
Others	(640,855.87)	8,778,710.45
Total	2,314,529,704.79	1,117,238,360.16

Note: Details are set out in Note (VI).23.

63. Other comprehensive income

Refer to Notes (VI), 48.

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NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

64. Notes to items in the cash flow statement

(1) Other cash receipts relating to operating activities

		RMB
Item	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year
Non-operating income, government grant and etc.	2,112,150,868.78	1,545,990,823.45

(2) Other cash payments relating to operating activities

		RMB
Item	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year
Selling expenses	812,383,669.85	993,470,330.61
Administrative expenses	1,223,718,685.41	1,211,691,163.28
Others	1,507,028,248.49	198,964,288.49
Total	3,543,130,603.75	2,404,125,782.38

(3) Other cash receipts relating to investing activities

		RMB
Item	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year
Proceeds on disposal of assets and investments in Wusong area	4,879,536,386.73	5,208,894,246.60
Interest income	71,272,598.30	102,832,325.28
Others	604,736.95	-
Total	4,951,413,721.98	5,311,726,571.88

(4) Other cash payments relating to investing activities

		RMR
Item	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year
Cash payment upon the settlement of derivative instruments	37,320,304.46	576,233,258.39
Payment for borrowings by employees used for property purchase	146,085,000.00	72,180,000.00
Total	183,405,304.46	648,413,258.39

(5) Other cash receipts relating to financing activities

other cash receipts relating to infaheing ac		RMB
Item	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year
Repayment to the Group's entities for advances for purchase		1,500,000,000.00
Repurchase of restricted shares not meeting unlocked conditions	27,154,088.00	-
Acquisition of equity interest held by minority shareholders of subsidiaries	9,280,000.00	-
Total	36,434,088.00	1,500,000,000.00

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(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continu	ed
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65. Supplementary information to the cash flow statement

(1) Supplementary information to the cash flow statement

upplementary information	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year (adjusted)
. Reconciliation of net profit to cash flow from operating activities:		
Net profit	9,205,298,437.67	645,603,594.18
Add: Provision for impairment losses of assets	980,684,386.68	1,578,018,441.16
Depreciation of fixed assets and investment properties	,848,236,256.50	10,260,470,235.91
Amortization of intangible assets	378,953,086.25	287,971,092.26
Amortization of long-term prepaid expenses	92,793,777.17	75,308,084.21
Losses(gains) on disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets	438,916,051.03	544,099,969.45
Gains on changes in fair values	(102,811,869.70)	(5,657,956.88)
Financial expenses	2,116,696,661.67	2,330,819,663.89
Investment income	(1,377,077,070.87)	(1,038,207,499.26)
Decrease in deferred tax assets	192,600,510.55	329,986,968.89
Increase in deferred tax liabilities	123,428,332.32	29,782,019.35
Decrease in inventories	(12,405,413,505.91)	2,806,755,958.27
Decrease in receivables from operating activities	(11,561,737,719.73)	2,449,414,715.94
Increase in payables from operating activities	16,441,972,993.08	882,431,156.69
Net cash flow from operating activities	16,372,540,326.71	21,176,796,444.06
. Net changes in cash and cash equivalents:		
Closing balance of cash	9,473,511,710.09	6,968,888,292.15
Less: Opening balance of cash	6,968,888,292.15	10,550,257,587.98
Add: Closing balance of cash equivalents	-	2,140,000,000.00
Less: Opening balance of cash equivalents	2,140,000,000.00	741,031,995.09
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	364,623,417.94	(2,182,401,290.92)

(2) Composition of cash and cash equivalents

composition of cash and cash equivalents		RMB
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
I. Cash	9,473,511,710.09	6,968,888,292.15
Including: Cash on hand	823,717.72	664,508.04
Bank deposits	9,410,525,921.32	6,903,794,819.63
Other monetary funds	62,162,071.05	64,428,964.48
II. Cash equivalents	-	2,140,000,000.00
III. Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	9,473,511,710.09	9,108,888,292.15

Cash and cash equivalents exclude restricted cash and cash equivalents of the Company or subsidiaries within the Group.

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

66. Assets with restricted ownership or right of use

	RMB
Closing carrying balance	Reason to be restricted
1,003,231,967.25	Statutory reserves deposited with People's Bank of China by financial company
	The restricted notes receivable amounting to RMB 506,496,683.43 were pledged to banks for issue of notes payable by related parties while notes receivable amounting to RMB 17,983,343.93 were discounted in exchange of banks' borrowings of RMB 17,983,343.93.
591,507,715.71	Mortgage Ioan
89,428,894.55	Mortgage Ioan
2,208,648,604.87	
	1,003,231,967.25 524,480,027.36 591,507,715.71 89,428,894.55

67. Foreign Currency Item

(1) Foreign Currency Item

Item	Closing balance (Earoign currency)	Rate	
	Closing balance (Foreign currency)	Rale	Closing balance (RMB)
Cash			
Including: USD	395,825,032.90	6.9370	2,745,838,253.23
JPY	5,211,030,036.79	0.0596	310,530,490.59
EUR	72,096,106.05	7.3068	526,791,827.69
HKD	7,283,110.71	0.8945	6,514,815.36
Others			84,866,471.31
Account Receivables			
Including: USD	625,402,689.60	6.9370	4,338,418,456.51
EUR	95,566,170.48	7.3068	698,282,894.46
JPY	1,347,883,635.00	0.0596	80,333,864.56
Short-term borrowings			
Including: USD	228,080,870.19	6.9370	I ,582, I 96,996.5 I
EUR	27,039,744.82	7.3068	197,574,007.45
WON	6,000,000,000.00	0.0058	34,542,000.00
Long-term borrowings			
Including: USD	28,584,994.00	6.9370	198,294,103.38
JPY	I I ,580,000.00	0.0596	690,063.78
WON	2,989,689,436.00	0.0058	17,211,642.08

RMR

68. Calculation for basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share

The current net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders at the calculation of basic earnings per share:

		RIMB
	2016	2015
Current net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	8,963,943,134.17	936,600,015.99
Including: Net profit attributable to continuing operations	8,963,943,134.17	936,600,015.99

Notes To The Financial Statements – continued

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

(VI) NOTES TO ITEMS IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS- continued

		Unit: Share
	2016	2015
Quantity of outstanding ordinary shares at the beginning of the year	16,424,278,824	16,424,278,824
Less: Weighted average quantity of repurchased ordinary shares in the current period		
Weighted average quantity of outstanding ordinary shares at the beginning of the year	16,424,278,824.00	16,424,278,824.00

Earnings per share

	2016	2015
Calculation of net profit attributable to shareholders of the Company		
Basic earnings per share	0.55	0.06
Diluted earnings per share	0.55	0.06
Calculation of net profit attributable to shareholders of the Company on continuing operations:		
Basic earnings per share	0.55	0.06
Diluted earnings per share	0.55	0.06

Calculation of earnings per share has considered the effects from restricted shares.

(VII) CHANGES OF SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION

1. Changes of scope of consolidation due to other reasons

Company's short name	Company's full name	Place of principal operation	Place of incorporation	Business	Proportion of ownership interest (%)		Reasons - for change	
name		operation		nature	Direct	Indirect	· IOI Change	
Subsidiary newly established and included in the scope of consolidation								
Baosteel Asset	Shanghai Baosteel Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Shanghai	Shanghai	Asset management	100%		New established company	

(VIII) EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES

(VIII) EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES

1. Interests in subsidiaries

(1) Composition of the Group

Name of the subsidiary	Place of operation	Place of incorporation	Nature of operation	Equity interes Directly	t held (%) Indirectly	· Ways of acquisition
Yantai Lubao Steel Tubes Co., Ltd. (Yantai Baosteel)	China	Yantai city	Manufacture	100	-	business combinations involving enterprises under common control
Baosteel Huangshi Coating & Galvanizing Co., Ltd. (Huangshi Coating & Galvanizing)	China	Huangshi city	Manufacture	50.63	-	business combinations involving enterprises under common control
Shanghai Baosteel International Economic & Trading Co., Ltd. (Baosteel International)	China	Shanghai	Steel trading	100	-	business combinations involving enterprises under common control
Shanghai Meishan Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. (Meishan Steel)	China	Nanjing city	Manufacture	77.04	-	business combinations involving enterprises under common control
Shanghai Baosight Software Co., Ltd. (Baosight Software)	China	Shanghai	Information technology	55.5	-	business combinations involving enterprises under common control
Baosteel America Inc (Baosteel America)	USA	Texas, USA	Steel trading	100	-	business combinations involving enterprises under common control
Howa Trading Co.,Ltd. (Howa Trading)	Japan	Tokyo, Japan	Steel trading	100	-	business combinations involving enterprises under common control
Baosteel Europe Gmbh (Baosteel Europe)	Germany	Hamburg, Germany	Steel trading	100	-	business combinations involving enterprises under common control
Baosteel Singapore PTE Ltd. (Baosteel Singapore)	Singapore	Singapore	Steel trading	100	-	business combinations involving enterprises under common control
Bao-Trans Enterprises Ltd. (Bao- Trans Enterprises)	HK SAR, China	HK SAR, China	Steel trading	100	-	business combinations involving enterprises under common control
Shanghai Baosteel Chemical Co., Ltd. (Baosteel Chemical)	China	Shanghai	Manufacture	100	-	business combinations involving enterprises under common control
Baosteel Group Finance Co., Ltd. (Finance Co.)	China	Shanghai	Finance	62.1	-	business combinations involving enterprises under common control
Baosteel Zhanjiang Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. ("Zhanjiang Steel")	China	Zhanjiang city	Manufacture	90	-	business combinations involving enterprises under common control
Yantai Baosteel Steel Tubes Co., Ltd. (Yantai Baosteel)	China	Yantai city	Manufacture of sales of steel pipes	80	20	business combinations involving enterprises under common control
Shanghai Huagongbao E-commerce Co.,Ltd. (Huagongbao)	China	Shanghai	E-commerce	-	53.85	acquired through establishment or investment
Xinjiang Karamay Steel Pipe Ltd. (Baoma Tube)	China	Keramay city	Manufacture of sales of steel pipes	75	-	acquired through establishment or investment
Poly Pipe (Thailand) Co., Ltd. (Poly Pipe)	Thailand	Thailand	Steel pipe processing	-	51	acquired through establishment or investment
BGM Co., Ltd. (BGM) (Note 1)	Republic of Korea	Gyeonggi, ROK	Manufacture of sales of steel products	-	50	acquired through establishment or investment
Ouyeel Cloud Commerce Corporation Limited ("Ouyeel Cloud Commerce")	China	Shanghai	E-business	8.67	42.33	acquired through establishment or investment
Shanghai Baosteel Asset Management Co., Ltd. ("Baosteel Asset")(Note 2)	China	Shanghai	Asset management	100	-	acquired through establishment or investment

Note I: As at balance sheet date, the Group held 50% of shares in BGM, however, the Group has over 50% voting rights in the board of directors, so BGM is included in the consolidation scope of the Group.

Note 2: In accordance with the Proposal to Establish Shanghai Baosteel Asset Management Co., Ltd. and Transfer of Relevant Assets, Equity and Debenture approved in Announcement for Resolution in 11th Session of the 6th Board Meeting, the Company has established the asset management company solely funded by itself and transferred to Baosteel Asset 95.82% shares it held in Baotong Iron & Steel.

Notes To The Financial Statements – continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

(VIII) EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES- continued

(2) Significant non-wholly owned subsidiaries

Investees holding long-term equity investment balances amounting over RMB 5 billion at year-end and financial company as the financial segment of the Group shall be disclosed as significant non-wholly owned subsidiaries

				KI'ID 000
Name of subsidiary	Equity interest held by minority interests	Profit or loss attributable to minority interests during the year	Dividend declared to minority interests during the year	Minority interests at December 31,2015
Meishan Steel	22.96%	83,752	450	2,252,464
Zhanjiang Steel	10.00%	(66,077)	-	1,874,929
Finance Co.,	37.90%	48,350	16,019	745,781

(3) Major financial information of significant non-wholly owned subsidiaries

												RMB'000
Closing balance					Opening balance							
Name of subsidiary	Current assets	Non- current assets	Total assets	Current liabilities	Non- current liabilities	Total liabilities	Current assets	Non- current assets	Total assets	Current liabilities	Non- current liabilities	Total liabilities
Meishan Steel	7,573,253	23,190,142	30,763,395	20,745,140	230,793	20,975,933	4,902,620	24,480,962	29,383,582	19,760,453	198,366	19,958,819
Zhanjiang Steel	11,179,393	51,866,501	63,045,894	42,370,966	2,796,659	45,167,625	5,992,409	45,466,151	51,458,560	21,937,141	10,947,042	32,884,183
Finance Co.,	5,408,477	9,683,412	15,091,889	3, 9, 437	4,692	13,124,129	5,434,504	8,886,162	14,320,666	12,429,397	8,814	12,438,211

RMB'000

		Amount for the	e current year		Amount for the prior year			
Name of subsidiary	Operating income	Net profits			Operating income	Net profits		Net cash flow from (used in) operating activities
Meishan Steel	19,284,706	363,150	363,150	1,295,802	19,633,628	(1,716,559)	(1,716,559)	4,455,834
Zhanjiang Steel	6,764,161	(696,108)	(696,108)	(26,408)	597,795	(323,815)	(323,815)	(705,593)
Finance Co.,	404,117	127,572	127,306	(802,347)	506,479	I 33,988	148,183	2,057,205

There is no significant restrictions for above subsidiaries in utilizing the Group's assets and settling the Group's debt.

2. Information of structured entities that are included in the scope of the consolidated financial statements

The following entrusted products issued by Hua Bao Trust entrusted by Ouyeel are included in consolidated financial statement as at 31 December 2016.

Name of structured entities	Business type	Trustee agency	Business nature & operating scope	Registered capital (RMB)	Actual capital contribution by year-end (RMB)	Consolidated or not
No. 1 Baoxiang	Entrusted products	Hua Bao Trust		N/A	533,258,995.59	Yes
No.11 Baoxiang	Entrusted products	Hua Bao Trust	Securities investment	N/A	240,459,483.46	Yes
No.13 Baoxiang	Entrusted products	Hua Bao Trust	Securities investment	N/A	434,295,065.37	Yes
No. 1 Honor	Entrusted products		Securities investment	N/A	270,764,697.12	Yes
Total					1,478,778,241.54	

3. Interests in joint ventures s and associates

(1) Significant Joint ventures and associates

The investees holding long-term equity investment over RMB 0.6 billion as at 31 December 2016 are disclosed as significant JECs, and those over RMB 0.1 billion as at 31 December 2016 are disclosed as significant associates.

Name of joint ventures and	Place of	Place of	Nature of	Equity interest held (%)		
associates	operation	incorporation	operation	Directly	Directly	Equity interest held (%)
I. joint ventures						
Baosteel-NSC/Arcelor Automotive Steel Sheets Co., Ltd. (BNA)	China	Shanghai	Manufacturing	50	-	Equity method
Baojin Enterprise Co., Ltd. ("Baojin Enterprise")	China	HK SAR	Ship chartering	50	-	Equity method
Guangzhou JFE Steel Sheet Co.,Ltd. (Guangzhou JFE)	China	Guangzhou city	Steel manufacturing	-	50	Equity method
II. Associates						
Shanghai Baosteel & Arcelor Tailor Weld Co., Ltd. ("Weld Company")	China	Shanghai	Manufacturing	-	38	Equity method
Henan Pingbao Coal Industry Co., Ltd. (Henan Pingbao)	China	Xuchang city	Extractive Industries	-	40	Equity method

(2)

Major financial information of significant joint ventures

			RMB'000				
	Closing balance / Amount for the current year						
—	BNA	Baojin Enterprise	Guangzhou JFE				
Current assets	2,968,592	302,419	1,576,931				
Including: Cash and cash equivalents	973,855	216,157	527,265				
Non-current assets	2,061,187	1,279,578	3,795,306				
Total assets	5,029,779	1,581,997	5,372,237				
Current liabilities	1,500,261	251,265	2,276,977				
Non-current liabilities	23,250	93,650	375,097				
Total liabilities	1,523,511	344,915	2,652,074				
Minority interests	-	-	-				
Shareholders' equity attributable to shareholders of the Company	3,506,268	I,237,082	2,720,163				
Share of net assets according to portion of shareholding	1,753,134	618,541	I ,360,08 I				
Reconciliations							
Net increase of identifiable net assets under appraisal	-	-	317,981				
 —Net investment losses of investees from the evaluation base date to the investment date 	-	-	49,647				
Reconciliations of accounting policies of investees	-	-	(86,136)				
Provision for impairment losses	-	-	(35,000)				
Carrying amount of equity investment in joint ventures	1,753,134	618,541	I,606,573				
Operating income	1,879,270	462,074	4,586,288				
Financial expenses	(21,258)	3,510	179,772				
Income tax expenses	85,911	617	-				
Net profits	256,244	15,248	282,641				
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-				
Total comprehensive income	256,244	15,248	282,641				
Dividends received from joint ventures in the current period	84,701	-	-				

(VIII) EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES- continued

			RMB'000		
	Opening balance / Amount for the prior year				
	BNA	Baojin Enterprise	Guangzhou JFE		
Current assets	2,742,477	510,468	1,353,706		
Including: Cash and cash equivalents	962,741	437,051	398,124		
Non-current assets	2,377,932	1,132,763	4,115,260		
Total assets	5,120,409	1,643,231	5,468,966		
Current liabilities	1,674,207	230,009	2,256,493		
Non-current liabilities	26,590	269,484	774,952		
Total liabilities	1,700,797	499,493	3,031,445		
Minority interests	-	-	-		
Shareholders' equity attributable to shareholders of the Company	3,419,612	1,143,738	2,437,521		
Share of net assets according to portion of shareholding	1,709,806	571,869	1,218,760		
Reconciliations					
Net increase of identifiable net assets appraisal	-	-	317,981		
—Net investment losses of investees from the evaluation base date to the investment date	-	-	49,647		
Reconciliations of accounting policies of investees	-	-	(57,707)		
——Provision for impairment losses	-	-	(35,000)		
Carrying amount of equity investment in joint ventures	1,709,806	571,869	1,493,681		
Operating income	9,913,506	532,709	4,155,415		
Financial expenses	(9,718)	4,208	231,964		
Income tax expenses	64,433	571	-		
Net profits	195,841	(105,456)	7,851		
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-		
Total comprehensive income	195,841	(105,456)	7,851		
Dividends received from joint ventures in the current period	59,077	16,420	-		

(3) Major financial information of significant associates

				11111111111111111		
	Closing balance / Amoun	t for the current year	Opening balance / Amou	Opening balance / Amount for the prior year		
	Henan Pingbao	Weld Company	Henan Pingbao	Weld Company		
Current assets	101,024	554,308	19,934	510,137		
Non-current assets	1,937,533	215,305	1,818,083	243,373		
Total assets	2,038,557	769,613	1,838,017	753,510		
Current liabilities	871,634	448,988	774,005	417,718		
Non-current liabilities	-	5,313	35,000	4,256		
Total liabilities	871,634	454,301	809,005	421,974		
Minority interests	-	-	-	-		
Shareholders' equity attributable to shareholders of the Company	1,166,923	315,312	1,029,012	331,536		
Share of net assets according to portion of shareholding	466,769	119,818	411,605	125,983		
Carrying amount of equity investment in joint ventures	466,769	119,818	411,605	125,983		
Operating income	854,855	1,139,613	680,825	1,144,589		
Net profits	34,3	59,923	69,758	54,932		
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-		
Total comprehensive income	34,3	59,923	69,758	54,932		
Dividends received from joint ventures in the current year	-	28,936	12,000	26,852		

RMB'000

EQUITY IN OTHER ENTITIES- continued

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Summarized financial information of insignificant joint ventures and associates

		RMB'00
	Closing balance / Amount for the current year	Opening balance / Amount for the prior year
joint ventures:		
Total carrying amount of investments	357,610	336,979
The following items are calculated according to portion of shareholding		
Net profits	20,645	(19,542)
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income	20,645	(19,542)
Associates:		
Total carrying amount of investments	379,375	352,494
The following items are calculated according to portion of shareholding		
Net profits	(13,976)	(332)
Other comprehensive income	4,189	3,182
Total comprehensive income	(9,787)	2,850

The accounting policies for joint ventures and associates of the Group has no significant differences with those for the Group on the basis of equity method, and there is no significant restriction on investment realization and investment income remittance.

(IX) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's major financial instruments include cash and bank balances, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, notes receivable, accounts receivable, interest receivable, dividend receivable, other receivables, financial assets purchased under resell agreements, non-current assets due within one year, wealth management products of other current assets, customer deposits and deposits from banks and other financial institutions, financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, notes payable, accounts payable, financial assets sold under repurchase agreements, interest payable, dividend payable, other payables, non-current liabilities due within one year, other current liabilities, long-term borrowings, and bonds payables etc. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in Note (V). The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure the risks are monitored at a certain level.

The Group conducted sensitivity analysis to analyze the impact of reasonable and possible changes of risk variables on profit or loss and equity of the current period. Any risk variables may not change in isolation, so there might be certain relativity between the variables that will have significant effect on the amount influenced by one variable. Thus, the statements below are based on the assumption that every variable changes in isolation.

1. Risk management objectives and policies

The Group's risk management objectives are to achieve proper balance between risks and yield, minimize the adverse impacts of risks on the Group's operation performance, and maximize the benefits of the shareholders and other equity investors. Based on these risk management objectives, the Group's basic risk management strategy is to identify and analyze the industry's exposure to various risks, establish appropriate bottom line for risk tolerance, implement risk management, and monitor these exposures to ensure that appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

(IX) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

1.1 Market risk

Market risk is the fluctuation of fair value of financial instruments. It is sensitive to market price fluctuation due to the change of foreign currency exchange rates (exchange rate risk), market price (price risk), market interest rates (interest rate risk), and etc. All fluctuation is caused by the specific impact as a single financial instrument or the issuers or the entire market transactions of all financial instruments.

1.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that losses will occur because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The exchange rate risk which the Group faced is mainly dealt with in the operating activities (when settled by foreign currencies).

The iron ore imports of the Group are mainly settled in US dollars, which lead to unfavorable balance of US dollars. The Group prioritizes and selects financing activities in USD and financing activities in RMB according to the comprehensive financing cost ratio with the most preferential financing cost ratio in RMB currently available as the benchmark. At the same time, the Group traces the exchange trend of RMB against USD and evaluates the exchange rate risk related to liabilities in US dollars. In view of the practical situation of more bilateral fluctuations in the exchange rate of RMB against USD, the Group conducts financing activities in USD matched with forward exchange contracts or change financing currencies to mitigate the exchange rate risk.

The risk management measure is to ensure that the risk of exchange rate fluctuation is set within an acceptable level at the beginning. The above mentioned synthetic fund cost is the netting of the loan interest paid and gain/loss upon the settlement of the forward contracts. During the period of US dollar borrowing, the foreign exchange rate will not have substantial effect upon the Group's operations but will probably have effect during different reporting period due to the revaluation of foreign exchange rate.

1.1.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value of financial instruments or future cash flow fluctuates due to changes in interest rate. The risk of the interest rate that the Group faces mainly related to the debt whose interest is on a floating basis. The Group's policy is that the fixed-rate debt and the floating-rate debt are combined as a portfolio to facilitate the interest cost management.

The Group's risks in the fair value fluctuation of financial instruments which caused by changes in interest rate are mainly related with availablefor-sale bond investment, loans issued and long-term receivables.

Interest rate risks of the financial instruments of the Group as presented in terms of dates to maturity and actual interest rates:

		RMB
	31 December 2016	31 December 2015
	Available-for-sale financial assets	Available-for-sale financial assets
More than 1 year	2,279,900,591.70	403,945,851.70
Effective interest rate (per annum)	2.50%-4.61%	3.41%-4.65%

RMB

	31 December 2016					31 December 2015			
	Placements with banks and other financial institutions	Financial assets purchased under resale agreements	Loans granted	Long-term receivables (within 1 year)		Financial assets purchased under resale agreements	Loans granted	Long-term receivables(within 1 year)	
Within 1 year	-	-	3,383,079,937.05	4,500,000,000.00	-	-	-	4,500,000,000.00	
More than 1 year	-	-	-	218,565,000.00		-	2,402,928,796.11	4,579,260,708.90	
Total	-	-	3,383,079,937.05	4,718,565,000.00		-	2,402,928,796.11	9,079,260,708.90	
Effective interest rate (per annum)	-	-	3.22%-7.3950%	3.915%-5.04%	-	-	2.7881%-7.92%	3.915%-5.04%	

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FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT- continued

								RMB
				31 December 2016				
_	Short term financing bonds	loan	Taking from banks and other financial institutions	Customer deposits	Bonds payable	Financial assets sold under repurchase agreements	Accounts payable	Long-term payables (within 1 year)
Within 1 year	18,052,896,712.32	27,848,531,699.33	-	9,315,966,149.03	-	152,321,609.86	-	60,000,000.00
More than 1 year	-	296,464,080.86	-	-	14,076,920,848.12	-	-	49,879,268.00
Total	18,052,896,712.32	28,144,995,780.19		9,315,966,149.03	14,076,920,848.12	152,321,609.86	-	109,879,268.00
Effective interest rate (per annum)	2.62%-2.75%	0.25%-6.00%	-			2.2544%-2.2690%	-	-

				31 December 2015				
	Short term financing bonds	loan	Taking from banks and other financial institutions	Financial assets purchased under resale agreements	Bonds payable	Financial assets sold under repurchase agreements	Accounts payable	Long-term payables (within 1 year)
Within 1 year	10,057,344,262.30	27,249,146,830.88	198,000,000.00	10,009,980,135.82	-		-	70,000,000.00
More than 1 year	-	9,111,026,384.68	-	-	8,747,373,959.29	-	-	82,585,917.00
Total	10,057,344,262.300	36,360,173,215.56	198,000,000.00	10,009,980,135.82	8,747,373,959.29	-	-	152,585,917.00
Effective interest rate (per annum)	3.18%	0.56%-6.22%	3.40%	0.4550%-4.6750%	1.920%-4.070%	-	-	-

RMB

1.1.3. Other price risk

The Group's available-for-sale financial assets and held-for-trading financial assets are measured at fair value at each balance sheet date. Therefore, the Group is exposed to the risks of changes in the security prices. The Group minimises the equity security price risks by holding a portfolio of equity securities with different risks.

EQUITY PRICE RISK

Equity price risk refers to potential loss in fair value of equity security resulting from adverse changes in a particular stock or stock index. As at 31 December 2016, the Group was exposed to equity price risks from individual equity investment, which belongs to held-for-trading equity investment (Note (VI). 2) and available-for sale equity investment (Note (VI). 14). The exchange traded investment of the Group is at Shanghai Stock Exchange and Shenzhen Stock Exchange, and is measured on basis of market quota at the balance sheet date. The stock index on the day nearest to the balance sheet date at the following stock exchange and the highest and lowest closing prices in the year are shown as follows:

	2016	Highest/Lowest	2015	Highest/Lowest
	31.December	2016	31.December	2015
Shanghai—A share indexes of Shanghai Stock Exchange	3,104	3,362/2656	3,539	5,166/2,927
Shenzhen—A share indexes of Shenzhen Stock Exchange	10,177	1,1725/9083	12,665	8,098/9,29

The following table represents the sensitivity of the pre-tax profit and equity against every 5% change in fair value of equity instruments (on basis of the book value as at the balance sheet date), while all other variables remain constant and before any impact of taxation is considered. From the perspective of sensitivity analysis, the impact upon available-for-sale equity instrument investment can be regarded as one upon the change in fair value of the investment, without taking into consideration of possible deduction in income statements.

(IX) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT- continued

			RMB'000
2016	Book value of equity investment	Increase/decrease of pre-tax profit	Increase/decrease of other comprehensive income
Investments at following stock exchanges:			·
Shanghai—Available-for-sale investment	251,332	-	12,567
Shenzhen—Available-for-sale investment	373,998	-	18,700
			RMB'000
2015	Book value of equity investment	Increase/decrease of pre-tax profit	Increase/decrease of other comprehensive income
Investments at following stock exchanges:			
Shanghai—Available-for-sale investment	212,337	-	10,617
Shenzhen-Available-for-sale	270.044		12 502

1.2 Credit risk

investment

Credit risk refers to the risk that one party of financial instruments is not able to perform obligations, which causes the financial loss of the other party. For fixed-income investment, credit risk is the risk of financial losses caused by the debtors who could not pay the principal or interest on time. For equity investment, it is the risk of losses incurred by the failure of the business operation of the invested companies.

270,044

Credit risks of the Group mainly result from all types of receivable and loans and advances to customers. In order to control the credit risks, the Group conducts transactions with authorized well-known third parties. In accordance with the Group's policy, all customers who need credit transactions are required to be assessed under credit review. In addition, the Group performs ongoing monitoring on accounts receivable balance to ensure that the Group will not face significant risks of bad debts. In the relevant sales settlement, the Group mainly requests full advances or deposit with delivery on cash. For only a few strategic clients, the Group applies lines of credit and deadlines of payment after credit assessments and transactions are settled via bank acceptance notes when possible. In the relevant purchase settlement, the Group mainly applies cash on demand and payment with credit to settle. Only for building contractors of construction object, part of demand of long-cycle constructions and resources in short supply, the Group provides a certain advance to suppliers subject to lines of credit and deadlines after they pass the credit assessments.

The disbursement of loans and advances of the Group is due to principal operations of Finance Co. and debtors are only limited to members of Baowu Group with a good credit assessment. The credit risk is controlled within an appropriate level.

The Group's credit risk of other financial assets and liabilities result from the default of the counterparties. When there is no collateral or other credit enhancement, the maximum credit exposure of the Group is the carrying amount of these financial instruments. The Group has not provided any form of guarantee which may put itself in a situation of risks. As at 31 December 2016, 22% of the receivables were due from the top five debtors, the Group is not found to be exposed to significantly intensive credit risks.

1.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group may encounter deficiency of funds in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Group exercises trade financing, convertible loan notes, medium-term notes, long-term and short-term loans, other interest-bearing loans and other means to strike a balance between continuality and flexibility of financing. The Group also acquires sufficient credit from major financial institutions to satisfy short-term and long-term demands for funds. The Group monitors the short-term and long-term demands for funds on a real time basis to ensure the abundance of cash reserves and security for cash outflows at any time. Bonds issuance, medium-term notes and bank borrowings are the Group's main sources of fund. The Group's current liabilities exceed current assets at RMB 17.685billion. As at 31 December 2016, the Group has obtained unutilized bank loan facilities of approximately RMB121.889billion. Consequently, the management of the Company believes that no significant liquidity risk was noted for the Group.

13.502

(X) FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURE

(X) FAIR VALUE DISCLOSURE

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Fair value for measurement and disclosure purposes in the financial statements is determined on such a basis.

Fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices and ask prices respectively;

The fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding derivative instruments) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis or using prices from observable current market transactions;

The fair value of derivative instruments are determined with reference to quoted market prices. Where such quoted prices are not available, the fair value of a non-option-based derivative is estimated using discounted cash flow analysis and the applicable yield curve. For an option-based derivative, the fair value is estimated using option pricing model (for example, the binomial model).

Fair value measurements are categorized into 3 levels based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significances of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level I to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

Level I - those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, including equity instruments (stocks, funds), listed securities, etc.,;

Level 2 - those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);

Level 3 - those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

I Closing balances of fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value

				RMB		
Items —	Closing Balance					
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
I. Fair value measurement on recurring basis						
1.Financial assets measured in fair value through profit or loss	982,885,872.64	39,977,9 2.03	-	1,122,863,784.67		
Debt instrument investment	5,516,613.20	-	-	5,516,613.20		
Equity instrument investment	977,369,259.44			977,369,259.44		
(3) Derivative financial assets	-	139,977,912.03	-	139,977,912.03		
2.Available-for-sale financial assets	3,528,644,773.06	-	-	3,528,644,773.06		
Equity instrument investment	1,298,984,193.06	-	-	1,298,984,193.06		
Debt instrument investment	2,229,660,580.00	-	-	2,229,660,580.00		
Total assets measured at fair value on recurring basis	4,511,530,645.70	39,977,9 2.03	-	4,651,508,557.73		
Total liabilities measured at fair value on recurring basis	-	35,161,856.12	-	35,161,856.12		
- Derivative financial liabilities	-	35,161,856.12	-	35,161,856.12		

There is no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2 for current year and prior year.

(XI) RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND TRANSACTIONS

(XI) RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND TRANSACTIONS

1. Parent of the Company

						RMB
Name of Company	Place of incorporation	Legal representative	Nature of business	Registered capital RMB	Proportion of the Company's ownership interest held by the parent (%)	Proportion of the Company's voting power held by the parent (%)
China Baowu Steel Group Corporation Limited (Note)	Shanghai	Ma Guoqiang	Iron and steel manufacturing & processing	52,791,100,998.89	70.05	70.05

Note: The formal parent company of the Company was Baosteel Group Co., Ltd. As at 22 September 2016, Baosteel Group and Wuhan Iron and Steel Group were jointly reorganized as approved by State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council in Notice on Reorganization of Baosteel Group and Wuhan Iron and Steel Group, and renamed as "China Baowu Steel Group Corporation Limited." after reorganization. Wuhan Iron and Steel Group was merged into Baowu Group as its wholly owned subsidiary without any consideration. The ultimate holding party of the Company is the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council.

2. Subsidiaries of the Group

Please refer to Note (VIII) for details of subsidiaries of the Group.

3. Associates and joint ventures of the Group

The significant associates and joint ventures of the Group are set out in Note (VIII). Following presents the associates and joint ventures who had related party transactions with the Group and formed balances in current or prior period.

Name of associates and joint ventures	Relation with the Company
Wuxi Baojing Steel Processing and Delivery Co., Ltd. ("Wuxi Baojing")	Associate
Tianjin Baosteel Chuling Materials Delivery Co., Ltd. ("Tianjin BCM")	Associate
Firsttech Inc.	Associate
Beijing QKCT Information Technology Co., Ltd. ("Beijing Qingke")	Associate
Hangzhou Baowei Auto Parts Co., Ltd. ("Hangzhou Baowei")	Joint venture
Shandong Baohua Abrasion Resistant Steel Co., Ltd. ("Shandong Baohua")	Associate
Wuhan Baozhang Auto Steel Part Co., Ltd. ("Wuhan Baozhang")	Joint venture
Wuxi Baomeifeng Metal Processing and Delivery Co. Ltd. ("Wuxi Baomeifeng")	Associate

(XI)

RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND TRANSACTIONS- continued

4. Other related parties of the Group

Name of other related party	Relationship between other related parties and the Company
Baosteel Resources (International) Limited (Baosteel Resources (International))	Fellow subsidiary
Baosteel Metals Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries("Baosteel Metals and its subsidiaries")	Fellow subsidiary
Baosteel Engineering Technology Group Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries("Engineering Technology Co., and its subsidiaries")	Fellow subsidiary
Hwabao Trust Co., Ltd. (Hwabao Trust)	Fellow subsidiary
Hwabao Investment Co., Ltd. (Hwabao Investment)	Fellow subsidiary
Baosteel Group Baoshan Hotel (Baoshan Hotel)	Fellow subsidiary
Baosteel Development Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (Baosteel Development and its subsidiaries)	Fellow subsidiary
Baosteel Group Shanghai Pipes Co., Ltd. ("Pipes Co.")	Fellow subsidiary
Baosteel Group Shanghai Meishan Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (Meishan Steel and its subsidiaries)	Fellow subsidiary
Baosteel Group Shanghai Pudong Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (Pudong Steel and its subsidiaries)	Fellow subsidiary
Baosteel Group Shanghai No.5 Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (No. 5 Steel and its subsidiaries)	Fellow subsidiary
Baosteel Group Xinjiang Bayi Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (Xinjiang Bayi and its subsidiaries)	Fellow subsidiary
Baosteel Resource Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (Baosteel Resource and its subsidiaries)	Fellow subsidiary
Shanghai Institute of Iron & Steel (Institute of Iron & Steel)	Fellow subsidiary
Guangdong Baosteel Real Estate Co., Ltd. (Guangdong Real Estate)	Fellow subsidiary
Baosteel Group Guangdong Shaoguan Iron & Steel Group Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (Shaoguan Steel and its subsidiaries)	Fellow subsidiary
Shanghai Baosteel Stainless Steel Co., Ltd. (Shanghai Stainless)	Fellow subsidiary
Baosteel Stainless Steel Co., Ltd. (Baosteel Stainless)	Fellow subsidiary
Baosteel Special Material Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (Baosteel Special Steel and its subsidiaries)	Fellow subsidiary
Baosteel Desheng Stainless Steel Co., Ltd. (Baosteel Desheng)	Fellow subsidiary
Shanghai Baohua International Tendering Co., Ltd. (Baohua Tendering)	Fellow subsidiary
Beijing Huili Property Development Co., Ltd. (Beijing Huili)	Fellow subsidiary
Shanghai Baosteel Technical and Economic Development Corporation (Technical & Economic Development Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries)	Fellow subsidiary
Ningbo Baoxin Stainless Steel Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (Ningbo Baoxin and its subsidiaries)	Fellow subsidiary
Baosteel Australia Mining Co., Ltd. (Bao-Aus Mining)	Fellow subsidiary
Baosteel Group (Shanghai) Real Estate Co., Ltd.(Baosteel Real Estate)	Fellow subsidiary
Fujian Baosteel Real Estate Co., Ltd. (Fujian Real Estate)	Fellow subsidiary
Baosteel Hong Kong Investment Co., Ltd. (Baosteel Hong Kong)	Fellow subsidiary
Shanghai Baodi Real Estate Co., Ltd. (Baodi Real Estate)	Fellow subsidiary
Wuhan Iron & Steel (Group) Company and its subsidiaries (Wuhan Iron & Steel Group and its subsidiaries) (Note)	Fellow subsidiary
Shanghai Wusongkou Pioneer Park Co., Ltd. (Wusongkou)	Fellow subsidiary
Shanghai Baosteel Xinyue Human Resources Service Co., Ltd. (Xinyue)	Fellow subsidiary

Note: Disclosure of Wuhan Iron & Steel (Group) Company and its subsidiaries ("Wuhan Iron & Steel Group and its subsidiaries") are retrospective disclosure of amount incurred from transactions with related party and balances due from or to related parties, based on reorganization of Baosteel Group and Wuhan Iron & Steel Group included in scope of business combination involving enterprises under common control.

5. Related party transactions

Sales and purchases of goods, provision of services and receiving services

(1) Sales of goods, provision and receipt of services

			KIMB 000
Related party	Transaction type	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year
		Amount	Amount
BNA	Steel and iron products, raw material and energy	9,961,171	8,185,653
Baosteel Resources (International)	Raw materials	3,915,533	1,241,693
Meishan Steel and its subsidiaries	Steel and iron products, energy, and spare parts	2,123,639	1,777,628
Baosteel Special Steel and its subsidiaries	Steel and iron products, raw materials, spare parts and energy	2,022,351	1,782,014
Baosteel Metals and its subsidiaries	Steel and iron products, energy, and spare parts	I,598,069	955,114
Baosteel Resource and its subsidiaries	Raw materials	1,565,368	360,000
Baosteel Stainless	Steel and iron product raw materials and spare parts and energy	809,63 l	1,457,496
Baosteel Development and its subsidiaries	Steel and iron products, spare parts and energy	735,517	743,880
Ningbo Baoxin and its subsidiaries	Steel and iron products and raw material	639,772	180,158
Engineering & Technology Co. and its subsidiaries	Steel and iron products, energy, and spare part	402,532	239,023
Guangzhou JFE	Steel and iron products and equipment	337,706	290,756
Weld Company	Steel and iron products and raw materials	263,720	328,703
Wuhan Iron & Steel Group and its subsidiaries	Steel and iron products	195,607	72,270
Shaoguan Steel and its subsidiaries	Energy and spare parts	152,567	164,592
Wuxi Baomit	Steel and iron products	75,585	81,198
Wuxi Baomeifeng	Steel and iron products	26,111	102
Shandong Baohua	Steel and iron products	21,030	-
Baowu Group (formerly named as "Baosteel Group")	Energy and spare parts	I 3,580	11,213
Hwabao Investment	Equipment	I I,083	9,057
Hwabao Trust	Equipment	1,375	93
Shanghai Stainless	Raw materials	1,213	-
Baosteel Desheng	Energy and spare parts	592	8,201
Pudong Steel and its subsidiaries	Spare parts and equipment	-	32
Xinjiang Bayi and its subsidiaries	Steel and iron products and equipment	-	242
Tianjin BCM	Steel and iron products and raw material	-	70,886
Others	Energy, raw material and Spare parts	471	132
Total		24,874,223	17,960,136

RMB'000

(XI)

RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND TRANSACTIONS- continued

(2) Purchase of goods

			RMB'000
Related party	Transaction type	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year
		Amount	Amount
BNA	Steel and iron products, energy and raw material	10,520,932	8,783,107
Baosteel Stainless	Steel and iron products	6,569,934	9,729,054
Baosteel Resource and its subsidiaries	Raw materials and energy	5,284,174	3,535,890
Ningbo Baoxin and its subsidiaries	Steel and iron products and energy	4,828,694	5,203,882
Baosteel Special Steel and its subsidiaries	Steel and iron products and energy	4,743,473	4,711,576
Shaoguan Steel and its subsidiaries	Steel and iron products	I,997,845	298,569
Engineering & Technology Co. and its subsidiaries	Raw materials and equipment	1,982,426	2,776,789
Baosteel Development and its subsidiaries	Steel and iron products, spare parts and energy	987,543	1,081,347
Meishan Steel and its subsidiaries	Raw materials and energy	698,808	737,259
Baosteel Desheng	Steel and iron products	610,253	466,155
Guangzhou JFE	Steel and iron products	570,312	554,570
Xinjiang Bayi and its subsidiaries	Steel and iron products	449,942	510,838
Wuhan Iron & Steel Group and its subsidiaries	Steel and iron products	433,881	22,231
Baosteel Resource International	Raw materials	416,265	37,592
Baosteel Metal and its subsidiaries	spare parts	392,289	379,991
Weld Company,	Steel and iron products and raw materials	12,945	153
Baowu Group(formerly named as "Baosteel Group")	Fuels	4,056	4,459
Others	Spare parts, energy and etc.	1,490	2,283
Total		40,505,262	38,835,745

(XI)

RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND TRANSACTIONS- continued

(3) Provision of labor services

			RMB'000
Related party	Related party transactions	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year
		Amount	Amount
Meishan Steel and its subsidiaries	Transportation services and technical supports	218,161	62,167
Baosteel Stainless	Transportation services and technical supports	145,908	4,850
Engineering & Technology Co. and its subsidiaries	Technical supports	112,034	59,911
Baosteel Resource and its subsidiaries	Transportation services and technical supports	76,134	86,763
Baosteel Special Material and its subsidiaries	Process, technical and transportation services	58,981	97,489
Baowu Group(formerly named as "Baosteel Group	") Technical supports	56,920	30,384
Hwabao Investment	Technical supports and examination and maintenance services	43,218	23,679
Baosteel Stainless	Technical supports	38,758	98,480
Shaoguan Steel and its subsidiaries	Technical supports	32,187	56,280
Xinjiang Bayi and its subsidiaries	Technical supports	28,717	38,014
Baosteel Development and its subsidiaries	Transportation services and technical supports	26,457	33,735
Ningbo Baoxin and its subsidiaries	Technical supports	26,103	19,012
Baosteel Resources (International)	Technical supports	25,968	17,319
Guangzhou JFE	Technical supports	21,913	219
Baosteel Metal and its subsidiaries	Transportation services and technical supports	19,827	22,387
Fortune Trust	Technical supports	16,901	12,601
Baosteel Desheng	Technical supports	12,641	15,866
Beijing Huili	Technical supports	7,137	461
Baodi Real Estate	Technical supports	3,655	824
Baohua Tendering	Technical supports	3,536	1,901
Weld Company	Technical supports	۱,693	2,061
Wuhan Iron & Steel Group and its subsidiaries	Transportation services	1,254	-
No. 5 Steel and its subsidiaries	Technical supports	403	227
Pudong Steel and its subsidiaries	Technical supports	378	330
Baosteel Resource International	Transportation services	22,746	207,015
Others	Transportation services and technical supports	1,077	6,122
Total		1,002,707	1,008,097

RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND TRANSACTIONS- continued

(4) Receipt of services

			RMB'000
Related party	Transaction type	Amount for the current year	Restated Amount for the prior year
		Amount	Amount
Engineering & Technology Co. and its subsidiaries	Project, examination, and maintenance fees	1,987,367	2,240,140
Baosteel Development and its subsidiaries	Logistics, project, transportation, examination, and maintenance fees	1,334,647	1,703,452
Meishan Steel and its subsidiaries	Logistics, project, transportation, examination, and maintenance fees	1,032,758	1,369,888
Baosteel Resource and its subsidiaries	Project, examination, and maintenance fees	614,698	526,935
BNA	Logistics, project, transportation, examination, and maintenance fees	121,056	220,533
Firsttech	Logistics, project, transportation, examination, and maintenance fees	47,745	36,592
Baowu Group(formerly named as "Baosteel Group")	Transportation fees	33,903	52,241
Baosteel Stainless	Processing fees	22,686	8,935
Baosteel metal and its subsidiaries	Education and training fees	3,562	8,251
Baosteel Resource International	Technical service fees	8,199	16,862
Weld Company	Project and logistics fees	4,711	1,139
Fortune Trust	Administration fees	1,625	١,394
Baohua Tendering	Transportation fees	2,548	2,454
Baosteel Special Material and its subsidiaries	Project service fees	2,525	13,814
Ningbo Baoxin and its subsidiaries	Other services fees	1,148	605
No. 5 Steel and its subsidiaries	Logistics fees	1	١,530
Bao-Island Enterprise	Labor outsource service fees	177,040	107,234
Wuhan Iron & Steel Group and its subsidiaries	Transportation fees	47,926	-
Others	Logistics fees	4,724	I,056
Total	Logistics and transportation service fees	5,448,869	6,313,055

(5) Other related party transactions

			11110000
Items	Note	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year
Rental expenses of land, property and automobile	I	343,596	399,856
Rental income of property land and equipment	I	77,130	33,729
Financial service and interest expenses	3	171,796	253,030
Financial service and interest income	2	45,385	155,573

Note I: When the Company was established, the Company signed a twenty-year agreement with Baowu Group for the lease of the plant site land use right. In September 2001, the Company entered into a further twenty-year lease agreement with Baowu Group for the use of the land for the plant site for assets acquired for Phase 3. In November 2002, the Company signed a new twenty-year lease agreement with Baowu Group for the land use of the plant site for assets in custody due to acquisitions. In November 2010, the Company signed a supplementary agreement with Baowu Group for the increase of land use expenses due to increment of land use tax. In year 2016, land use right lease expense of the Company amounted to RMB234, 186,471 (2015: RMB234, 186,471).

The Group leased properties from such related parties as Baowu Group, BNA, Baosteel Metal, lease equipment from Baosteel Stainless, leased vehicles from Baosteel Development and its subsidiaries and Baosteel Metal and its subsidiaries; in the meantime, the Group leased properties to BNA and Baosteel Resources and its subsidiaries, leased land use right to BNA. These leases are priced at negotiated price.

- Note 2: The Group provided, via Finance Co., one of its subsidiaries, with loans, discounting and entrusted financing services to Baowu Group and its subsidiaries, and hereby obtained interest income, discounting income and fees from entrusted financing.
- Note 3: The Group collected deposits from Baowu Group and its subsidiaries, and paid interest expenses at the RMB interest rate on saving as stipulated by the People's Bank of China.

(XI)

RMB'000

RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND TRANSACTIONS- continued

(6) Related entrust

(XI)

Detailed related entrust of the Group:

	n the Group.				RMB'000
Entrustor	Enstrustee	Type of entrusted asset	Closing balance	Accumulated amount during current period	Income during current period
Baoshan Iron & Steel Co.	Hwabao Trust	Trust Plan	5,408,778	14,848,000	l 86,676

6. Amounts due from / to related parties

(1) Notes receivable

Item	Polated party-	Closing balance		Opening balance	
liem	Related party-	Carrying balance	Provision	Carrying balance	Provision
Note receivable	Baosteel Metal and its subsidiaries	404,031	-	85,568	-
Note receivable	Baosteel Special Steel and its subsidiaries	268,417	-	274,390	-
Note receivable	Baosteel Development and its subsidiaries	87,537	-	39,157	-
Note receivable	Meishan Steel and its subsidiaries	26,686	-	900	-
Note receivable	Engineering & Technology Co. and its subsidiaries	23,980	-	23,502	-
Note receivable	Shaoguan Steel and its subsidiaries	21,980	-	47,176	-
Note receivable	Guangzhou JFE	4,920	-	288	-
Note receivable	Baosteel Resource and its subsidiaries	3,957	-	500	-
Note receivable	Xinjiang Bayi and its subsidiaries	2,962	-	2,100	-
Note receivable	Shandong Baohua	2,526	-	-	-
Note receivable	Wuhan Iron & Steel Group and its subsidiaries	1,200	-	-	-
Note receivable	Baosteel Desheng	-	-	100	-
Note receivable	Ningbo Baoxin and its subsidiaries	-	-	7,206	-
Note receivable	Others	99	-	2,244	-
	Total	848,295	-	483,131	-

RMB'000

(XI)

RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND TRANSACTIONS- continued

(2) Accounts receivable

lton	Dolated a sub-	Closing bala	ince	Opening bala	ince
Item	Related party-	Carrying balance	Provision	Carrying balance	Provision
Account receivable	Meishan Steel and its subsidiaries	911,439	-	464,442	
Account receivable	Baosteel Special Material and its subsidiaries	529,057	-	356,413	
Account receivable	BNA	212,387	-	152,377	
Account receivable	Engineering & Technology Co. and its subsidiaries	144,838	-	137,454	
Account receivable	Baosteel Stainless	103,954	-	138,277	
Account receivable	Baosteel Development and its subsidiaries	87,989	-	76,873	
Account receivable	Xinjiang Bayi and its subsidiaries	85,436	-	78,489	-
Account receivable	Baosteel Resource and its subsidiaries	37,599	-	103,932	
Account receivable	Shaoguan Steel and its subsidiaries	33,480	-	86,068	-
Account receivable	Ningbo Baoxin and its subsidiaries	21,615	-	3, 46	-
Account receivable	Baosteel Metal and its subsidiaries	17,260	-	18,048	-
Account receivable	Wuhan Iron & Steel Group and its subsidiaries	10,751	-	-	-
Account receivable	Baosteel Desheng	11,192	-	2,477	
Account receivable	Guangzhou JFE	4, 38	-	8,708	-
Account receivable	Baosteel Resource(International)	10,371	-	-	
Account receivable	Hwabao Investment	3,984	-	3,669	-
Account receivable	Baodi Real Estate	3,245	-	135	-
Account receivable	Baowu Group(formerly named as "Baosteel Group")	2,479	-	14,266	-
Account receivable	Beijing Qingke	I,530	-	1,314	-
Account receivable	Fortune Trust	1,010	-	10,077	-
Account receivable	Weld Company	356	-	27,180	
Account receivable	Others	8,610	-	I,262	
	Total	2,252,720	-	1,704,607	

(3) Prepayments

пераутнениз			RMB'000
Item	Related party	Closing balance	Opening balance
Prepayments	BNA	554,139	986,836
Prepayments	Shaogang Steel and its subsidiaries	477,122	240,611
Prepayments	Xinjiang Bayi and its subsidiaries	236,486	91,343
Prepayments	Baosteel Resource and its subsidiaries	166,615	107,173
Prepayments	Wuhan Iron & Steel Group and its subsidiaries	88,836	148
Prepayments	Engineering & Technology Co. and its subsidiaries	48,004	81,632
Prepayments	Baosteel Metal and its subsidiaries	45,717	33,176
Prepayments	Guangzhou JFE	37,779	37,015
Prepayments	Baosteel Stainless	25,199	82,191
Prepayments	Baosteel Development and its subsidiaries	23,856	-
Prepayments	Wuhan Baozhang	21,740	-
Prepayments	Baosteel Special Material and its subsidiaries	19,559	7,343
Prepayments	Meishan Steel and its subsidiaries	14,725	9,533
Prepayments	Baosteel Desheng	1,216	-
Prepayments	Ningbo Baoxin and its subsidiaries	-	90,637
Prepayments	Others	2,202	134
	Total	1,763,195	1,767,772

(XI) RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND TRANSACTIONS- continued

(4) Interest receivables

			RMB'000
Item	Related party	Closing balance	Opening balance
Interest receivable	Baosteel Stainless (note)	76,203	68, 5
Interest receivable	Baosteel Special Steel (note)	55,687	122,853
Interest receivable	Others	231	-
	Total	132,121	290,968

Note: Interest receivables from Baosteel Stainless and Baosteel Special Material refer to Note (VI). 6(1).

(5) Other receivables

			RMB'000
Item	Related party	Closing balance	Opening balance
Other receivable	Hwabao Investment	20,500	
Other receivable	Baosteel Development and its subsidiaries	10,654	I I,462
Other receivable	Meishan Steel and its subsidiaries	6,208	3,389
Other receivable	Baowu Group(formerly named as ''Baosteel Group'')	3,826	5,960
Other receivable	Fortune Trust	2,997	3,231
Other receivable	Xinjiang Bayi and its subsidiaries	2,042	692
Other receivable	Baohua Tendering	١,692	1,753
Other receivable	Shaoguan Steel and its subsidiaries	1,166	2,020
Other receivable	Weld Company	1,109	1,166
Other receivable	Engineering & Technology Co. and its subsidiaries	342	-
Other receivable	Ningbo Baoxin and its subsidiaries	135	126
Other receivable	Baosteel Special Steel and its subsidiaries	9	171
Other receivable	Baosteel Stainless	2	20,119
Other receivable	Others	2,992	4,666
	Total	53,674	54,755

(6) Non-current assets due within one year

			RMB'000
Item	Related party	Closing balance	Opening balance
Non-current assets due within one year	Baosteel Stainless (Note)	2,600,000	2,600,000
Non-current assets due within one year	Baosteel Special Steel (Note)	1,900,000	1,900,000
	Total	4,500,000	4,500,000

Note: Details of non-current assets due within one year from Baosteel Stainless and Baosteel Special Steel receivable refer to Note (VI). 11(1).

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RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND TRANSACTIONS- continued

(7) Loans and advances to customers

Item	Related party	Closing balance	Opening halance
			opening balance
Loans and discounts to customers	Baosteel Resource and its subsidiaries	296,503	350,715
Loans and discounts to customers	Engineering & Technology Co. and its subsidiaries	139,257	62,197
Loans and discounts to customers	Baosteel Metal and its subsidiaries	32,000	32,000
Loans and discounts to customers	Xinjiang Bayi and its subsidiaries	-	500,000
Loans and discounts to customers	Weld Company,	50,000	80,000
Loans and discounts to customers	Shaoguan Steel and its subsidiaries	-	149,127
	Total	517,760	1,174,039

(8) Long-term receivables

			RMB'000
Item	Related party	Closing balance	Opening balance
Long-term receivables	Baosteel Stainless(Note)	-	2,600,000
Long-term receivables	Baosteel Special Steel (Note)	-	l ,900,000
Long-term receivables	Engineering & Technology Co. and its subsidiaries	-	3,750
	Baosteel Stainless(Note)	-	4,503,750

Note: Details of non-current assets due within one year receivables from Baosteel Stainless and Baosteel Special Material refer to Note (VI). 15(1).

(9) Customer deposits and deposits from banks and other financial institutions

			RMB'000
Item	Related party	Closing balance	Opening balance
Customer deposits and deposits from banks and other financial institutions	Baowu Group(formerly named as "Baosteel Group")	8,250,821	8,150,003
Customer deposits and deposits from banks and other financial institutions	BNA	374,231	910,436
Customer deposits and deposits from banks and other financial institutions	Fortune Trust	358,706	170,637
Customer deposits and deposits from banks and other financial institutions	Shaoguan Steel and its subsidiaries	100,430	190,321
Customer deposits and deposits from banks and other financial institutions	Institute of Steel and Iron	53,099	51,002
Customer deposits and deposits from banks and other financial institutions	Baosteel Resource and its subsidiaries	39,742	58,217
Customer deposits and deposits from banks and other financial institutions	Baosteel Development and its subsidiaries	20,104	137,219
Customer deposits and deposits from banks and other financial institutions	Engineering & Technology Co. and its subsidiaries	4,265	27,716
Customer deposits and deposits from banks and other financial institutions	Fortune Investment	292	160,006
Customer deposits and deposits from banks and other financial institutions	Others	21,166	45,501
	Total	9,222,856	9,901,058

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RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND TRANSACTIONS- continued

(10) Notes payable

			RMB'000
Item	Related party	Closing balance	Opening balance
Notes payable	Baosteel Resource and its subsidiaries	1,282,680	399,302
Notes payable	BNA	644,486	805,214
Notes payable	Engineering & Technology Co. and its subsidiaries	150,169	175,050
Notes payable	Ningbo Baoxin and its subsidiaries	146,692	150,608
Notes payable	Baosteel Stainless	73,599	54,707
Notes payable	Baosteel Special Steel and its subsidiaries	21,648	19,475
Notes payable	Wuhan Iron & Steel Group and its subsidiaries	10,808	-
Notes payable	Meishan Steel and its subsidiaries	-	32,726
Notes payable	Xinjiang Bayi and its subsidiaries	-	6,040
Notes payable	Shaoguan Steel and its subsidiaries	-	1,451
	Total	2,456,618	1,748,361

(11) Accounts payable

RMB'000

Item	Related party	Closing balance	Opening balance
Account payable	Engineering & Technology Co. and its subsidiaries	1,024,011	820,478
Account payable	Meishan Steel and its subsidiaries	618,233	730,804
Account payable	Baosteel Resource and its subsidiaries	571,988	450,535
Account payable	Shanghai Stainless	414,094	878,033
Account payable	Baosteel Development and its subsidiaries	351,414	349,414
Account payable	Baosteel Special Steel and its subsidiaries	329,652	143,378
Account payable	Baowu Group(formerly named as ''Baosteel Group'')	250,563	5,599
Account payable	Ningbo Baoxin and its subsidiaries	187,365	403,923
Account payable	Shaoguan Steel and its subsidiaries	76,635	16,388
Account payable	BNA	70,777	48,273
Account payable	Baosteel Metal and its subsidiaries	22,013	20,272
Account payable	Xinjiang Bayi and its subsidiaries	9,490	27,317
Account payable	Weld Company	2,757	14,468
Account payable	Wuhan Iron & Steel Group and its subsidiaries	2,218	I,460
Account payable	Others	2,037	1,556
	Total	3,933,247	4,011,898

RELATED PARTY RELATIONSHIPS AND TRANSACTIONS- continued

(12) Receipts in advance

	Deleted as 1		
Item	Related party	Closing balance	Opening balance
Receipts in advance	Baosteel Metal and its subsidiaries	342,208	229,862
Receipts in advance	Wuhan Iron & Steel Group and its subsidiaries	22,771	-
Receipts in advance	Guangzhou JFE	67,042	42,850
Receipts in advance	Baosteel Development and its subsidiaries	36,866	46,295
Receipts in advance	Engineering & Technology Co. and its subsidiaries	24,210	20,35 I
Receipts in advance	Xinjiang Bayi and its subsidiaries	22,377	10,593
Receipts in advance	Welding Co	16,290	1,428
Receipts in advance	Shaoguan Steel and its subsidiaries	14,324	193
Receipts in advance	Hangzhou Baowei	-	79,614
Receipts in advance	Meishan Steel and its subsidiaries	13,989	73,859
Receipts in advance	Wuxi Baomit	11,019	6,402
Receipts in advance	Baosteel Special Steel and its subsidiaries	6,623	6,608
Receipts in advance	Ningbo Baoxin and its subsidiaries	4,194	4,649
Receipts in advance	Baosteel Stainless	I,878	7,731
Receipts in advance	Baosteel Desheng	1,105	131
Receipts in advance	Baosteel Resource and its subsidiaries	771	3,494
Receipts in advance	No. 2 Steel and its subsidiaries	200	200
Receipts in advance	Pudong Steel and its subsidiaries	153	153
Receipts in advance	Tianjin BCM	14	1,263
Receipts in advance	Others	47,346	33,268
	Total	633,380	568,944

(13) Interest payable

interest payable			RMB'000
Item	Related party	Closing balance	Opening balance
Interest payable	Baowu Group(formerly named as "Baosteel Group")	92,441	55,616
Interest payable	Hwabao Trust	2,438	-
Interest payable	Institute of Steel and Iron	444	434
Interest payable	Others	142	647
	Total	95,465	56,697

(14) Other payables

Other payables			RMB'000
Item	Related party	Closing balance	Opening balance
Other payable	Meishan Steel and its subsidiaries	8,826	924
Other payable	Baowu Group(formerly named as "Baosteel Group")	5,911	5,842
Other payable	Xinjiang Bayi and its subsidiaries	2,526	-
Other payable	Engineering & Technology Co. and its subsidiaries	2,314	3,449
Other payable	Baosteel Development and its subsidiaries	2,255	2,085
Other payable	Baosteel Resource and its subsidiaries	2,104	2,108
Other payable	Baosteel Metal and its subsidiaries	680	665
Other payable	Baosteel Special Steel and its subsidiaries	200	200
Other payable	No. 5 Steel and its subsidiaries	-	3
Other payable	Others	507	313
	Total	25,323	15,589

(XI)

(XII) SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

(XII) SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

1. Summary of share-based payments

The interim shareholder meeting of the Company approved Restricted A Share Scheme, First Phase Granting Proposal of Restricted A Share Scheme and a series of proposals (hereinafter referred to as "Restricted Share Scheme") on 20 May 2014, and in succession, the Company approved The Proposal for Determining Participants and Grant Quantity of Restricted Share Scheme and First Phase Granting Proposal of Restricted Share Scheme in the 5th session of 15th board meeting on 22 May 2014. According to the approved incentive participants list and granting quantity, the Company granted the repurchased a share from Shanghai Stock Exchange as the restricted shares to incentive participants via open bidding. In compliance with Restricted Share Scheme, the restricted shares are forbidden to sell nor transfer in the following 2 years upon granting date, and get unlocked in the following 3 years from the next day of the maturity of forbidden period. The incentive participants can apply for unlocking and transferring the restricted shares on uniform unlocking proportion (1/3 for each year) in any of the three years given unlocking conditions are satisfied. If unlocking conditions fail to be satisfied in any one of the three years, the Company shall repurchase such unlocked restricted shares at grant price.

As of 11 June 2014, the Company repurchased 47,446,100 shares for share incentive scheme at cost of RMB187, 734,750.08. The repurchased shares are designated into treasury stocks.

According to first phase granting proposal, there are 136 incentive participants, with granting price of RMBI.91/share and quantity of 47,446,100 shares. The incentive participants totally paid RMB 90,622,051.00 for acquisition of restricted shares. The Company recognized repurchase obligation for restricted share in liability and treated as acquisition of treasury stocks. As of 24 June 2014, the 47,446,100 non-restricted circulating stocks granted in the first phase had fully changed into restricted circulating stocks, and all the corresponding transfers of ownership had completed.

The Company repurchased and cancelled restricted shares which unqualified to be unlocked at cost of RMB 1,334,899.00 from Mr. Zhang Yong and Ms. Zhang Xiaobo, 434,400 shares and 264,500 shares respectively. The ownership of above mentioned 698,900 shares has been fully transferred to the special repurchase account of the Company and been cancelled on 16 December 2014. Meanwhile, the Company decreased share capital and capital reserve RMB698, 900 and RMB635, 999 respectively.

In 2015, the Company repurchased and cancelled 3,508,500 shares of restricted shares which unqualified to be unlocked, namely 488,700 shares from Mr. Li Shiping, 434,400 shares from Mr. Fu Jianguo, 434,400 shares from Ms. Hu Yuliang, 380,100 shares from Ms. Jia Yiyun, and 264,500 shares from Pei Shibin, Sun Dale and Lu Junyong respectively, and 488,700 shares from Guo Bin and Hou Angui respectively. The ownership of above mentioned 3,508,500 shares has been fully transferred to the special repurchase account of the Company and been cancelled in 2015. Meanwhile, the Company decrease RMB 3,508,500 of share capital and the registered capital reduced to RMB16, 467,517,524.

In 2016, the Company repurchased and cancelled restricted shares which unqualified to be unlocked, namely 325,800 shares from Ms Jiang Laizhu, 264,500 shares from Mr. Huang Aijun, 1,592,800 shares from Zhao Zhouli and other 4 persons, 724,000 shares from Wei Chengwen, Zhu Jianchun and Wang Huaqiang. In addition, the Company cancelled 14,216,800 shares unqualified to be unlocked according to the Proposal for Repurchase of First Restricted Share Scheme Unqualified to be Unlocked approved in the 7th session of 6th board meeting on 28 April 2016. The ownership of above mentioned 17,123,900 shares has been fully transferred to the special repurchase account of the Company and deregistered in 2016. Meanwhile, the Company decrease RMB 17,123,900.00 of share capital and the registered capital reduced to RMB 16,450,393,624.

Total number of the Company's equity instruments granted during the period	-
Total number of the Company's equity instruments vested during the period	-
Total number of the Company's equity instruments lapsed during the period	17,123,900.00 shares

2. Equity-settled share-based payments

	RMB
The method of determining the best estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to be vested	Determining by performance evaluation of each unlocking period for restricted share scheme
Vest conditions	Determining by unlocking conditions of each unlocking period for restricted share scheme
Total equity-settled shared-based payment for employees' services	39,448,979.56
Accumulated equity-settled share-based payment recognized in capita reserve	al 29,938,611.36
Total equity-settled shared-based payment	9,485,805.45

3. The method of determining the fair value of equity instruments at the grant date

On the basis of Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model, the fair value of the Company's equity instrument is assessed in respect of market price of stock on granting date and terms and conditions of option granting. Following presents input variables for the model.

Estimate volatility (%)	18.3-22.9
Risk-free interest rate (%)	2.7-2.9
Estimated lock period(year)	2-5
Stock price at granting date(RMB/share)	3.86

Volatility refers to the historic stock price volatility; estimated lock period is assessed on the basis of annual share transfer ratio of incentive participants, however, it is not always the actual result.

The fair value of restricted share on granting date is set out as below:

Lockable restricted shares in the first year upon maturity of forbidden period	RMB3.59/share
Lockable restricted shares in the second year upon maturity of forbidden period	RMB3.51/share
Lockable restricted shares in the third year upon maturity of forbidden period	RMB3.36/share

(XIII) COMMITMENTS

1. Significant commitments

(1) Capital commitments

		RMB'000
	Closing balance	Opening balance
Capital commitments that have been entered into but have not been recognized in the financial statements:		
Contracted but not provided	18,425,276	15,863,814
Approved by the Board but not contracted	2,322,154	2,715,314
Total	20,747,430	18,579,128

(2) Operating lease commitments

At the balance sheet date, the Group had the following commitments in respect of non-cancellable operating leases:

		RMB'000
	Closing balance	Opening balance
Minimum lease payments under non- cancellable operating leases:		
1st year subsequent to the balance sheet date	331,375	401,927
2nd year subsequent to the balance sheet date	298,727	382,436
3rd year subsequent to the balance sheet date	287,927	351,049
Subsequent periods over 3 years	555,423	1,238,037
Total	1,473,452	2,373,449

2. Contingencies

At the balance sheet date, the Group had no contingencies that need to be disclosed.

(XIV) EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

1. Repurchase of restricted shares

According to the Proposal for Adjustment of Incentive Participants of Restricted Share Scheme as approved in the 14th session of 6th board meeting of the Company, the Company repurchased from the incentive participant Zhu Hanming at the cost of granting price 253,400 shares of restricted shares which were unqualified to be unlocked in the First Phase Granting Proposal of Restricted A Share Scheme, and cancelled all of such shares. At present, the 253,400 shares of restricted shares has been fully transferred to the account of the Company and been cancelled on 7 February 2017.

2. Share conversion for Merger

Pursuant to the Promulgated Announcement on the Implementation of Share Conversion for Merger issued by the Company on 17 February 2017, the merger of Wuhan Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. ("Wuhan Iron & Steel Company") by the Company (the "Merger") has fulfilled internal decision procedures of the Company and Wuhan Iron & Steel Company respectively and been approved by China Securities Regulatory Commission ("CSRC") in Reply to Approve the merge of Wuhan Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. by Baoshan Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. (Zheng Jian Xu Ke [2016] No.3199) and all other competent regulatory authorities. The registration date of share conversion for the Merger is 14 February 2017. At the closing of such registration date, shares of Wuhan Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. can be converted to 0.56 share of the Company. New shares of the Company involved in the Merger were registered on 17 February 2017. For the Merger, the Company newly issued 5,652,516,701 A shares, which were unrestricted tradable shares and listed on 27 February 2017.

When the Merger is completed, all shares of Wuhan Iron & Steel Company will be controlled by the Company.

3. Distribution of dividends

In accordance with the 17th session of the 6th board of directors held in 27 April 2017, the Company intends to distribute cash dividends at RMB 0.21 per share (inclusive of tax) on the basis of 22,102,656,925 shares to all shareholders registered in the dividend distribution announcement at the equity registration date. The distributed dividends in total accounts for approximate 51.77% of net profits attributable to shareholders of the Company in 2016 consolidated financial statements. The aforementioned distribution plan is still in need of the approval in the general shareholder meeting.

(XV) OTHER SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

1. Key terms of annuity plan and major changes therein

In accordance with the Reply to Baosteel Group's Application for Trial Enterprise Annuity Plan (Guo Zi Fen Pei [2008] No. 1268), by the Stateowned Asset Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council (SASAC), and the Announcement of Proportion in Enterprise Annuity Plan by the Human Resource Department of Baosteel Group, the annuity plan has been practiced in the Company since I January 2008. The portion assumed by the Company is 4% of the base amount of the individual salary, while the portion by the individual is 1%-7% of the base amount (1% of primary portion and no more than 6% of additional portion). The above annuity has been managed by Baosteel Group's subsidiary, Huabao Trust Co., Ltd. since 2009.

2. Segment reporting

According to the Group's internal organization structure, management requirement and internal report system, the business segment is divided into 6 operating segments based on their operating activities. Six reporting segments are determined based on these operating segments. The group divided its reporting segments into steel and iron, processing and distribution, information technology, E-commerce, chemical and finance. As day-to-day activities of the Finance Co. are financial in nature, the investment income of Finance Co. has been included in the segment business income. The main products and services that each report segment provides are as follows:

Subsidiaries of each segment:

- (I) Iron & steel manufacturing: the Company, Meishan Steel, Yantai Baosteel, Huangshi Coating & Galvanizing, Yantai Baosteel, Baoma Tube, Poly Pipe, Zhanjiang Iron & Steel and other steel and iron producing units;
- (2) Processing and distribution: Baosteel International, Baosteel America, Baosteel Europe, Baosteel Singapore, Howa Trading, Bao-trans, BGM and other trading subsidiaries;
- (3) Information technology: Baosight Software.
- (4) E-commerce: Ouyeel and Huagongbao
- (5) Chemical: Baosteel Chemical
- (6) Finance: Finance Co.,

For disclosure of the Group's operating data, the revenues are classified and disclosed in the region where the customers are situated, and the assets are classified and disclosed in the region where the assets are situated.

Financial expenses, impairment losses of assets, gains or losses from changes in fair value and investment income (excluding Finance Co.) have been excluded from the segment business profit. The deferred tax assets are not included in the segment assets, while short-term borrowings, non-current liabilities due within one year, long-term borrowings, long-term payables, bonds payable, and deferred tax liabilities have not been included in the segment liabilities.

Segment reports are disclosed according to internal accounting policies and measuring standards, which are consistent with the policies and standards used in preparing financial statements.

The sales to individual customer of the Group has not accounted for more than 10% of the total revenue.

(1)	Segme	ent info	ormation													RMB'000
	Iron & steel m	anufacturing	Processing an	d distribution	Information	technology	E-commerce Chemica		nical Finance		nce	ice Inter-segment eliminations		Total		
	Current year	Prior year	Current year	Prior year	Current year	Prior year	Current year	Prior year	Current year	Prior year	Current year	Prior year	Current year	Prior year	Current year	Prior year
Operating income																
External revenue	24,646,783	18,607,162	121,578,136	120,380,933	2,666,422	2,276,194	33,797,319	19,869,055	2,764,354	2,650,257	383,515	455,487	-	-	185,836,529	164,239,088
Inter- segment revenue	78,596,655	78,208,743	36,613,825	20,308,619	1,289,669	1,661,491	4,955,856	192,234	4,894,437	4,976,393	146,844	172,945	(126,497,286)	(105,520,425)	-	-
Total segment operating income	103,243,438	96,815,905	58,191,961	140,689,552	3,956,091	3,937,685	38,753,175	20,061,289	7,658,791	7,626,650	530,359	628,432	(126,497,286)	(105,520,425)	185,836,529	164,239,088
Operating expenses	92,832,193	94,894,945	155,364,825	38, 88, 868	3,621,534	3,659,253	39,113,243	20,261,354	7,411,730	7,549,093	332,448	391,809	(126,247,709)	(105,514,070)	172,428,264	159,431,252
Operating profit	10,411,245	1,920,960	2,827,136	2,500,684	334,557	278,432	(360,068)	(200,065)	247,061	77,557	197,911	236,623	(249,577)	(6,355)	3,408,265	4,807,836

RMB'000

	Iron & steel manufacturing		Processing a	nd distribution	Information	technology	E-con	nmerce	Cher	mical	Fina	ance	Inter-segmer	t eliminations	To	tal
	Current year	Prior year	Current year	Prior year	Current year	Prior year	Current year	Prior year	Current year	Prior year	Current year	Prior year	Current year	Prior year	Current year	Prior year
Total segment assets	252,732,735	213,557,552	60,982,912	51,829,534	6,791,534	6,326,394	14,343,073	3,970,024	5,256,269	4,971,435	15,023,814	14,258,585	(88,522,316)	(62,311,333)	266,608,021	232,602,191
Total segment liabilities	8,888,965	55,758,099	34,228,009	24,117,298	2,581,355	2,323,754	8,429,222	1,463,254	1,539,082	1,205,991	3, 8,77	2,428,100	(103,264,977)	(41,091,953)	75,520,427	56,204,543
Supplementary information:																
Depreciation and amortization	, 30,40	9,902,532	587,461	549,689	127,819	99,354	82,033	38,031	382,846	354,442	9,423	8,167	-	-	12,319,983	10,952,215
Impairment loss recognized in the Current year	2,944,253	1,144,855	336,947	231,513	14,260	23,575	18,417	(289)	124,664	51,095	34,812	80,697	(2,492,669)	46,572	980,684	1,578,018
Capital expenditures	14,295,837	24,978,185	861,492	639,549	563,489	573,165	241,228	228,838	216,316	493,493	7,760	6,691	-	-	16,186,122	26,919,921

(2) External revenue by geographical area of source and non-current assets by geographical location

		RMB'000
Item	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year
External revenue from domestic customers	162,082,779	142,714,545
External revenue from foreign customers	23,753,750	21,524,543
Sub-total	185,836,529	164,239,088

Notes To The Financial Statements - continued

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

		RMB'00
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Non-current assets located in domestic country	162,086,853	162,207,582
Non-current assets located in foreign countries	3,686,343	2,012,581
Sub-total	165,773,196	164,220,16
External revenue includes:		RMB'00
Item	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year
Investment income of Finance Co.	126,241	121,952

The items excluding segment profit, segment assets and segment liabilities are set out as follows:

The segment profit does not include:

Item	Amount for the current year	Amount for the prior year
Financial expenses	2,185,972	2,392,567
Impairment losses of assets	980,684	I,486,730
Losses from changes in fair values	102,812	(5,658)
Investment income (excluding Finance Co.)	(1,250,836)	(916,255)
Total	2,018,632	2,957,384

RMB'000

Segment assets do not include:

		RMB'000
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Deferred tax assets	١,374,79١	1,520,956

Segment liabilities do not include:

		RMB'000
Item	Closing balance	Opening balance
Short-term borrowings	27,753,835	27,111,032
Non-current liabilities due within one year	154,697	208,115
Other current liabilities	18,053,795	10,057,344
Long-term borrowings	296,464	9,111,026
Long-term payables	49,879	82,586
Bonds payable	4,076,92	8,747,374
Deferred tax liabilities	655,512	454,702
Total	61,041,103	55,772,179

(XVI) NOTES TO KEY ITEMS IN THE COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Accounts receivable

(1) Disclosure of accounts receivable by categories:

		Closing balanc		Opening balance						
Category	Carrying a	mount	Bad debt	provision	Book value	Carrying a	nount	Bad debt provision		Book value
	Amount	Proportion (%)	Amount	Proportion (%)	DOOK VAIUE	Amount	Proportion (%)	Amount	Proportion (%)	DUUK Value
Accounts receivable that are individually significant and for which bad debt provision has been assessed individually	17,645,736,286.64	85	-	-	17,645,736,286.64	12,575,050,722.06	86	-	-	12,575,050,722.06
Accounts receivables with provision accrued according to credit risk characteristic portfolios	2,986,212,051.70	15	14,778,541.10	-	2,971,433,510.60	1,967,783,259.80	14	4,044,3 4.84	I	1,953,738,944.96
Accounts receivable that are not individually significant but for which bad debt provision has been assessed individually	22,361,492.44	-	22,361,492.44	100	-	22,086,689.81	-	22,086,689.81	100	-
Total	20,654,309,830.78	100	37,140,033.54	-	20,617,169,797.24	14,564,920,671.67	100	36,131,004.65	-	14,528,789,667.02

Accounts receivable that are individually significant or not individually significant but for which bad debts has been assessed individually as at 31 December 2016:

		Closing balance							
Accounts receivable (by unit)	Accounts receivable	Bad debt provision	Proportion of provision (%)	Reasons for provision					
Receivables with significant balances	17,645,736,286.64	-	-	Note I					
Receivables with long age	22,361,492.44	22,361,492.44	100	Note 2					
Total	17,668,097,779.08	22,361,492.44							

Accounts receivable that are individually significant or not individually significant but for which bad debts has been assessed individually as at 31 December 2015:

	Opening balance					
Accounts receivable (by unit)	Carrying amount	Bad debt provision	Proportion of provision (%)	Reasons for provision		
Receivables with significant balances	12,575,050,722.06	-	-	Note I		
Receivables with long age	22,086,689.81	22,086,689.81	100	Note 2		
Total	12,597,137,411.87	22,086,689.81	-			

Note I: Accounts receivables within one year have no significant obstacle to recollect and those with significant balance are all due from related parties. Hence no provision is recognized pursuant to the Company bad debt provision policies.

Note 2: Bad debt provision is fully made for accounts receivable not from related parties due to long aging and a slim chance of recollection.

Aging analysis of account receivable:

_		Closing balance				Opening balance			
Aging	Amount	Proportion (%)	Bad debt provision	Carrying amount	Amount	Proportion (%)	Bad debt provision	Carrying amount	
Within 1 year	17,952,186,378.45	87	14,596,566.88	17,937,589,811.57	13,397,632,571.61	92	13,791,861.10	13,383,840,710.51	
More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	2,512,365,308.16	12	8,928.71	2,512,356,379.45	777,498,367.05	5	87,572.16	777,410,794.89	
More than 2 years but not exceeding 3 years	29,387,232.48	0	173,045.51	29,214,186.97	275,909,400.52	2	164,881.58	275,744,518.94	
More than 3 years	160,370,911.69	I	22,361,492.44	138,009,419.25	3,880,332.49	I	22,086,689.81	91,793,642.68	
Total	20,654,309,830.78	100	37,140,033.54	20,617,169,797.24	14,564,920,671.67	100	36,131,004.65	4,528,789,667.02	

RMB

RMB

RMB

RMB

The aging analysis of bad debt provision in portfolio basis:

		RMB
	Closing balance	
Account receivable	Bad debt provision	Proportion (%)
2,949,656,460.69	14,596,566.88	-
22,889,374.10	8,928.71	-
11,835,875.20	173,045.51	1
1,830,341.71	-	-
2,986,212,051.70	14,778,541.10	-
	2,949,656,460.69 22,889,374.10 11,835,875.20 1,830,341.71	Account receivable Bad debt provision 2,949,656,460.69 14,596,566.88 22,889,374.10 8,928.71 11,835,875.20 173,045.51 1,830,341.71 -

			INI ID		
Aging	Opening balance				
Aging	Account receivable	Bad debt provision	Proportion (%)		
Within 1 year	1,527,546,249.54	13,791,861.10	1		
More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	224,693,354.58	87,572.16	-		
More than 2 years but not exceeding 3 years	215,543,655.68	64,88 .58	-		
Total	1,967,783,259.80	4,044,3 4.84	1		

RMR

(2) Bad debt allowance accrual and reversal

For the year, the Company recorded a bad debt allowance of RMB 1,009,028.89, reversed bad debt allowance of RMB 0.00.

(3) Accounts receivable written off

Accounts receivable written off in the reporting period is nil.

(4) Accounts receivable due to shareholders holding at least 5% of the Company's shares with voting power in the reporting period are set out below: RMB

				IN IB
Name of entity	Closing	balance	Opening balance	ce
	Carrying amount	Bad debt provision	Carrying amount	Bad debt provision
Baowu Group	1,904,345.05	-	1,125,650.91	-

(5) Top five customers with the largest balances are set out below:

As of 31 December 31 2016, top five balances of account receivables amounted to RMB 17,645,736,286.64, accounting for 85% of total account receivables.

- (6) At the end of the reporting period, no other receivables should be derecognized due to transfer of financial assets.
- (7) At the end of the reporting period, no assets or liabilities have been formed due to transferring of other receivable and the related continuous involvement.

2. Other receivables

(1) Disclosure of other receivables by categories:

			0							
			Closing balance			Opening balance				
Category	Carrying an	nount	Bad debt pro	ovision	Dealuratur	Carrying an	iount	Bad debt p	rovision	Deeluurlur
	Amount	Proportion (%)	Amount	Proportion (%)	Book value	Amount	Proportion (%)	Amount	Proportion (%)	Book value
Other receivables that are individually significant and for which bad debt provision has been assessed individually	285,730,445.71	82	1,676,150.00	I	284,054,295.71	169,651,203.67	66	-	-	169,651,203.67
Accounts receivables with provision accrued according to credit risk characteristic portfolios	58,711,838.44	17	2,008,373.10	3	56,703,465.34	84,230,416.86	33	3,995,257.95	5	80,235,158.91
Other receivables that are not individually significant but for which bad debt provision has been assessed individually	4,947,795.33	I	4,947,795.33	100	-	3,723,534.36	I	3,723,534.36	100	-
Total	349,390,079.48	100	8,632,318.43	2	340,757,761.05	257,605,154.89	100	7,718,792.31	3	249,886,362.58

Other receivables that are individually significant or not individually significant but for which bad debt provision has been assessed individually as at 31 December 2016: RMB

Other receivables (by unit)	Other receivables	Bad debt provision	Proportion of provision (%)	Reasons for provision
Receivables with significant balances	285,730,445.71	1,676,150.00	1	Notel
Receivables with long age	4,947,795.33	4,947,795.33	100	Note2
Total	290,678,241.04	6,623,945.33	2	

Accounts receivable that are individually significant or not individually significant but for which bad debts has been assessed individually as at 31 December 2015: RMB

Other receivables (by unit)	Other receivables Bad debt provision		Proportion of provision (%)	Reasons for provision
Receivables with significant balances	169,651,203.67	-	-	Notel
Receivables with long age	3,723,534.36	3,723,534.36	100	Note2
Total	173,374,738.03	3,723,534.36	2	

Note I: Other receivables with significant balances are mainly advances to projects, deposits and temporarily estimated input tax from the purchase to subsidiaries. Hence no provision is recognized due to low recoverable risk.

Note 2: Bad debt provision is fully made for other receivables not from related parties due to long aging and a slim chance of recollection.

Aging analysis of other receivable: RMB								
		C	losing balance			Opening balance		
Aging	Amount	Proportion (%)	Bad debt provision	Carrying amount	Amount	Proportion (%)	Bad debt provision	Carrying amount
Within 1 year	208,076,742.23	60	2,688,183.46	205,388,558.77	112,192,571.16	44	3,075,599.82	109,116,971.34
More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	3,130,358.80	I	667,126.95	2,463,231.85	1,178,114.95	-	164,606.35	1,013,508.60
More than 2 years but not exceeding 3 years	1,001,731.01	0	329,212.69	672,518.32	120,278,558.42	47	755,051.78	119,523,506.64
More than 3 years	137,181,247.44	39	4,947,795.33	32,233,452.	23,955,910.36	9	3,723,534.36	20,232,376.00
Total	349,390,079.48	100	8,632,318.43	340,757,761.05	257,605,154.89	100	7,718,792.31	249,886,362.58

RMB

The aging analysis of bad debt provision in portfolio basis:

			RMB			
Aging	Closing balance					
Aging	Other accounts receivable	Bad debt provision	Proportion (%)			
Within 1 year	34,396,936.62	1,012,033.46	3			
More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	3,130,358.80	667,126.95	21			
More than 2 years but not exceeding 3 years	1,001,731.01	329,212.69	33			
More than 3 years	20,182,812.01	-	-			
Total	58,711,838.44	2,008,373.10	3			

			RMB
A min m		Opening balance	
Aging	Other accounts receivable	Bad debt provision	Proportion (%)
Within 1 year	80,252,717.78	3,075,599.82	4
More than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	749,780.76	164,606.35	22
More than 2 years but not exceeding 3 years	3,227,918.32	755,051.78	23
Total	84,230,416.86	3,995,257.95	5

(2) Bad debt allowance accrual and reversal

For the year, the Company recorded a bad debt allowance of RMB 913,526.12, reversed bad debt allowance of RMB 0.00.

(3) Other accounts receivable written off

Other accounts receivable written off in the reporting period is nil.

(4) Other receivables due to shareholders holding at least 5% of the Company's shares with voting power in the reporting period are set out below:

				IN IB
Name of Entity	Closing	balance	Opening balance	ce
	Carrying amount	Bad debt provision	Carrying amount	Bad debt provision
Baowu Group	3,826,272.62	-	5,959,916.60	-

RMR

(5) Top five entities with the largest balances of other receivables

As of December 31, 2016, top five balances of other receivables amounted to RMB 285,730,445.71, accounting f or 82% of total other receivables.

3. Long-term equity investment

						KI*ID
_	C	losing balance		Оре	ening balance	
Item	Carrying amount	Impairment provision	Carrying amount	Carrying amount	Impairment provision	Carrying amount
Investment in subsidiaries	44,317,971,120.33	-	44,317,971,120.33	43,972,938,406.84	-	43,972,938,406.84
Investment in associates and joint ventures	2,371,674,691.54	-	2,371,674,691.54	2,281,674,647.40	-	2,281,674,647.40
Total	46,689,645,811.87	-	46,689,645,811.87	46,254,613,054.24	-	46,254,613,054.24

(1) Details of long-term equity investments are as follows:

										RMB
Name of investees	Opening balance	Increase	Decrease	Closing balance	Proportion of equity interest held by the Company (%)	Proportion of voting power in the investee held by the Company (%)	Explanation of the inconsistency between the proportion of equity interest and the proportion of voting power	Provision for impairment losses	Provision for impairment losses for the period	Cash dividends for the period
Yantai Baosteel	872,484,905.16	-	-	872,484,905.16	100	100	-	-	-	-
Huangshi Coating & Galvanizing	175,658,477.39	-	-	175,658,477.39	50.63	50.63	-	-	-	-
Baosteel International	6,013,886,552.67	-	-	6,013,886,552.67	100	100	-	-	-	963,950,000.00
Meishan Steel	8,938,982,988.14	-	-	8,938,982,988.14	77.04	77.04	-	-	-	-
Baosight Software	1,291,314,360.40	-	-	1,291,314,360.40	55.5	55.5	-	-	-	54,341,360.00
Baosteel America	187,562,180.98	-	-	187,562,180.98	100	100	-	-	-	-
Howa Trading	221,975,780.12	-	-	221,975,780.12	100	100	-	-	-	-
Baosteel Europe	328,631,981.58	-	-	328,631,981.58	100	100	-	-	-	-
Baosteel Singapore	154,883,364.09	-	-	154,883,364.09	100	100	-	-	-	-
Bao-Trans Enterprises	370,550,495.27	-	-	370,550,495.27	100	100	-	-	-	-
Baosteel Chemical	3,006,227,819.74	-	-	3,006,227,819.74	100	100	-	-	-	104,073,967.21
Finance Co.	754,570,003.65	-	-	754,570,003.65	62.I	62.1	-	-	-	26,101,575.49
Zhanjiang Steel	17,262,206,889.41	-	-	17,262,206,889.41	90	90	-	-	-	-
Yantai Tubes	3,200,000,000.00	-	-	3,200,000,000.00	80	80	-	-	-	-
Nantong Steel(Note 4)	948,520,310.51	-	(948,520,310.51)	-	95.82	95.82	-	-	-	-
Baoma Tube	36,673,650.00	-	-	36,673,650.00	75	75	-	-	-	-
Baosteel Brazil Trading (Note 1)	728,647.73	-	-	728,647.73	26.96	26.96	-	-	-	-
Ouyeel(Note2)	208,080,000.00	-	-	208,080,000.00	8.67	8.67	-	-	-	-
Ouyeel Finance (Note3)	-	293,553,024.00	-	293,553,024.00	20.91	20.91	-	-	-	-
Baosteel Asset (Note 4)	-	1,000,000,000.00	-	I,000,000,000.00	100	100	-	-	-	-
Total	43,972,938,406.84	1,293,553,024.00	(948,520,310.51)	44,317,971,120.33						1,148,466,902.70

Note I: The Company indirectly holds 73.04% equity in Baosteel Brazil Trading, so Baosteel Brazil Trading is taken as subsidiary of the Company, the corresponding long-term equity investment is calculated by using cost method.

Note 2: The Company directly acquired 8.67% equity in Ouyeel by disposing its 17% equity held in Baosteel E-commerce, meanwhile, the subsidiary of the Company, Baosteel International acquired 42.33% equity in Ouyeel by disposing its 83% equity held in Baosteel E-commerce. Hence the Company's total equity held in Ouyeel amounting to 51%, resulting in Ouyeel taken as subsidiary of the Company and the corresponding long-term equity investment calculated by using cost method.

Note 3: As the Company held 20.91% equity in Ouyeel Finance and 34% equity in Ouyeel, the subsidiary of the Company, the Company's total equity held in Ouyeel Finance amounting to 54.91%. Hence Ouyeel Finance is taken as subsidiary of the Company, with the corresponding long-term equity investment calculated by using cost method.

Note 4: In accordance with the Proposal to Establish Shanghai Baosteel Asset Management Co., Ltd. and Transfer of Relevant Assets, Equity and Debenture approved in Announcement for Resolution in Eleventh Session of the Sixth Board of Directors, the Company has established the asset management company solely funded by itself and transferred to Baosteel Asset 95.82% shares it held in Baotong Iron & Steel.

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RMB

DMD

(2) Investment in joint venture

										RMB
			Changes for Current year							
Name of investees	Opening balance	Increase	Decrease	Investment profit or / loss under equity method	Adjustment of other comprehensive income	Other equity movement	Declared cash dividends or profits	Accrued impairment Others losses	Closing balance in	Closing npairment provision
BNA	1,709,806,023.00	-	-	128,121,753.93	-	(93,080.83)	(84,701,078.06)		1,753,133,618.04	
Bao-Island Enterprise	571,868,624.40	-	-	7,623,763.00	39,048,686.10	-	-		618,541,073.50	-
Total	2,281,674,647.40	-	-	135,745,516.93	39,048,686.10	(93,080.83)	(84,701,078.06)		2,371,674,691.54	-

4. Operating income and operating costs

Itom	Amount for the	e current year	Amount for the p	rior year
Item –	Revenue	Cost	Revenue	Cost
Principal operating income	90,687,991,837.23	75,135,827,371.72	86,311,970,853.78	77,535,971,106.08
Other operating income	325,305,761.99	275,693,449.31	221,241,689.27	180,918,781.29
Total	91,013,297,599.22	75,411,520,821.03	86,533,212,543.05	77,716,889,887.37

5. Investment income

		I I I B
Item	Amount recognized in the current year	Amount recognized in the prior year
Income from long-term equity investments under cost method	1,148,466,902.70	1,246,922,964.66
Investment income of available-for-sale financial asset during holding	19,024,768.00	264,051,573.32
Investment income from disposal of available-for-sale financial asset	-	643,900,787.20
Investment income from other wealth management products	622,853,960.98	217,084,098.70
Income from long-term equity investments under equity method	135,745,516.93	45,192,289.46
Income from bonds investment	-	1,840,520.55
Investment losses from disposal of derivative financial instrument and others (Note1)	(32,224,526.00)	(573,072,826.95)
Total	1,893,866,622.61	1,845,919,406.94

Note 1: This item mainly consists of investment losses from forward exchange transaction.

RMB

RMB

6. Bank facilities

As at 31 December 2016, the unutilized bank facilities of the Company reached RMB81.909billion. The management of the Company believes that the above mentioned facilities and the net cash flow from operating activities would be sufficient within one year to repay the current liabilities due in the coming period.

7. Supplementary information to the cash flow statement

		RMB
Supplementary information	Current amount	Prior amount
1. Reconciliation of net profit to cash flow from operating activities:		
Net profit	6,889,147,293.69	3,327,407,674.42
Add: Provision for impairment losses of assets	2,766,717,219.90	571,907,628.07
Depreciation of fixed assets and investment properties	6,536,052,886.79	6,921,142,264.00
Amortization of intangible assets	82,168,174.82	82,187,379.36
Amortization of long-term prepaid expenses	25,957,080.44	25,957,082.14
Losses(Gains) on disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets	319,040,702.25	408,340,361.29
Losses (gains) on changes in fair values	(111,528,367.77)	6,102,202.15
Financial expenses	1,047,034,117.23	I,365,536,403.83
Gains arising from investments	(1,893,866,622.61)	(1,845,919,406.94)
Increase (decrease) in deferred tax assets	361,763,839.74	(128,684,864.76)
Decrease in deferred tax liabilities	124,400,090.34	28,590,269.23
Decrease in inventories	(4,210,790,090.54)	2,563,822,673.60
Decrease(Increase) in receivables from operating activities	(7,928,571,188.94)	(1,528,371,881.02)
Increase(Decrease) in payables from operating activities	6,298,560,522.88	(,48 ,058,687.3)
Net cash flow from operating activities	10,306,085,658.22	316,959,098.06
2. Net changes in cash and cash equivalents:		
Closing balance of cash and cash equivalents	3,761,841,278.83	2,609,809,152.05
Less: Opening balance of cash and cash equivalents	2,609,809,152.05	6,283,129,815.02
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,152,032,126.78	(3,673,320,662.97)

(XVII) SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

1. Breakdown of non-recurring profit or loss

breakdown of hom-recurring profit of loss	RMB
Items	Amount
Profit or (loss) on disposal of non-current assets	(438,916,051.03)
Government grants recognized in profit or loss (other than grants which are closely related to the Company's business and are either in fixed amounts or determined under quantitative methods in accordance with the national standard)	342,454,617.86
The excess of attributable fair value of identifiable net assets over the consideration paid for the acquisition of subsidiaries, associates and joint venture, except effective hedging, held-for-trade financial assets, tradable financial liabilities	626,318,565.91
Other items qualifying non-recurring profit or loss(Impairment loss on other non-current assets)	(562,667,777.66)
Other non-operating income or expenses other than the above	21,033,062.00
Tax effects	11,721,561.51
Effects attributable to minority interests (after tax)	(28,365,129.95)
Total	(28,421,151.36)

Note: As financial instrument investment is included in the main business scope of Finance Co. and Ouyeel, so the investment income of relevant wealth management products is exclusive from non-recurring profit or (loss).

2. Return on net assets and earnings per share ("EPS")

The return on net assets and EPS have been prepared by Baoshan Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. in accordance with Information Disclosure and Presentation Rules for Companies Making Public Offering of Securities No. 9 - Calculation and Disclosure of Return on Net Assets and Earnings Per Share (Revised in 2010) issued by China Securities Regulatory Commission.

			RMB	
Drafit for the reporting pariod	Weighted average yield	Earnings per share ("EPS")		
Profit for the reporting period	rate on net assets (%)	Basic EPS	Diluted EPS	
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	7.68	0.55	0.55	
Net profit after deduction of non-recurring profits or losses attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	7.70	0.55	0.55	